RESOLUTION NUMBER R- 301979

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE 0CT 10 2006

WHEREAS, Tierrasanta Christian and Shappel Industries, Inc., Owner/Permittee, submitted an application to the City of San Diego for a site development permit /conditional use permits and a multi-habitat planning area [MHPA] boundary adjustment for the Tierrasanta Townhomes project; and

WHEREAS, the permit is set for a public hearing to be conducted by the City Council of the City of San Diego; and

WHEREAS, the issue was heard by the City Council on 0CT 10 2006; and

WHEREAS, under Charter section 280(a)(2) this resolution is not subject to veto by the Mayor because this matter requires the City Council to act as a quasi-judicial body and where a public hearing was required by law implicating due process rights of individuals affected by the decision and where the Council was required by law to consider evidence at the hearing and to make legal findings based on the evidence presented; and

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of San Diego considered the issues discussed in Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 61500; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Council of the City of San Diego, that it is certified that final Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 61500, on file in the office of the City Clerk, has been completed in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970 (California Public Resources Code section 21000 et seq.), as amended, and the State guidelines thereto (California Code of Regulations section 15000 et seq.), that the declaration reflects the independent judgment of the City of San Diego as Lead Agency and that the information contained in the report, together with any comments received during the public review process,

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has been reviewed and considered by this Council in connection with the approval a site

development permit, conditional use permits and MHPA boundary adjustment for the Tierrasanta

Townhomes project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Council finds that project revisions now

mitigate potentially significant effects on the environment previously identified in the Initial

Study and therefore, that the final Mitigated Negative Declaration, a copy of which is on file in

the office of the City Clerk and incorporated by reference, is approved.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that pursuant to California Public Resources Code

section 21081.6, the City Council adopts the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, or

alterations to implement the changes to the project as required by this body in order to mitigate

or avoid significant effects on the environment, a copy of which is attached hereto, as Exhibit A,

and incorporated herein by reference.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Clerk is directed to file a Notice of

Determination [NOD] with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for the County of San Diego

regarding the above project.

APPROVED: MICHAEL J. AGUIRRE, City Attorney

Deputy City Attorney

SMT:als

07/07/06

Or.Dept:DSD

R-2007-13

MMS#3454

ENVIRONMENTAL - MND 11-01-04

### **EXHIBIT A**

MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM
SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. 330475, VESTING TENTATIVE MAP NO.
334358, MHPA BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT, OPEN SPACE EASEMENT
ABANDONMENT NO. 184493, REZONE NO. 184492 AND CONDITIONAL USE
PERMIT NOS. 287678, 287680, 287681 AND 287682
TIERRASANTA TOWNHOMES
Project No. 61500 and 89848

This Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program is designed to ensure compliance with California Public Resources Code section 21081.6 during implementation of mitigation measures. This program identifies at a minimum: the department responsible for the monitoring, what is to be monitored, how the monitoring shall be accomplished, the monitoring and reporting schedule, and completion requirements. A record of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program will be maintained at the offices of the Land Development Review Division, 1222 First Avenue, Fifth Floor, San Diego, CA 92101. All mitigation measures contained in the Mitigated Negative Declaration (Project No. 61500 and No. 89848) shall be made conditions of Site Development Permit No. 330475, Vesting Tentative Map No. 334358, MHPA Boundary Adjustment, Open Space Easement Abandonment No. 184493, Rezone No. 184492 and Conditional Use Permit Nos. 287678, 287680, 287681, and 287682 as may be further described below:

### **GENERAL**

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice to Proceed [NTP] or any permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Permits and Building Permits, the Assistant Deputy Director [ADD] of the City's Land Development Review Division [LDR] shall verify that the following statement is shown on the grading and/or construction plans as a note under the heading Environmental Requirements: "Tierrasanta Townhomes" project is subject to a Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and shall conform to the mitigation conditions as contained in the Mitigated Negative Declaration 61500 (89848)."
- 2. The owner/permittee shall make arrangements to schedule a pre-construction meeting to ensure implementation of the MMRP. The meeting shall include the Resident Engineer, the Project Biologist, Paleontologist, Archaeologist, and the City's Mitigation Monitoring Coordination [MMC] Section.

### **BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES**

### I. General

1. Prior to the first pre-construction meeting, the applicant shall provide a letter of verification to the ADD of LDR stating that a qualified Biologist, as defined in the City of San Diego Biological Resource Guidelines [BRG], has been retained to verify all Biological MMRP conditions are implemented.

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- 2. At least thirty days prior to the pre-construction meeting, a second letter shall be submitted to the MMC section which includes the name and contact information of the Biologist and the names of all persons involved in the Biological Monitoring of the project.
- 3. At least thirty days prior to the pre-construction meeting, the qualified Biologist shall verify that any special reports, maps, plans and time lines, such as but not limited to, revegetation plans, plant relocation requirements and timing, avian or other wildlife protocol surveys, impact avoidance areas or other such information has been completed and updated.
- 4. The qualified biologist (project biologist) shall attend the first preconstruction meeting.
- 5. The project biologist shall supervise the placement of orange construction fencing or equivalent along the limits of disturbance within and surrounding sensitive habitats as shown on the approved Exhibit A.
- 6. All construction activities (including staging areas) shall be restricted to the development area as shown on the approved Exhibit A. The project biologist shall monitor construction activities as needed to ensure that construction activities do not encroach into biologically sensitive areas beyond the limits of disturbance as shown on the approved Exhibit A.

## II. Raptor Noise Mitigation (Indirect Impacts):

- 1. Prior to the Issuance of Grading Permits

  Prior to issuance of grading permits a qualified biologist shall determine the presence or absence of occupied raptor nests within the project site, with written results submitted to the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee of Land Development Review Division (LDR).
- 2. Prior to Start of Construction

  If active raptor nests are identified during the pre-grading survey and project construction has the potential to impact raptors during the raptor breeding season (February 1 September 15) an appropriate avoidance area must be identified and flagged as determined by a qualified biologist and acoustician.

This restriction shall be noted on all grading and construction plans. Weekly biological monitoring of these nests shall be conducted by the project biologist during the breeding season (February 1 through September 15) with written results submitted to the ADD Environmental designee of LDR.

### 3. During Construction

- i. If raptor nests are discovered during construction activities, the biologist shall notify the Resident Engineer (RE).
- ii. The RE shall stop work in the vicinity of the nests. The qualified biologist shall mark all pertinent trees and delineate the appropriate "no construction" buffer area as determined by a qualified biologist. The buffer shall be maintained until the qualified biologist determines, and demonstrates in a survey report satisfactory to the ADD Environmental designee of LDR that any young birds have fledged.

### 4. Post Construction

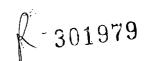
- i. The biologist shall be responsible for ensuring that all field notes and reports have been completed, all outstanding items of concern have been resolved or noted for follow up, and that focused surveys are completed, as appropriate.
- ii. Within three months following the completion of monitoring, two copies of the Final Biological Monitoring Report (even if negative) and/or evaluation report, if applicable, which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of the Biological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) shall be submitted to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) for approval by the ADD Environmental designee of LDR.
- iii. This report shall address findings of active/inactive nests and any recommendations for retention of active nest, removal of inactive nests and mitigation for offsetting loss of breeding habitat.
- iv. MMC shall notify the RE of receipt of the Final Biological Monitoring Report.

## III. California Gnatcatcher Mitigation (Indirect Impacts):

1. Prior to the issuance of any grading permit, the Assisted Deputy Director (ADD), or appointed Environmental designee of the Land Development Review Division, shall verify that the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) boundaries and the following project requirements regarding the coastal California gnatcatcher are shown on the construction plans/grading plans:

No clearing, grubbing, grading, or other construction activities shall occur between March 1 and August 15, the breeding season of the coastal California gnatcatcher, until the following requirements have been met to the satisfaction of the ADD:

a. A qualified biologist (possessing a valid Endangered Species Act Section 10(a)(1)(a) Recovery Permit) shall survey those habitat areas within the MHPA that would be subject to construction noise levels



exceeding 60 decibels [dB(A)] hourly average for the presence of the coastal California gnatcatcher. Surveys for the coastal California gnatcatcher shall be conducted pursuant to the protocol survey guidelines established by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife service within the breeding season prior to the commencement of any construction. If gnatcatchers are present, then the following conditions must be met:

- i. Between March 1 and August 15, no clearing, grubbing, or grading of occupied gnatcatcher habitat shall be permitted. Areas restricted from such activities shall be staked or fenced under the supervision of a qualified biologist; and
- ii. Between March 1 and August 15, no construction activities shall occur within any portion of the site where construction activities would result in noise levels exceeding 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of occupied gnatcatcher habitat. An analysis showing that noise generated by construction activities would not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of occupied habitat must be completed by a qualified acoustician (possessing current noise engineer license or registration with monitoring noise level experience with listed animal species) and approved by the ADD (or Environmental designee) at least two weeks prior to the commencement of construction activities. Prior to the commencement of construction activities during the breeding season, areas restricted from such activities shall be staked or fenced under the supervision of a qualified biologist; or
- iii. At least two weeks prior to the commencement of construction activities, under the direction of a qualified acoustician, noise attenuation measures (e.g., berms, walls) shall be implemented to ensure that noise levels resulting from construction activities will not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of habitat occupied by the coastal California gnatcatcher. Concurrent with the commencement of construction activities and the construction of necessary noise attenuation facilities, noise monitoring shall be conducted at the edge of the occupied habitat area to ensure that noise levels do not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average. If the noise attenuation techniques implemented are determined to be inadequate by the qualified acoustician or biologist, then the associated construction activities shall cease until such time that adequate noise attenuation is achieved or until the end of the breeding season (August 16).

Construction noise monitoring shall continue to be monitored at least twice weekly on varying days, or more frequently depending on the construction activity, to verify that noise levels at the edge of occupied habitat are maintained below 60 dB(A) hourly average or to the ambient noise level if it already exceeds 60 dB(A) hourly average. If not, other measures shall be implemented in consultation with the biologist and the ADD (or Environmental appointed designee), as necessary, to reduce noise levels to below 60 dB(A) hourly average or to the ambient noise level if it already exceeds 60 dB(A) hourly average. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, limitations on the placement of construction equipment and the simultaneous use of equipment.

- 2. If coastal California gnatcatchers are not detected during the protocol survey, the qualified biologist shall submit substantial evidence to the ADD (or Environmental designee) and applicable resource agencies which demonstrates whether or not mitigation measures such as noise walls are necessary between March 1 and August 15 as follows:
  - a. If this evidence indicates the potential is high for coastal California gnatcatcher to be present based on historical records or site conditions, then condition a.iii shall be adhered to as specified above.
  - b. If this evidence concludes that no impacts to this species are anticipated, no mitigation measures would be necessary.

## IV. Mitigation for impacts to Sensitive Habitat/MHPA Boundary Adjustement:

The project would adversely impact a maximum of 0.6 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub (Tier II) and would remove 0.1 acres of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub (Tier II) from the MHPA with a boundary adjustment along with the potential of removing up to an additional 0.1 acres of MHPA habitat land depending on the powerline undergrounding scenario that is approved. To reduce these impacts to below a level of significance, the following mitigation would be required:

1. Prior to the issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to the grading permit, all portions of the 0.8 acre Diegan coastal sage scrub mitigation area located onsite in the MHPA as delineated on the development plans and in the Biological Survey Report dated February 17, 2006 AND all other undeveloped MHPA areas located within the site boundaries shall be conveyed to the City's MSCP preserve through a conservation easement or covenant of easement granted in favor of the City and wildlife agencies. To facilitate conveyance, any non-fee areas located in the MHPA onsite shall be lotted separately, have conservation easements placed over them, and shall be maintained in perpetuity by the Owner/ Permittee/Applicant unless otherwise agreed to by the City. A copy of the recorded easement or deed shall be provided to the Assistant Deputy Director of the Land Development Review Section and MSCP staff of the Planning Department prior to the issuance of the first grading

permit. Any areas that would require revegetation/restoration shall include the proposed vegetation on the Landscape D-Sheet plans.

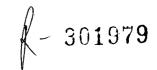
## **HISTORICAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)**

#### I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Land Development Review (LDR) Plan Check
  - 1. Prior to Notice to Proceed (NTP) for any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Permits and Building Permits, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring, if applicable, have been noted on the appropriate construction documents.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
  - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project.
  - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

#### II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
  - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coast Information Center, or, if the search was in-house, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.



- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

## B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring, the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored
  Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall
  submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) based on the
  appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC
  identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of
  grading/excavation limits.

The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

### 3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site

graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

# III. During Construction

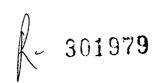
- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - The monitor shall be present full-time during grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME.
     The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities.
  - 2. The monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
  - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

### B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert trenching activities in the area of discovery and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.

# C. Determination of Significance

1. The PI and Native American representative, if applicable, shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.



- a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
- b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
- c. If resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

## IV. Discovery of Human Remains

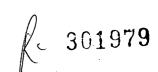
If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and the following procedures set forth in the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

#### A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS).
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

## B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, shall determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner shall determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.



### C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner shall notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). By law, ONLY the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. The NAHC shall contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner, after Medical Examiner has completed coordination.
- 3. NAHC shall identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 4. The PI shall coordinate with the MLD for additional consultation.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains shall be determined between the MLD and the PI, IF:
  - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 24 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
  - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner.

### D. If Human Remains are NOT Native American

- 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
- 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
- 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner and the Museum of Man.

## V. Night Work

- A. If night work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.

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- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
  - a. No Discoveries
    In the event that no discoveries were encountered during
    night work, The PI shall record the information on the
    CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 9am the following
    morning, if possible.
  - b. Discoveries
     All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains.
  - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries
    If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery
    has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction shall be followed.
  - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM the following morning to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night work becomes necessary during the course of construction
  - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
  - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

#### VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring,
    - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.

- b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

## B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
  - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

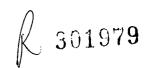
# D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even

- if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

### LAND USE (MHPA ADJACENCY)

- I. The biologist along with MMC shall verify that orange construction fencing has been installed along the MHPA boundary to prevent unauthorized impacts occurring in the MHPA. No construction activities or construction staging areas shall occur beyond the orange fencing.
- II. Prior to issuance of the grading permit, the ADD of LDR shall verify that the project meets the requirements of the Land Use Adjacency Guidelines and that the Guidelines are displayed on the grading plans.
  - 1. <u>Drainage</u>. The project shall implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) during construction and post construction to control sediment and construction materials from flowing offsite into the MHPA area. These are outlined in the June 2005 Water Quality Technical Report. Storm flows shall be directed into preexisting storm drains that exist to the north and south of the developed area. Catch basins or sediment traps shall be installed within the storm drain inlets to protect water quality downstream as specified in the Water Quality Technical Report. These BMPs shall be maintained at a minimum of annually by the Homeowners Association (HOA), or more frequently as recommended by the manufacturer.
  - 2. <u>Toxics</u>. Best Management Practices shall be incorporated into the project design to prevent toxics from entering into the MHPA.
  - 3. <u>Lighting</u>. Project lighting shall consist of pole mounted high-pressure sodium lights in parking lot areas along the MHPA boundary. Project lighting shall be shielded or otherwise directed away from the MHPA to avoid wildlife disturbance in adjacent MHPA areas.
  - 4. <u>Noise</u>. Construction activities resulting in noise levels exceeding 60 dB(A) Leq shall not be conducted during the California gnatcatcher breeding season (March 1-August 15) as specified in the Biology mitigation measures of this MND.
  - 5. <u>Barriers</u>. Permanent barriers shall be constructed along the project boundaries that abut the MHPA to prevent meso-predators (dogs, cats, etc.) and human intrusion into the MHPA. However, the barriers shall be



- designed to minimally impact wildlife movement along MHPA Corridors (i.e. wrought iron).
- 6. <u>Invasives</u>. Introduction of potentially invasive species into or adjacent to the MHPA shall not occur.
- 7. <u>Brush Management</u>. Zone 1 brush management shall be limited to the development footprint outside of the MHPA. Zone 2 brush management shall not remove greater than 50% of existing vegetation, and shall not encroach more than 50 feet into the MHPA.

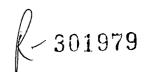
### PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES

#### I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Land Development Review (LDR) Plan Check
  - 1. Prior to Notice to Proceed (NTP) for any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Paleontological Monitoring have been noted on the appropriate construction documents.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Paleontology Guidelines.
  - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring of the project.
  - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant shall obtain approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

### II. Prior to Start of Construction

A. Verification of Records Search



- 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from San Diego Natural History Museum, other institution or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.

# B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring, the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified paleontologist shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Paleontological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

### 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit a Paleontological Monitoring Exhibit (PME) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits. The PME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

### 3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall



be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, presence or absence of fossil resources, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

# III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - 1. The monitor shall be present full-time during grading/excavation/trenching activities as identified on the PME that could result in impacts to formations with high and moderate resource sensitivity. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities.
  - 2. The monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
  - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as trenching activities that do not encounter formational soils as previously assumed, and/or when unique/unusual fossils are encountered, which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

### B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1. In the event of a discovery, the Paleontological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert trenching activities in the area of discovery and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- C. Determination of Significance



- 1. The PI shall evaluate the significance of the resource.
  - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required. The determination of significance for fossil discoveries shall be at the discretion of the PI.
  - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit a Paleontological Recovery Program (PRP) and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
  - c. If resource is not significant (e.g., small pieces of broken common shell fragments or other scattered common fossils) the PI shall notify the RE, or BI as appropriate, that a non-significant discovery has been made. The Paleontologist shall continue to monitor the area without notification to MMC unless a significant resource is encountered.
  - d. The PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that fossil resources will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that no further work is required.

## IV. Night Work

- A. If night work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
  - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
    - a. No Discoveries
      In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night work, The PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 9am the following morning, if possible.
    - b. Discoveries
       All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction.
    - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

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If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction shall be followed.

- d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM the following morning to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night work becomes necessary during the course of construction
  - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
  - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

#### VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Paleontological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring,
    - a. For significant paleontological resources encountered during monitoring, the Paleontological Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
    - b. Recording Sites with the San Diego Natural History Museum
      The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate
      forms) any significant or potentially significant fossil resources
      encountered during the Paleontological Monitoring Program in
      accordance with the City's Paleontological Guidelines, and
      submittal of such forms to the San Diego Natural History Museum
      with the Final Monitoring Report.
  - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
  - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.



- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

## B. Handling of Fossil Remains

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains collected are cleaned and catalogued.
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the geologic history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate
- C. Curation of fossil remains: Deed of Gift and Acceptance Verification
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains associated with the monitoring for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution.
  - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

### D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Final Monitoring Report to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

The above mitigation monitoring and reporting program will require additional fees and/or deposits to be collected prior to the issuance of building permits, certificates of occupancy and/or final maps to ensure the successful completion of the monitoring program.

Passed by the Council of The City of Sa	ın Diego on	OCT 10	2006 <b>, by</b> th	e following vote:	
Council Members	Yeas	Nays	Not Present	Ineligible	•. •
Scott Peters				9	
Kevin Faulconer					
Toni Atkins	g				
Anthony Young	· P				
Brian Maienschein					
Donna Frye				. 🔲	
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AUTHENTICATED BY:		Mayor of	The City of San D		
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Office of the City Clerk, San Diego, California

Resolution Number

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