

ORDINANCE NUMBER O- 20708 (NEW SERIES)

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE AUG 01 2016

AN ORDINANCE SUBMITTING TO THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION AT THE MUNICIPAL SPECIAL ELECTION, CONSOLIDATED WITH THE CALIFORNIA STATE GENERAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON NOVEMBER 8, 2016, ONE MEASURE AMENDING THE CITY CHARTER BY AMENDING ARTICLE II, BY AMENDING SECTION 7; AMENDING ARTICLE III, BY AMENDING SECTION 12; AMENDING ARTICLE V, BY AMENDING SECTION 40; AMENDING ARTICLE VII, BY AMENDING SECTION 108; AMENDING ARTICLE XIV, BY AMENDING SECTIONS 217 AND 218; AMENDING ARTICLE XV, BY AMENDING SECTION 265; AND ADDING A NEW ARTICLE XVI, BY ADDING NEW SECTIONS 300, 301 AND 302, ALL RELATING TO QUALIFICATIONS, VACANCIES, REMOVAL, AND SUCCESSION OF ELECTIVE OFFICERS.

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Constitution, article XI, section 3(b), California Elections Code (Elections Code) section 9255(a)(2), and San Diego City Charter (Charter) section 223, the Council of the City of San Diego (Council) has authority to place Charter amendments on the ballot to be considered at a Municipal Election; and

WHEREAS, by San Diego Ordinance O-20671, introduced and adopted on July 11, 2016, the Council has called a Municipal Special Election to be consolidated with the California State General Election to be held November 8, 2016, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the City one or more ballot measures; and

WHEREAS, the Council now desires to submit to the voters at the Municipal Special Election one measure amending the Charter to update certain provisions relating to qualifications, vacancies, removal, and succession of elective officers; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 7 establishes geographic residency requirements for elective officers and provides for forfeiture of office for Councilmembers moving from districts; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 12 establishes terms of office for Councilmembers, outlines the rights, powers, and duties of the Council, defines the types of vacancies in the office of a Councilmember, and provides succession procedures for vacancies in the office of a Councilmember; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 40 establishes the duties of the City Attorney, qualifications for holding the office of City Attorney, the term of office for the City Attorney, and provides succession procedures when a vacancy in the office of the City Attorney occurs; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 108 requires forfeiture of office for City officers who willfully make fraudulent payments; and

WHEREAS, Charter sections 217 and 218 require forfeiture of office for City officers for accepting contributions for office or employment or paying for office or employment; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 265 establishes the rights, powers, and duties of the Mayor, defines the types of vacancies in the office of the Mayor, outlines interim authority, and provides succession procedures for vacancies in the office of the Mayor; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 7 was approved by City voters on April 7, 1931, and was amended in 1963, 1969, and 1979, adding forfeiture of office and removing specific requirements for timing of residence; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 12 was approved by City voters on April 7, 1931, and has been amended fifteen times, most recently to provide for a Strong Mayor form of government and extend election deadlines; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 40 was approved by City voters on April 7, 1931, and has been amended nine times, most recently to provide for a just cause requirement for terminations and suspensions of deputy city attorneys and extend election deadlines; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 108 was approved by City voters on April 7, 1931, and has not been amended; and

WHEREAS, Charter sections 217 and 218 were approved by City voters on April 7, 1931, and have not been amended; and

WHEREAS, Charter section 265 was approved by City voters on November 2, 2004 as part of a measure to provide for a Strong Mayor form of government, and has been amended four times including to make the Strong Mayor form of government permanent and to extend election deadlines; and

WHEREAS, following a resignation in the office of the Mayor in 2013, a number of issues arose regarding interim authority in both the office of the Mayor and the office of a Councilmember; and

WHEREAS, the San Diego County Grand Jury has issued a report outlining deficiencies in the Charter that prevented the removal of elective officers; and

WHEREAS, the Charter does not expressly require the elective City Attorney to be a California licensed attorney; and

WHEREAS, the Council now desires to submit to the voters at the Municipal Special Election one measure amending the Charter by amending Charter sections 7, 12, 40, 108, 217, 218, and 265 and adding a new Article XVI to provide consistency in forfeiture and succession provisions, to outline qualifications in the office of the City Attorney, to define vacancy for all elective offices, and provide a procedure for removing elective officers; and

WHEREAS, amendments to these Charter provisions were proposed initially by City staff based on input from the Council's Charter Review Committee and Rules Committee; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Charter amendments were heard and reviewed by the Charter Review Committee and the Rules Committee, and the Council, through this Ordinance, now seeks to place the proposed amendments on the November 8, 2016 Municipal Special Election ballot; and

WHEREAS, the proposed amendments are intended to apply only to the third, thirteenth, and new fourteenth paragraphs of Article V, section 40 of the City Charter, and not to limit or supersede other proposed changes to section 40 that may be presented as part of other measures at the same election; and

WHEREAS, the Council's proposal, on its own motion, of a Charter amendment is governed by California Constitution, article XI, section 3(b), Elections Code section 9255(a)(2), and Government Code section 34458, and is not subject to veto by the Mayor; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Council of the City of San Diego, as follows:

Section 1. That one measure amending the City Charter by amending Article II, by amending section 7; amending Article III, by amending section 12; amending article V, by amending section 40; amending Article VII, by amending section 108; amending Article XIV, by amending sections 217 and 218; amending Article XV, by amending section 265; and adding a new Article XVI, by adding new sections 300, 301 and 302 relating to qualifications, vacancies and removal of elective officers, is hereby submitted to the qualified voters at the Municipal Special Election to be held on November 8, 2016, and consolidated with the California State General Election to be held on the same date, with the measure to read as follows:

MEASURE

ARTICLE II

NOMINATIONS AND ELECTIONS

SECTION 7: ELECTIVE OFFICERS RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT

An elective officer of the City shall be a resident and elector of the City.

In addition, every Council-member shall be an actual resident and elector of the district

from which the Council-member is nominated. ~~Any Council member who moves from~~

~~the district of which the Council member was a resident at the time of taking office~~

~~forfeits the office, but no Council member shall forfeit the office as a result of~~

~~redistricting. The office of a Councilmember shall be vacated if he or she moves from the~~

~~district from which the Councilmember was elected. Redistricting that occurs during a~~

~~Councilmember's term shall not operate to create a vacancy. The Council shall establish~~

by ordinance minimum length of residency requirements for candidacy to elective office,

whether by appointment or election.

ARTICLE III

LEGISLATIVE POWER

SECTION 12: THE COUNCIL

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

~~(e) — If a vacancy occurs for any reason in the office of a Council District, the~~

~~following procedures shall apply:~~

~~(1) — If the vacancy occurs for any reason other than a successful recall election,~~

~~and,~~

- ~~(A) — If the vacancy occurs with one (1) year or less remaining in the term, the Council shall appoint a person to fill the vacant seat on the City Council. Any person appointed by the Council to fill a vacant Council District seat shall not be eligible to run for that office for the next succeeding term; or,~~
- ~~(B) — If the vacancy occurs with more than one (1) year remaining in the term, the Council shall call a special election to be held within ninety (90) days of the vacancy, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy. If there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy, the Council may consolidate the special election with that election.~~
- ~~(i) — If one candidate receives the majority of votes cast for all candidates in the special election, the candidate receiving the majority of votes cast shall be deemed to be and declared by the Council to be elected to the vacant office.~~
- ~~(ii) — If no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in the special election, a special run-off election shall be held within ninety (90) days of the first special election, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 120 days of the proposed special run-off election date, at which time the City Council may consolidate the special run-off election with that election.~~
- ~~The two (2) candidates receiving the highest number of~~

~~votes cast for the vacant seat in the first special election shall be the only candidates for the vacant Council seat and the names of only those two (2) candidates shall be printed on the ballot for that seat.~~

~~(2) — If a vacancy occurs by reason of a successful recall election, the Council shall adopt procedures to fill the vacancy.~~

~~Whether a person is appointed or elected to fill a vacant Council District seat, whatever the reason for the vacancy, that person shall serve as that District's Councilmember for the remainder of the unexpired term.~~

~~For purposes of this Charter section 12, a vacancy may result from death, resignation, recall, or unexcused absences as described in Charter section 12(f). If a vacancy occurs by reason of a resignation, the date of the vacancy will be the date specified in the written letter of resignation or, if there is no date certain specified in the letter, upon the date of receipt of the letter by the City Clerk.~~

~~(f)(e)~~ It is the duty of the Council-members to attend all Council meetings. The Council shall vacate the seat of any Councilmember who is absent from eight (8) consecutive meetings or fifty percent (50%) of any scheduled meetings within a month unless the absence thereof is excused by resolution of the Council.

~~(g)(f)~~ Council-members shall devote full time to the duties of their office and not engage in any outside employment, trade, business or profession which interferes or conflicts with those duties.

~~(h)(g)~~ Council-members shall not be eligible during the term for which they were appointed or elected to hold any other office or employment with the City, except

~~as Mayor or City Attorney~~ and as a member of any Board, Commission or Committee thereof, of which they are constituted such a member by general law or by this Charter.

(h) Whenever a vacancy exists in the office of a Councilmember, the chief of staff for the departing Councilmember shall manage the office of the Councilmember under the authority of the Council President, until a replacement is appointed or elected pursuant to the procedures for filling vacancies provided by this Charter.

ARTICLE V

EXECUTIVE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE

SECTION 40: CITY ATTORNEY

(third paragraph) The City Attorney shall be the chief legal adviser of, and attorney for the City and all Departments and offices thereof in matters relating to their official powers and duties, except in the case of the Ethics Commission, which shall have its own legal counsel independent of the City Attorney. The attorney and his or her deputies shall devote their full time to the duties of the office and shall not engage in private legal practice during the term for which they are employed by the City, except to carry to a conclusion any matters for which they have been retained prior to taking office. The City Attorney must be licensed to practice law in the State of California and must have been so licensed for at least ten years at the time he or she submits nominating petitions.

...

(thirteenth paragraph) The salary of the City Attorney shall be fixed by the Council and set forth in the annual appropriation ordinance, provided that the salary of the City Attorney may not be decreased during a term of office, but in no event shall said salary be less than \$15,000.00 per year. ~~In the event of a vacancy occurring in the office of the~~

~~City Attorney by reason of any cause, the Council shall have authority to fill such vacancy, which said authority shall be exercised within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs. Any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office until the next regular municipal election, at which time a person shall be elected to serve the unexpired term. Said appointee shall remain in office until a successor is elected and qualified.~~

(new final paragraph) Whenever a vacancy exists in the office of the City Attorney, an Assistant City Attorney, previously designated by the City Attorney to fulfill duties in the event of a vacancy and whose name has been recorded with the City Clerk as the Interim City Attorney in the event of a vacancy, shall fulfill the duties of the City Attorney as the Interim City Attorney until a replacement can be appointed or elected as provided by this Charter. The Interim City Attorney shall have the full authority of the Office.

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE

SECTION 108: FORFEITURE OF OFFICE FOR FRAUD

Every officer who shall willfully approve, allow, or pay any demand on the treasury not authorized by law, and found civilly liable by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be liable to the City individually and on his or her official bond, for the amount of the demand so approved, allowed or paid, and shall forfeit such office and be forever debarred and disqualified from holding any position in the service of the City. Violation of this section may also be prosecuted as a misdemeanor.

ARTICLE XIV

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 217: NO PAYMENT FOR OFFICE

No officer or employee of the City shall give or promise to give to any person any portion of his or her compensation, or any money or thing of value in consideration of having been, or of being nominated, appointed, voted for or elected to any office or employment. Any officer or employee found guilty by ~~the Council~~ or a court of competent jurisdiction for such actions shall ~~thereby~~ forfeit his or her office or position.

SECTION 218: NO CONTRIBUTIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

No officer or employee shall solicit or accept any donation or gratuity in money, or other thing of value, either directly or indirectly, from any subordinate or employee, or from anyone under his or her charge, or from any candidate or applicant for any position as employee or subordinate in any Department of the City. Any officer or employee found guilty by ~~the Council~~ or a court of competent jurisdiction for such actions shall ~~thereby~~ forfeit his or her office or position.

ARTICLE XV

STRONG MAYOR FORM OF GOVERNANCE

SECTION 265: THE MAYOR

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

~~(e) — If a vacancy occurs in the Office of Mayor for any reason other than a successful recall election, and,~~

~~(1) — If the vacancy occurs with one year or less remaining in the term, the Council shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy.~~

~~(2) — If the vacancy occurs with more than one year remaining in the term, the Council shall call a special election to be held within ninety (90) days of the vacancy, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy. If there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy, the Council may consolidate the special election with that election.~~

~~(A) — If one candidate receives the majority of votes cast for all candidates in the special election, the candidate receiving the majority of votes cast shall be deemed to be and declared by the Council to be elected to the Office of Mayor.~~

~~(B) — If no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in the special election, a special run-off election shall be held within ninety (90) days of the first special election, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 120 days of the proposed special run-off election date, at which time the City Council may consolidate the special run-off election with that election. The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes cast for the Office of Mayor in the first special election shall be the only candidates for the Office of the Mayor and the names of only those two candidates shall be printed on the ballot for that seat.~~

~~(f) — If a vacancy occurs by reason of a successful recall election, the Council shall adopt procedures to fill the vacancy.~~

- ~~(g) — Whether a person is appointed or elected to the Office of Mayor, whatever the reason for the vacancy, that person shall serve as Mayor for the remainder of the unexpired term.~~
- ~~(h) — Upon the appointment or election of any person to the Office of Mayor, any other City office held by that person is automatically vacated.~~
- ~~(i)(e) — During the period of time w~~When an appointment or election is pending to fill a vacancy in the ~~Office~~ Office of Mayor, the presiding officer of the Council shall serve as Interim Mayor and shall be vested with the authority to supervise the staff ~~remaining employed~~ in the ~~Office~~ Office of the Mayor, to direct and exercise control over ~~the City Manager in managing~~ the affairs of the City under the purview of the Mayor and to exercise other power and authority vested in the ~~Office~~ Office of the Mayor when the exercise of such power and authority is required by law. This limited authority includes circumstances where the expeditious approval of a legislative action is necessary to meet a legal requirement imposed by a court or another governmental agency. Such limited authority does not include the exercise of the power of veto or any other discretionary privilege which is enjoyed by a person appointed or elected to the ~~Office~~ Office of Mayor. The presiding officer, while acting under this section pending the filling of a mayoral vacancy, shall not lose his or her rights as a Member of the Council. While serving as Interim Mayor, the presiding officer of the Council shall not chair Council committee meetings or Council meetings. Other duties of the presiding officer of the Council serving as Interim Mayor shall be performed as provided by the rules of Council established pursuant to this Charter; however, changes may not be made to

Council committee structure or assignments while the presiding officer of the Council serves as Interim Mayor.

- (f) The time provided by the Charter for the Mayor to sign resolutions and ordinances shall not apply during a mayoral vacancy. Resolutions and ordinances passed by the City Council shall take effect as they would if the Mayor had no veto power.
- (g) The Interim Mayor shall not have authority to appoint members to commissions, boards and committees defined in the Charter. The Charter's 45-day waiting period to take action on such appointments will be suspended, however, and the Council will have the authority to appoint and confirm members to such City boards, commissions, and committees during the interim period, subject to other governing laws regarding noticing and posting of vacancies. The Interim Mayor and Council are not authorized to make appointments to any boards, commissions, or committees when prohibited by state law.
- (h) While serving as Interim Mayor, the presiding officer of the Council may continue to represent the City as a representative, alternate or liaison to any outside boards, commissions, committees, and governmental agencies to which he or she has been appointed and serve in a leadership capacity, if applicable.
- (j) ~~For purposes of this section, a vacancy may result from death, resignation, or recall. If a vacancy occurs by reason of a resignation, the date of the vacancy will be the date specified in the written letter of resignation or, if there is no date certain specified in the letter, upon the date of receipt of the letter by the City Clerk.~~

ARTICLE XVI

ELECTIVE OFFICERS

SECTION 300: VACANCY IN ELECTIVE OFFICE

A vacancy in elective office occurs when any of the following events occur during the term:

- (a) The death of the elective officer.
- (b) An elective officer ceases to be a resident and elector of the City or a Councilmember moves from the district that the Councilmember was elected to represent. Redistricting shall not cause a vacancy in the office of a Councilmember.
- (c) An adjudication by a court of competent jurisdiction declaring that the elective officer is physically or mentally incapacitated due to disease, illness, or accident, and that there is reasonable cause to believe that the elective officer will not be able to perform the duties of his or her office for the remainder of his or her term.
- (d) The resignation of an elective officer, effective on the date specified in the written letter of resignation or, if there is no date specified in the letter, upon the date of receipt of the letter by the City Clerk.
- (e) For a Councilmember only, unexcused absences from eight consecutive meetings or fifty percent of any scheduled meetings as provided by section 12 of this Charter.
- (f) An elective officer's conduct requiring forfeiture of office, upon conviction or finding of civil liability by a court of competent jurisdiction, as provided by this Charter. An elective officer shall be deemed to have been convicted or found liable when trial court judgment is entered. For purposes of this section, "trial

(c).

court judgment” means a judgment by the trial court either sentencing the officer or otherwise upholding and implementing the plea, verdict, or finding.

- (g) An elective officer’s conviction of a felony. An elective officer shall be deemed to have been convicted when trial court judgment is entered. For purposes of this section, “trial court judgment” means a judgment by the trial court either sentencing the officer or otherwise upholding and implementing the plea, verdict, or finding.
- (h) The elective officer’s removal from office. An elective officer may be removed only by recall or removal proceedings as provided by this Charter.

SECTION 301: REMOVAL FOR CAUSE

- (a) Any elective officer is subject to removal for cause for dereliction of duty or malfeasance in office as provided in this section.
 - (1) Dereliction of duty means an adjudication that the elective officer has failed, refused, or neglected to perform the duties of the office, except when prevented by illness, injury, or other reasonable cause.
 - (2) Malfeasance in office means a conviction for crimes of moral turpitude or crimes involving a violation of official duties.
- (b) Upon an elective officer’s criminal conviction or a court’s adjudication of dereliction of duty, the City Clerk shall provide notice of the conviction or adjudication to the Council and the subject elective officer.
 - (1) An elective officer shall be deemed to have been convicted when trial court judgment is entered. For purposes of this section, “trial court judgment” means a judgment by the trial court either sentencing the officer or otherwise upholding and implementing the plea, verdict, or finding.

- (2) A court of competent jurisdiction's order of enforcement for failure to obey a writ of mandamus constitutes an adjudication of dereliction of duty.
- (c) Upon notification from the City Clerk of a criminal conviction or adjudication of dereliction of duty, the Council may proceed to vote on calling a special municipal election as provided by subsection (d).
- (d) Upon an affirmative vote of no less than three-fourths of the Council (currently seven of nine Councilmembers) that cause exists for removal, the Council shall call a special election in compliance with the City's election laws for the purpose of submitting to the voters a proposition to remove and replace the elective officer. By ordinance, the Council shall provide a complete procedure for special elections to remove and replace elective officers by a majority of voters, which may include reasonable limitations on calling special elections within 180 days of a scheduled municipal or statewide election where the subject elective officer is a candidate for his or her current elective office. If there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days, the Council may consolidate the special election with that election.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with the power of the people to initiate a recall of an elective officer, as provided in this Charter and the California Constitution. Removal proceedings under this section shall be suspended any time a recall petition is found to be sufficient as defined by the City's election laws.

SECTION 302: SUCCESSION TO ELECTIVE OFFICE

- (a) If a vacancy in the office of an elective officer occurs by reason of a successful recall or removal election, the Council shall adopt procedures to fill the vacancy.
- (b) If a vacancy occurs in the office of an elective officer for any reason other than a successful recall or removal election, the following procedures shall apply:
- (1) If the vacancy occurs with one year or less remaining in the term, the Council shall appoint a person to fill the vacant office within 30 days of the office being vacated. Any person appointed by the Council to fill a vacant office shall not be eligible to run for that office for the next succeeding term; or,
 - (2) If the vacancy occurs with more than one year remaining in the term, the Council shall call a special election to be held within ninety days of the vacancy, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy. If there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 180 days of the vacancy, the Council may consolidate the special election with that election.
 - (3) If one candidate receives the majority of votes cast for all candidates in the special election, the candidate receiving the majority of votes cast shall be deemed to be and declared by the Council to be elected to the vacant office.
 - (4) If no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in the special election, a special run-off election shall be held within 90 days of the first special election, unless there is a municipal or statewide election scheduled to be held within 120 days of the proposed special run-off election date, in which case the Council may consolidate the special run-off election with that

election. The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes cast for the vacant office in the first special election shall be the only candidates for the vacant office and the names of only those two candidates shall be printed on the ballot for that office.

- (5) The person appointed or elected to fill a vacancy in elective office shall serve in that elective office for the remainder of the unexpired term.

END OF MEASURE

Section 2. The measure shall be presented and printed upon the ballot and submitted to the voters in the manner and form set out in Section 3 of this ordinance.

Section 3. On the ballot to be used at this Municipal Special Election, in addition to any other matters required by law, there shall be printed substantially the following:

MEASURE __. CHARTER AMENDMENT REGARDING QUALIFICATIONS, VACANCY, AND REMOVAL FOR MAYOR, CITY ATTORNEY, AND COUNCIL. Shall the Charter be amended to include a new article adding: incapacity, felony conviction, and removal as grounds for vacancies in office; a procedure for calling a special election to remove an officer for cause; a revised procedure for filling vacancies; to require the City Attorney be a licensed attorney; and to define authority during vacancies and enforcement of office forfeiture?	YES	
	NO	

Section 4. An appropriate mark placed in the voting square after the word “Yes” shall be counted in favor of the adoption of this measure. An appropriate mark placed in the voting square after the word “No” shall be counted against the adoption of the measure.

Section 5. Passage of this measure requires the affirmative vote of a majority of those qualified electors voting on the matter at the Municipal Special Election.

Section 6. The City Clerk shall cause this ordinance or a digest of this ordinance to be published once in the official newspaper following this ordinance's adoption by the City Council.

Section 7. Pursuant to San Diego Municipal Code section 27.0402, this measure will be available for public examination for no fewer than ten calendar days prior to being submitted for printing in the sample ballot. During the examination period, any voter registered in the City may seek a writ of mandate or an injunction requiring any or all of the measure to be amended or deleted. The examination period will end on the day that is 75 days prior to the date set for the election. The Clerk shall post notice of the specific dates that the examination period will run.

Section 8. A full reading of this ordinance is dispensed with prior to its passage, a written or printed copy having been available to the City Council and the public prior to the day of its passage.

Section 9. Pursuant to sections 295(b) and 295(d) of the Charter of the City of San Diego, this ordinance shall take effect on the date of passage by the City Council, which is deemed the date of its final passage.

APPROVED: JAN I. GOLDSMITH, City Attorney

By 
Jennifer L. Berry
Deputy City Attorney

JLB:sc
07/26/2016
07/28/2016 COR. COPY
Or.Dept: Council
Doc. No.: 1321753_3

Passed by the Council of The City of San Diego on AUG 01 2016, by the following vote:

Councilmembers	Yeas	Nays	Not Present	Recused
Sherri Lightner	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lorie Zapf	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Todd Gloria	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Myrtle Cole	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mark Kersey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chris Cate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Scott Sherman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
David Alvarez	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Marti Emerald	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Date of final passage AUG 01 2016.

AUTHENTICATED BY: KEVIN L. FAULCONER
Mayor of The City of San Diego, California.

(Seal) ELIZABETH S. MALAND
City Clerk of The City of San Diego, California.
By [Signature], Deputy

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing ordinance was passed on the day of its introduction, to wit, on AUG 01 2016, said ordinance being of the kind and character authorized for passage on its introduction by Sections 295(b) and 295(d) of the Charter.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that said ordinance was read in full prior to passage or that such reading was dispensed with by a vote of five members of the Council, and that a written copy of the ordinance was made available to each member of the Council and the public prior to the day of its passage.

(Seal) ELIZABETH S. MALAND
City Clerk of The City of San Diego, California.
By [Signature], Deputy

Office of the City Clerk, San Diego, California
Ordinance Number O- 20708