#50A 1/26/21

ORDINANCE NUMBER O-

21288

(NEW SERIES)

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE FEB 01 2021

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 7 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 26.0716; AMENDING CHAPTER 9. ARTICLE 8. DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 98.0202; AMENDING CHAPTER 9, ARTICLE 8, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 98.0610; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 112.0310; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 112.0520; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 113.0234 AND 113.0270; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 123.0402: AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 129.0710; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0222: AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0422, 131.0431, 131.0445, AND 131.0446; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0522, 131.0540, AND 131.0543; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0622; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0707; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 141.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 141.0309 AND 141.0312; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1. DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 141.0421; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY ADDING NEW SECTION 141.0627; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0402, 142.0403, 142.0405, 142.0406, 142.0407, 142.0408, 142.0409, 142.0410, 142.0411, 142.0412, AND 142.0413; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0510 AND 142.0530; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.0640; AMENDING CHAPTER 14 ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 12 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.1235; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY

AMENDING SECTION 143.0126; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0450; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0740; AMENDING CHAPTER 15. ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 151.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 154.0405; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 155.0251 AND 155.0253; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 6. DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 156.0302. 156.0305, 156.0307, 156.0308, 156.0309, 156.0310, 156.0311, 156.0313, 156.0314, AND 156.0315; AMENDING CHAPTER 15. ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0201; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0305; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0401, RELATING TO THE 2020 SAN DIEGO LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE/MUNICIPAL CODE UPDATE.

WHEREAS, the 2020 Code Update to the San Diego Municipal Code (Municipal Code) is part of the code monitoring program directed by the Mayor and City Council as part of the adoption of the Land Development Code, which is part of the Municipal Code; and

WHEREAS, the annual code updates are intended to simplify the land development regulations, make the land development regulations more objective, make the Municipal Code regulations more adaptable, eliminate redundancies, and increase predictability in the application of the land development regulations; and

WHEREAS, there are a total of 45 issues included in the 2020 Code Update that are divided into the following issue categories: regulatory reforms, corrections, and new regulations; and

WHEREAS, staff has conducted extensive public outreach and analysis involving multiple stakeholder groups, City departments, and other governmental agencies; and

WHEREAS, the code update process is an extensive public process that typically involves input from the Community Planners Committee, Planning Commission, City Council,

California Coastal Commission, and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Council of the City of San Diego, as follows:

Section 1. That Chapter 2, Article 6, Division 7 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 26.0716, to read as follows:

§26.0716 Compliance with Civic Enhancement Allocation Regulations

- (a) If the applicant chooses to pay an in-lieu fee to the City's Public Art Fund in accordance with section 26.0714(b)(3), the in-lieu fee shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by the City.
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

Section 2. That Chapter 9, Article 8, Division 2 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 98.0202, to read as follows:

898.0202 Mobilehomes, Recreational Vehicles and Commercial Coaches Located Outside Licensed Mobilehome and Special Occupancy Parks—Special Permit—Fee

- (a) No person shall use or occupy any mobilehome, commercial coach or recreational vehicle on private property not licensed as a mobilehome park or special occupancy park except as follows:
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) For residential uses authorized by Neighborhood Development
 Permit and Site Development Permit regulations pursuant to
 Sections 126.0402(e) and 126.0502(b).
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

Section 3. That Chapter 9, Article 8, Division 6 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 98.0610, to read as follows:

§98.0610 Payment of Housing Impact Fee

- Impact Fee shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the Nonresidential Development Project performed by the City. The amount of the Housing Impact Fee shall be determined as follows, in accordance with the fee schedule set forth in Appendix A in effect on the date the project application is *deemed complete*. Gross Square Feet Nonresidential Space X (Applicable Fee by type of use as determined by the Mayor or his or her designee by application of APPENDIX A to this Division) = Housing Payment. For purposes of this Division, the Housing Impact Fee for an interior remodel shall be the fees for the new use, less any fees that either were paid or would have been paid based on the existing use of the building.
- (b) [No change in text.]

Section 4. That Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 112.0310, to read as follows:

Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination §112.0310

In accordance with Chapter 12, Article 8, Division 2, the Planning Director implements the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the State CEQA Guidelines within the City of San Diego. While not required by CEQA, in some circumstances the City requires the posting of a Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination for activities that are subject to CEQA.

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- A Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination shall be posted (d) on the City's website on the date of the environmental determination.
- (e) [No change in text.]
- A Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination posted in (f) accordance with Section 112.0310(d) shall remain posted as follows:
 - For an environmental determination that involves a development (1) permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action pursuant to the Land Development Code, for 10 business days;
 - For an environmental determination that does not involve a (2) development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action pursuant to the Land Development Code, for 5 business days.

Section 5. That Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 5 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 112.0520, to read as follows:

Environmental Determination Appeals §112.0520

- [No change in text.] (a)
- Time for Filing an Appeal (b)

An application to appeal an environmental determination shall be filed with the City Clerk as follows:

- (1) Within 10 business days for environmental determinations that involve a development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action pursuant to the Land Development Code and within 5 business days for environmental determinations that do not involve a development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action pursuant to the Land Development Code, from the date of the posting of the Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental

 Determination; or
- (2) [No change in text.]
- shall be held no later than 60 calendar days after the date on which the application for an appeal is filed, unless there are more than 60 calendar days until the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting, or unless the Council President determines that the item cannot be heard within the 60 calendar days, in which case the appeal hearing shall be held at the first regularly scheduled City Council meeting after the 60 calendar days have passed or when the Council President determines that the item can be heard. Failure to hold the hearing within the 60 calendar days shall not limit the authority of the City Council to consider the appeal. The appeal hearing shall be noticed in accordance with Section 112.0308.
- (d) through (f) [No change in text.]

that a project is not subject to the California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21080(b)(2)-(4) because it is an emergency action shall occur in accordance with Section 112.0520. The emergency action may proceed during the pending of the appeal period and any later appeal hearings.

Section 6. That Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 113.0103; to read as follows:

§113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Accessory use [No change in text.]

Adult day care facilities means a facility that operates on a less than 24-hour basis and may provide medical care or personal care services to persons 18 years or older, including supervision or an organized day program of therapeutic, social, and health activities, and may serve persons with either physical or mental functional impairments.

Advertising display sign through Permit holder [No change in text.]

Placemaking means the temporary use of public right-of-way and private property that activates streetscapes by enhancing the pedestrian experience and providing neighborhood-serving activities, experiences, or spaces and includes temporary, small-scale development specifically designed to support that temporary use.

Projects that may qualify as placemaking uses include, but are not limited to, those that provide areas for pedestrians to briefly rest (e.g., plazas, shade

structures, and benches), promote the use of underutilized space (e.g., landscaping

and decorative lighting), improve and promote pedestrian activity and other uses of the public *right-of-way* (e.g., bicycle racks and refuse containers), and activate property parking areas in a *transit priority area* (e.g., outdoor dining).

Planned Urbanized Communities through Yard [No change in text.]

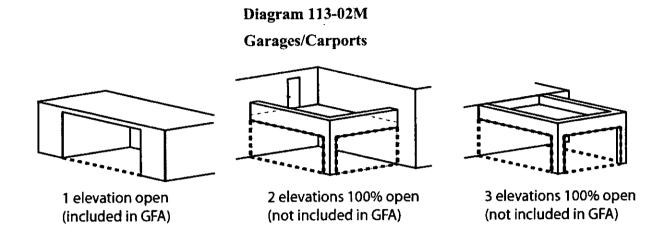
Section 7. That Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 2 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 113.0234 and 113.0270, to read as follows:

§113.0234 Calculating Gross Floor Area

Gross floor area is calculated in relationship to the structure and grade adjacent to the exterior walls of a building. The elements included in the gross floor area calculation differ according to the type of development proposed and are listed in Section 113.0234(a)-(c). Gross floor area does not include the elements listed in Section 113.0234(d). The total gross floor area for a premises is regulated by the floor area ratio development standard.

- (a) Elements Included in *Gross Floor Area* for Development in All Zones
 (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) Gross floor area includes on- or above-grade parking structures, garages, and carports that are constructed and maintained with less than two elevations of the element that are 100 percent completely open, measured from the finish-floor to the bottom of the floor or roof elevation immediately above, except for the support columns with maximum dimensions of 18 inches by 18 inches in plan view, as shown in Diagram 113-02M, and except where the parking

structure design meets the exemptions identified in Section 113.0234(d)(3).



- (7) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§113.0270 Measuring Structure Height

- (a) Structure Height of Buildings and Structures (Excluding Fences,

 Retaining Walls, or Signs)
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) Special Circumstances
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Measuring Structure Height for Subterranean Areas
 - (i) [No change in text.]
 - (ii) Exterior Subterranean Areas. The overall structure

 height measurement shall not include subterranean

 vehicular access, exterior subterranean pedestrian

 access, light wells of less than 5 feet from the

building wall, or ventilation to a basement. Overall structure height shall instead be measured from an imaginary plane connecting to the lowest adjacent grade immediately above the exterior subterranean space, as shown in Diagram 113-0200.

Diagram 113-0200

Access and Ventilation to Basement

[No change in text.]

- (C) [No change in text.]
- (D) Structure Height of Buildings subject to Coastal Height
 Limit in accordance with Section 132.0505.
 - (i) through (ii) [No change in text.]
 - (iii) Structure height of buildings subject to the Coastal

 Height Limit shall also comply with the zoning

 height requirements measured in accordance with

 this Division.
- (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

Section 8. That Chapter 12, Article 3, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 123.0402, to read as follows:

§123.0402 When a Temporary Use Permit Is Required

A Temporary Use Permit is required for the following uses:

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

(e) Temporary storage containers located within the *public right-of-way*.

Section 9. That Chapter 12, Article 9, Division 7 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 129.0710, to read as follows:

§129.0710 How to Apply for a Public Right-of-Way Permit

An application for a Public Right-of-Way Permit shall be submitted in accordance with Sections 112.0102 and 129.0105. The submittal requirements for Public Right-of-Way Permits are listed in the Land Development Manual. A development permit is required prior to issuance of a Public Right-of-Way Permit for the following:

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Notwithstanding Sections 129.0710(a)-(c), a development permit is not required prior to issuance of a Public Right-of-Way Permit for placemaking or a recreational amenity in the public right-of-way subject to the following regulations. For purposes of Section 129.0710, a recreational amenity is defined as any improvement that provides recreational value to residents or visitors and that enhances the pedestrian or bicycle travel experience.
 - (1) Applicants proposing a placemaking or recreational amenity project in the public right-of-way shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City Manager that the project constitutes a lawful use of the public right-of-way.
 - (2) [No change in text.]

- (3) If the *placemaking* or recreational amenity project includes the temporary removal of one or more parking spaces to accommodate the project, the City Manager may approve the temporary removal as part of the Public Right-of-Way Permit only in accordance with the procedures described in Municipal Code section 86.0104, except that compliance with the Angle Parking Standards shall not be required unless otherwise applicable.
- (4) The term of the Public Right-of-Way Permit shall not exceed five years with the exception of *placemaking* and recreational amenities. The term shall not be limited in accordance with Municipal Code section 129.0750 and shall not be eligible for an extension of time pursuant to Municipal Code section 129.0751.

 Placemaking and recreational amenities shall be removed in accordance with the Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement required in Section 129.0715.
- (5) The permit holder shall be responsible for maintaining the placemaking or recreational amenity project. Maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, posting of the name, phone number, and email address of the party responsible for the placemaking or recreational amenity project in a location visible from the public right-of-way, keeping the placemaking or recreational amenity project area free of litter, and preventing litter attributable to the

- placemaking or recreational amenity project from occurring on adjacent properties.
- (6) A placemaking or recreational amenity use that contains elements governed by other laws and regulations shall also be subject to those laws and regulations.
- (7) The *placemaking* or recreational amenity project shall not occur in an Industrial Base Zone or a Residential-Single Unit (RS) Zone.
- (8) The *placemaking* or recreational amenity project shall not include commercial services, retail, or assembly and entertainment uses as *accessory uses*. If a *placemaking* project or recreational amenity is located within 15 feet of a permitted eating and drinking establishment and is located on a City street with a posted speed limit no greater than 30 miles per hour, the establishment may conduct outdoor dining operations within the *placemaking* project or recreational amenity. The hours of operation of the outdoor operations shall be limited to the hours that the *kitchen* facilities of the associated eating and drinking establishment are open for meal ordering. Alcohol, food, or beverages shall not be served or permitted within the *placemaking* or recreational amenity area after 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and after 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.
- (9) The placemaking or recreational amenity project shall allow for safe and efficient visibility and circulation for motor vehicle users and

other users of the *public right-of way*, including bicyclists and pedestrians, and shall not impede the safe use of parking spaces or travel lanes in the *public right-of-way*, as determined by the City Engineer.

(10) In the Coastal Overlay Zone, an applicant for a placemaking or recreational amenity project in the public right-of-way shall obtain a Coastal Development Permit pursuant to Section 126.0702.

Section 10. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 2 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 131.0222, to read as follows:

§131.0222 Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

The uses allowed in the open space zones are shown in Table 131-02B.

Legend for Table 131-02B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-02B
Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator							
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd >>	OP-		OC-	OR ⁽¹⁾ -		OF(11)-	
	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-	1		1-	
	4th >>	1	1	1	1	2	1	
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]			[]	lo chang	e in t	ext.]		
Separately Regulated Commercial Services Uses								
Adult Day Care Facility		L				-	-	
Adult Entertainment Establishments: through Signs Regulated Signs Uses, Theater Marquees [No char	, Separately age in text.]		7]	No chang	e in t	ext.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-02B [No change in text.]

Section 11. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 131.0322, to read as follows:

§131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131-03B.

Legend for Table 131-03B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-03B Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator		Zo	nes	
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	1st & 2nd >>	A	G	AR	
Uses]	3rd >>	1	-	1	 -
	4th >>	1	2	1	2
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]	r	[No	chang	ge in te	ext.]
Separately Regulated Commercial Services Uses					
Adult Day Care Facility			-]	L
Adult Entertainment Establishments: through Signs, Separately Regulated Signs Uses, Theater Marquees [No change in text.]			[No change in text.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-03B [No change in text.]

Section 12. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 131.0422, 131.0431, 131.0445, and 131.0446, to read as follows:

§131.0422 Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The uses allowed in the residential zones are shown in the Table 131-04B.

Legend for Table 131-04B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-04B Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator		Zones	·		
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories,	1st & 2nd>> 3rd >>		RS- 1-	RX-	RT-	
and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 23	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1 2	1 2 3 4	5
Open Space through Commerce Visitor Accommodations [No cl			[No change in tex	t.]		
Separately Regulated Com- Services Uses	mercial				<u> </u>	
Adult Day Care Facility	<u> </u>	L	L	L	L _	
Adult Entertainment Establish through <i>Signs</i> , Separately Re Uses, Theater <i>Marquees</i> [No text.]	gulated Signs		[No change in tex	.t.]		

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator							Zo	nes				
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	1st & 2nd >>	-	,					RI			1		
descriptions of the Use	3rd >>		1-		ĺ	2-			3-			1-	5-
Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]						[No c	hang	ge in 1	text.]			·-
Separately Regulated Co Services Uses	mmercial												
Adult Day Care Facility	*		L			L			L			L	L
Adult Entertainment Estable through Signs, Separately Signs Uses, Theater Marquin text.]	Regulated												

Footnotes for Table 131-04B [No change in text.]

§131.0431 Development Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The following development regulations apply in the residential zones as shown in Tables 131-04C, 131-04D, 131-04E, 131-04F, and 131-04G.

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

(e) RM Zones

Table 131-04G Development Regulations for RM Zones

Development Regulations	Zone Designator		Zones									
[See Section 131.0430 for Development	1st & 2nd >>	<u></u>		R	M-							
Regulations of	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-	2-	2-	2-					
Residential Zones]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6					
density ^{(1),(2)} (sf	imum permitted ity ^{(1),(2)} (sf per DU) gh Max lot coverage change in text] [No change in text]											
Max floor area	ratio	0.75	0.90	1.05	1.20(29)	1.35	1.50					
Accessory uses structures [See 131.0448] thro Visibility Area Section 113.02 change in text.	Section ugh [See 73] [No			[No char	nge in text.]							

Development	Zone			Zo	nes		
Regulations	Designator					<u> </u>	
[See Section	1st & 2nd			R	M		
131.0430 for	>>					_	
Development	3rd >>	3-	3-	3-	4-	4-	5
Regulations	l ⊢		8	9	10	11	12
of Residential	4th >>	/	°	,	10	• •	1
Zones] Maximum pe			<u> </u>				·
density ^{(1),(2)} (s through Max height (ft) [No text.]	structure				ge in text.]		1: _(34)
Max lot cover	rage	7,000	7,000	7,000	applies	applies	applies(34)
Max floor are	ea ratio	1.80	2.25	2.70	3.60	7.20	1.80 ⁽³⁵⁾
Accessory use structures [Se 131.0448 thro Visibility Are Section 113.0 change in text	ee Section ough ea [See 273] [No			[No chan	age in text.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-04G

- through 18 [No change in text.]
- ²² See Section 131.0455(a).
- ²³ See Section 131.0455(b).
- ²⁴ See Section 131.0455(c).
- ²⁵ See Section 131.0455(d).
- ²⁶ See Section 131.0464(d).
- ²⁷ See Section 131.0464(e).
- ²⁸ See Section 131.0464(f).
- With the Peninsula and Ocean Beach community plan areas, the maximum floor area ratio is 0.70.
- ³⁰ See Section 131.0443(h)(1).
- 31 See Section 131.0443(h)(2).
- 32 See Section 131.0443(h)(3).
- 33 See Section 131.0443(h)(4).
- ³⁴ See Section 131.0445(c).
- 35 See Section 131.0446(e).
- Within the La Jolla, Pacific Beach, and Torrey Pines community plan areas, the maximum permitted density is one dwelling unit or two guest rooms for each 1,500 square feet of lot area.
- Within the Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone in the Peninsula Community Plan area, the base zone maximum structure height shall be 30 feet, which shall be determined in accordance with Section 113.0270(a)(4)(D).

§131.0445 Lot Coverage in Residential Zones

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) In the RM-5-12 zone, maximum *lot coverage* is 50 percent for interior *lots* and 60 percent for corner *lots*, except that maximum *lot coverage* for any *premises* that has a building exceeding 4 *stories* or 48 feet in *height* shall be reduced in accordance with Table 131-04I.

Table 131-04I Lot Coverage in RM-5-12 Zone

[No change in text.]

§131.0446 Maximum Floor Area Ratio in Residential Zones

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) In the RM-5-12 zone, the maximum permitted *floor area ratio* for buildings exceeding 4 *stories* or 48 feet of *structure height* shall be increased in accordance with Table 131-04K.

Table 131-04K

Floor Area Ratio in the RM-5-12 Zone

[No change in text.]

Section 13. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 5 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 131.0522, 131.0540 and 131.0543, to read as follows:

§131.0522 Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

The uses allowed in the commercial zones are shown in Table 131-05B.

Legend for Table 131-05B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-05B Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator	-				Z	ones	3		_	<u>,</u>		
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of	1st & 2nd >>		J(1)	C	R-			CC)-		CV	<u>-</u>	CP-
the Use Categories,	3rd >>		ļ-	1-	2-	1	-	2	2-	3-	1-		1-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3	4 5 6	1	1	1	2	1	2	1 2 3	1	2	1
Open Space through Commercial Se Visitor Accommodations [No change					[No 6	han	ige i	n t	ext.]			
Separately Regulated Commerci Uses	al Services												
Adult Day Care Facility			L	L	-]	L		-	L	L		-
Adult Entertainment Establishment Signs, Separately Regulated Signates Theater Marquees [No change in	gns Uses,				[No (chan	ige i	in t	ext.]			

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an	Zone Designator			Zone	es	
explanation and descriptions of	1st & 2nd >>			CC-		
the Use Categories,	3rd >>		2-	3-	4-	5-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3	12345	4 5 6 7 8 9	123456	0 1 2 3 4 5 6
Open Space through Commercial Se Accommodations [No change in text.]				[No char	nge in text.]
Separately Regulated Commerc Uses	iai Sei vices					
Adult Day Care Facility		L	-	L	L	L
Adult Entertainment Establishment Signs, Separately Regulated Signs	gns Uses,			[No change	in text.]	
Theater Marquees [No change in	text.	<u></u>				

Footnotes for Table 131-05B [No change in text.]

§131.0540 Maximum Permitted Residential Density and Other Residential Regulations

The following regulations apply to residential *development* within commercial zones where indicated in Table 131-05B:

(a) through (c) [No change in text.]

- (d) Residential *Development*. Where residential *development* is permitted, the development regulations of the RM-1-1, RM-2-5, RM-3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, and RM-4-10 zones apply as appropriate according to the maximum permitted residential *density*, except that the *lot* area, *lot* dimensions, *setback*, *floor area ratio*, and *structure height* requirements of the applicable commercial zone apply.
- (e) [No change in text.]

§131.0543 Setback Requirements for Commercial Zones

Setback requirements are specified in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E and are subject to the following exceptions and additional regulations:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Minimum Side and Rear Setback
 - (1) In zones that require a 10-foot minimum side or rear *setback* and provide the option for a zero-foot side or rear *setback* as shown in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E, the *structure* shall be placed anywhere in between the *property line* and the minimum 10-foot *setback*.
 - (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]

Section 14. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 6 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 131.0622, to read as follows:

§131.0622 Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

The uses allowed in the industrial zones are shown in Table 131-06B.

Legend for Table 131-06B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-06B Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an	Zone Designator				•	Zo	nes				
explanation and descriptions of the	1st & 2nd> >	IP-			IL-			IH-		IS-	IBT-
Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	3rd >>	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	1-	1-
Committee Comm	4th >>	1	1	1	_ 1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Open Space through Commercial Visitor Accommodations [No chang Separately Regulated Commercuses]	ge in text.]				INC	chang	ge in t				
Adult Day Care Facility		-	L	L	-	L	L	-	-	L	•
Adult Entertainment Establish Signs, Separately Regulated S Theater Marquees [No change	Signs Uses,				[No	chang	ge in t	ext.]			

Footnotes for Table 131-06B [No change in text.]

Section 15. That Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 7 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 131.0707, to read as follows:

§131.0707 Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

The uses allowed in the mixed-use zones are shown in Table 131-07A.

Legend for Table 131-07A

[No change in text.]

Table 131-07A Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator	1						
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and	lst >>		RMX	-		EMX		
Separately Regulated Uses]	2nd >>	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Open Space through Institutional, Regulated Institutional Uses, Wire communication facility outside the p of-way [No change in text.]	less		[N	o change	e in tex	tt.]		
Retail Sales								
Building Supplies & Equipmen	t	P ⁽⁸⁾						
Food, Beverages and Groceries		P ⁽⁸⁾						
Consumer Goods, Furniture, A Equipment		P ⁽⁸⁾						
Pets & Pet Supplies		P ⁽⁸⁾						
Sundries, Pharmaceutical, & C Sales	onvenience	P ⁽⁸⁾						
Wearing Apparel & Accessorie	rs	P ⁽⁸⁾						
Separately Regulated Retail Sale through Commercial Services, Vi Accommodations [No change in t Separately Regulated Commerci	es Uses sitor ext.]		[N]	o chang	e in tex	kt.]		
Uses								
Adult Day Care Facility		L	L	L	L	L	L	
Adult Entertainment Establishme Signs, Separately Regulated Sign Theater Marquees [No change in	gns Uses,		[N	o chang	e in tex	ct.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-07A

Section 16. That Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 141.0103, to read as follows:

¹ through ⁷ [No change in text.]

⁸ Development of a large retail establishment is subject to Section 143.0302.

§141.0103 Applicable Regulations for Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) Except as specifically provided in this Article, separately regulated uses are subject to the following regulations unless a variance has been approved in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 8:

 (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (b) [No change in text.]

Section 17. Amending Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 141.0309 and 141.0312, to read as follows:

§141.0309 Interim Ground Floor Residential

Residential development within commercial zones is permitted only when a commercial structure exists on the premises or is a part of the proposed development. Residential use is restricted on the ground floor in accordance with Section 131.0540. Interim ground floor residential may be permitted within existing commercial space in accordance with Process Two in the zones indicated with an "N" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations:

- (a) The change of a *development* site from commercial to residential use shall be in compliance with the California Building Code and California Fire Code for the residential use at the time of the conversion.
- (b) The Neighborhood Use Permit shall expire no later than 10 years from the date of issuance.
- (c) No additional parking is required for interim ground floor residential use.

(d) The decision maker shall make the findings in Section 126.0205(a) through (d).

§141.0312 Residential Care Facilities

Residential care facilities provide in-house treatment or rehabilitation programs for residents on a 24-hour basis. Residential care facilities include drug and alcohol rehabilitation and recovery facilities and residential and community care facilities as defined by the state or county.

Residential care facilities for 7 to 12 persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three, and residential care facilities for 13 or more persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Four, in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) through (j) [No change in text.]

Section 18. That Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 141.0421, to read as follows:

§141.0421 Placemaking on Private Property

Placemaking on private property is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations:

- (a) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) A placemaking project shall only occur on premises that are vacant at the time the Temporary Use Permit application is submitted or within parking lots on premises within transit priority areas, except in existing disabled accessible parking spaces serving the premises.
- (g) [No change in text.]
- (h) Placemaking on private property in Commercial Base Zones shall also be subject to the following regulations:
 - (1) A placemaking project on premises that are currently vacant shall not include retail or commercial services uses except as accessory uses to serve the placemaking use, and shall not operate except between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m., unless a separate Temporary Use Permit is obtained.
 - that was previously a parking lot of a permitted eating and drinking establishment shall not include retail or commercial services uses except outdoor dining operations associated with the permitted eating and drinking establishment. The hours of operation of the outdoor operations shall be limited to the hours that the kitchen

facilities of the associated eating and drinking establishment are open for meal ordering. Alcohol, food, or beverages shall not be served or permitted within the *placemaking* area after 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and after 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.

- (A) The area for eating and drinking shall be delineated by a barrier consisting of railings, fences, or a combination of railings and fences, and planter boxes that are 3 feet in height or less. Solid walls are not permitted.
 - (i) The barrier may be either permanently installed or moveable. If it is moveable, it shall be affixed to a sidewalk while the eating and drinking establishment is open for business.
 - (ii) A clear, transparent, shatterproof glass or similar material may be used on top of the 3-foot barrier to enclose the eating and drinking area to minimize windy or cold climatic conditions. The height of the barrier plus the clear enclosure shall not exceed 5 feet. Barriers adjacent to parking stalls shall include reflective materials.
 - (iii) Awnings or umbrellas may be used in conjunction with an area for eating and drinking but shall not be

used as a permanent roof or shelter over the area for eating and drinking.

- (B) A placemaking area shall be designed and operated so that unsafe conditions are not created for the physically disabled, blind, or partially sighted.
 - (i) The surface of the *placemaking* area shall be level and have a running slope and a cross slope that do not exceed 2 percent (1 unit vertical in 50 units horizontal).
 - (ii) The placemaking area shall not be located on a raised platform or in a sunken area, unless an accessible ramp is provided in accordance with the California Building Code, or the Americans with Disabilities Act, whichever provides greater accessibility.
 - (iii) At least one wheelchair accessible seating space shall be provided for every 20 seats, or portion thereof.
 - (iv) When multiple wheelchair accessible seating spaces are provided, they shall be reasonably distributed and integrated within the *placemaking* area.

- (v) Wheelchair accessible seating spaces shall have a minimum unobstructed maneuverability dimension of 30 inches in width by 48 inches in depth.
- (vi) Access to designated wheelchair seating spaces shall be provided through an accessible path with not less than 36 inches unobstructed width.
- (3) Commercial Base Zone regulations for *setbacks* and minimum *lot* coverage shall not apply.
- (i) through (j) [No change in text.]

Section 19. That Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 6 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by adding new section 141.0627, to read as follows:

§141.0627 Adult Day Care Facility

Adult Day Care Facilities are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Table in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted on sites designated as Prime Industrial Lands in a land use plan.
- (2) Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted in agricultural zones in Proposition A Lands.
- (3) Adult Day Care Facilities shall comply with all applicable state laws.
- (4) Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted within 1,000 feet of any known business that:

- (A) Has or is required to have a permit from the County of San Diego
 Hazardous Materials Division, excluding underground fuel storage
 tanks, and handles regulated substances above the Threshold
 Quantity as listed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 19
 Section 2770.5;
- (B) Handles compressed flammable gases in excess of 1,500 pounds.
- (5) The 1,000 foot separation distance shall be measured from the *property*line of the proposed Adult Day Care Facility to the use, storage, or

 handling areas for the regulated substances. Businesses may satisfy the

 separation requirements on-site. The Adult Day Care Facility operator has
 the burden of proof of demonstrating compliance with the separation
 requirement.
- (6) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, an *Adult Day Care Facility* shall be permitted only on previously-developed sites that are not developed with open space or agricultural uses as identified in Section 131.0112.

Section 20. That Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 142.0402, 142.0403, 142.0405, 142.0406, 142.0407, 142.0408, 142.0409, 142.0410, 142.0411, 142.0412, and 142.0413, to read as follows:

§142.0402 When Landscape Regulations Apply

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Table 142-04A provides the applicable regulations required by this division for the landscaping required in conjunction with the specific types of *development* proposals. Any project that proposes more than one of the

types of *development* shown is subject to all of the regulations for each type of *development*.

Table 142-04A Landscape Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Propo	Type of Development Proposal							
Column A	Column B	Column C ⁽¹⁾						
1. New structures that equal or exceed the gross floor area shown (Column B), and are proposing the type of development shown (Column C) through 8. Projects creating disturbed areas of a bare soils, or projects with existing disturbed areas [No change in text.]	or exceed the floor area shown mn B), and are sing the type of copment shown mn C) through 8. cts creating bed areas of a bare or projects with ng disturbed areas							
9. All City owned property, recreation purposes, within			142.0403, 142.0412, and 142.0413					
10. Publicly or privately ow of a structure, and conta through 11. New structus subdivisions that create located on premises adjavegetation [No change in the content of th	in native or natural tres, additions to state of the stat	lized vegetation ructures, or uctures could be	[No change in text.]					
12. New trees or shrubs plan	New trees or shrubs planted in the <i>public right-of-way</i>							
13. Condominium Conversion	13. Condominium Conversions							
14. Small Lot Subdivision	14. Small Lot Subdivision							

Footnote to Table 142-04A [No change in text.]

§142.0403 General Planting and Irrigation Requirements

All planting, irrigation, brush management, and landscape-related improvements required by this division must comply with the regulations in Section 142.0403 and with the Landscape Standards in the Land Development Manual.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Plant Material Requirements
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) A minimum root zone of 40 square feet in area shall be provided for all trees. The minimum dimension for this area shall be 5 feet.

 This minimum dimension and root zone area may be reduced with the use of structural soil or where the combination of soil conditions, root zone area, adjacent improvements, and selected tree species can be demonstrated to provide conditions for healthy tree growth that will not damage adjacent improvements.
 - (7) [No change in text.]
 - (8) All pruning shall comply with the standards of the American

 National Standards Institute (ANSI) for free care operations and
 the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) best management
 practices for free pruning. Topping of trees is prohibited.
 - (9) Any plant material required by this division that dies within 3 years of installation shall be replaced within 30 calendar days of plant death with the same size and species of plant material shown on the approved plan. Required shrubs that die 3 years or more

after installation shall be replaced with 15-gallon size, and required trees that die 3 years or more after installation shall be replaced with 60-inch box size material. The City Manager may authorize adjustment of the size and quantity of replacement material where material replacement would occur in inaccessible areas or where the existing plant being replaced is larger than a 15 gallon shrub or 60-inch box tree.

- (10) through (12) [No change in text.]
- are placed within 5 feet of *public improvements* including walks, curbs, or *street* pavement or where new *public improvements* are placed adjacent to existing trees. The City Manager may waive this requirement where the combination of soil conditions, root zone area, adjacent improvements, and selected tree species can be demonstrated to provide conditions for healthy tree growth that will not damage *public improvements*.
- (14) through (16) [No change in text.]
- (17) Plant material shall be selected to meet a Maximum Applied Water Allowance (MAWA) as determined by the water budget formula and specifications in Section 142.0413(d).
- (c) Irrigation Requirements
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Irrigation systems shall meet the following design requirements:

- (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (C) Irrigation systems shall be designed to minimize system
 maintenance requirement after installation. Above-ground
 irrigation system equipment that is exposed to potential
 damage shall be designed to be damage-resistant; and
- (D) [No change in text.]
- (d) [No change in text.]

§142.0405 Additional Yard Planting Area and Point Requirements

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Additional residential yard requirements:
 - (1) Street Yard.
 Up to 10 percent of the required street yard planting area located outside the vehicular use area for multiple dwelling unit residential development may consist of enhanced hardscape.
 - (2) Remaining Yard/Common Open Space
 (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (c) through (d) [No change in text.]

§142.0406 Vehicular Use Area Planting Area and Point Requirements

(a) When new *vehicular use areas* are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A, the planting area, the plants necessary to achieve the number of plant points, and the trees required in Table 142-04D shall be provided. The required planting area is determined by multiplying the square footage of the *vehicular use area* located within the *street yard* and

outside the *street yard* by the percentage shown in Table 142-04D. The required plant points are determined by multiplying the square footage of the *vehicular use area* located within the *street yard* and outside the *street yard* by the points shown in the Table 142-04D. The required area, points, and trees shall be located within the *vehicular use area* unless listed otherwise in the table.

Table 142-04D Vehicle Use Area Requirements

Size of Proposed Vehicular Use Area	Planting Area	Required ^{(1), (2), (4)}	Plant Points	Required ^{(1), (2)}	Tree Distribution Requirement ⁽¹⁾
i	Street yard	Outside the street yard	Street yard	Outside the street yard	
Less than 6,000 square feet	40 Square Feet per Tree	40 Square Feet per Tree	0.05 points	0.05 points	1 tree within 30 feet of each parking space ⁽³⁾
6,000 square feet or greater	5% of vehicular use area located in the street yard	3% of vehicular use area located outside the street yard	0.05 points	0.03 points	1 tree within 30 feet of each parking space ⁽³⁾

Footnotes to Table 142-04D [No change in text.]

(b) All planting areas and plants in or adjacent to a *vehicular use area* shall be protected from vehicular damage by providing a raised curb or wheel stop of at least 6 inches in height. Where the end of parking spaces abut a planting area that is less than 5 feet in width, 6-inch-high wheel stops or curbs shall be placed within the parking spaces, 2 feet from the edge of the planting area.

- (c) A vehicular use area located within the street yard shall be separated from the curb in the public right-of-way by a required planting area totaling at least 8 feet in width, measured perpendicularly to the public right-of-way.

 This planting area shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - with densely foliated, evergreen species that achieve a minimum height of 30 inches within 2 years of installation over at least 80 percent of the length of the required planting area. The screening may also be achieved through a combination of plant material with the use of berms, solid fencing, or walls.
 - wall of at least 3 feet in height is provided for the entire length of the vehicular use area for sites under 5 acres. Sites that are between 5 and 10 acres are required to provide the planting area buffer that is 8 feet. For sites over 10 acres, a planting area buffer must be 12 feet in width with a potential reduction to 8 feet with a 3 feet high wall. The remaining planting area shall be located between the wall and curb within the public right-of-way and planted with the equivalent of 1 shrub for every 10 feet of wall length. These shrubs shall achieve at least 18 inches in height of maturity.

(4) A point score in excess of that required for a vehicular use area may be used to reduce the planting area required for that vehicular use area at a rate of one square foot of area reduction for each excess point provided. The maximum planting area reduction allowed by this section is 25 percent of the total vehicular use area required.

§142.0407 Additional Vehicular Use Area Requirements

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) For a *vehicular use area* that is less than 6,000 square feet in size, the required plant points may be provided within 5 feet of the edge of the *vehicular use area*. For a *vehicular use area* 6,000 square feet or greater in size, the required planting area, points, and trees shall be located in the *vehicular use area*. Planting area, points, and trees may be located within 5 feet of the edge of the vehicular use areas designated for commercial vehicle parking spaces; loading areas; loading area accessways used for the distribution of materials and goods; and areas of a linear configuration made up primarily of drive aisles.
- (c) Trees used in a *vehicular use area* shall be canopy form, evergreen species at a minimum 24-inch box size.
- (d) through (e) [No change in text.]

§142.0408 Temporary Vehicular Use Area Requirements

When new temporary *vehicular use areas* are subject to this Section in accordance with Table 142-04A, the planting requirements of this Section shall apply.

- (a) Vehicular use areas that have a specified time limit for discontinuance that is less than 5 years after the date of construction permit issuance are considered temporary vehicular use areas.
- between the *public right-of-way* and the *vehicular use area*. This area shall be planted with evergreen shrubs that achieve a minimum height of 30 inches within 2 years of installation over at least 50 percent of the required planting area. The remaining area shall be covered with mulch. Vehicle access into this planting area shall be prevented by a 6-inch-high curb or wheel stops placed within the parking spaces, 2 feet from the edge of the planting area. The planting area may be paved at designated vehicle access points.
- (c) Vehicular use areas that do not have a specified time limit for discontinuance or that are proposed to exist more than 5 years after the date of construction permit issuance are subject to the requirements for a permanent vehicular use area contained in Sections 142.0406 and 142.0407.

§142.0409 Street Tree and Public Right-of-Way Requirements

(a) Street Tree Requirements

When new structures, additions to structures, condominium conversions, or new vehicular use areas are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A, street trees within the parkway shall be provided in accordance with the following regulations.

- (1) Street Tree Quantity.
 - (A) The number of required street trees shall be calculated at the rate of one standard trunk, 24-inch box canopy form tree for every 30 linear feet of *street frontage*, excluding curb cuts and required clearances for designated bus stops.
 - (B) The installed tree spacing may be varied to accommodate site conditions or design considerations; however, the number of trees required for each *street frontage* on a *lot* bounded by more than one *street* shall be planted along the corresponding *street frontage*.
 - (C) Where palm trees are proposed to satisfy this requirement in accordance with Section 142.0409(a)(3), they shall be planted at a rate of one 10-foot brown trunk height palm for each 20 feet of *street frontage*.
 - (D) For projects in the IL and IH zones that have loading docks along more than 25 percent of the building *street wall*, the street tree requirement shall be increased to the rate of one 24-inch box tree for every 20 feet of *street frontage* or one

10-foot brown trunk height palm for each 10 feet of street frontage.

(2) Street Tree Locations

- (A) Street trees shall be planted between the curb and abutting property line.
- (B) Where site conditions do not allow the installation of the street trees required by this section in the *parkway*, trees may be located on the private property within 10 feet of the *property line* along that *street frontage*.
- streets classified in the applicable land use plan as major streets, primary arterials, or expressways that have a posted speed of 50 miles per hour or greater. For all other street classifications, street trees shall be located no closer than 30 inches to the face of curb or within median islands, no closer than 4 feet to the face of curb.
- (D) Trees shall be selected and located so they do not cause damage or conflict with overhead utility lines at maturity.
- (E) Street trees shall be separated from improvements by the minimum distance shown in Table 142-04E.

Table 142-04E

Minimum Tree Separation Distance

[No change in text.]

Footnote for Table 142-04E

- 5 feet on residential local streets with a design speed of 25 miles per hour or slower.
 - with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. Palm trees may only be used to satisfy the street tree requirement as an accent, focal, or secondary tree where identified as an acceptable street tree species in an adopted land use plan, or as part of an historic landscape.
 - (b) [No change in text.]

§142.0410 Previously Conforming Properties Landscape Requirements

- (a) When additions to *structures* or additional *structures* on developed properties are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A, they shall meet the requirements of this section. The required *street yard*, *remaining yard*, and *vehicular use area* planting areas and plant points for *previously conforming* properties are established in accordance with the following formula.
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (b) When additions or modifications to existing permanent or temporary parking and *vehicular use areas* are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A they shall meet the requirements of this section. The required *vehicular use area* planting area and plant points for *previously conforming* properties is established in accordance with the following formula.

(1) through (3) [No change in text.]

§142.0411 Revegetation and Erosion Control

(a) Permanent Revegetation. All graded, disturbed, or eroded areas that will not be permanently paved or covered by *structures* shall be permanently revegetated and irrigated as shown in Table 142-04F and in accordance with the standards in the Land Development Manual.

Table 142-04F
Permanent Revegetation and Irrigation Requirements

Location of Disturbed Area	Slope of Disturbed Area	Required Irrigation System	Required Revegetation or Erosion Control			
	Slope height of 15 feet or less	Automatic, above grade, temporary irrigation system	Native or naturalized ground cover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix			
Within 100 feet of areas with native or naturalized vegetation	4:1 or greater with a slope height over 15 feet	Automatic, above grade, temporary irrigation system	Native or naturalized ground cover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix, and native or naturalized trees and shrubs (minimum 1-gallon size) planted at a minimum rate of one plant per 100 square feet of disturbed area			
	Less than 4:1 (4 horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot)	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Hydroseed, mulch, or equivalent			
100 feet or further from areas with native or naturalized vegetation	4:1 or greater with a slope height of 15 feet or less	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Drought tolerant groundcover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix			
	4:1 or greater with a slope height over 15 feet	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Drought tolerant groundcover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix, and drought tolerant trees and shrubs (minimum 1-gallon size) planted at a minimum rate of one plant per 100 square feet of disturbed area			

- (b) Temporary Revegetation. Graded, disturbed, or eroded areas that will not be permanently paved, covered by *structure*, or planted for a period over 90 calendar days shall be temporarily revegetated with a non-irrigated hydroseed mix, ground cover, or equivalent material. Temporary irrigation systems may be used to establish the vegetation.
- (c) [No change in text.]

§142.0412 Brush Management

Brush management is required in all base zones on publicly or privately owned *premises* that are within 100 feet of a *structure* and contain native or naturalized vegetation.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Brush Management Zones. Where brush management is required, a comprehensive program shall be implemented that reduces fire hazards around *structures* by providing an effective fire break between all *structures* and contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation. This fire break shall consist of two distinct brush management areas called "Zone One" and "Zone Two" as shown in Diagram 142-04E.

Diagram 142-04E

Brush Management Zones

[No change in text.]

(1) Brush management Zone One is the area adjacent to the *structure*, shall be least flammable, and shall typically consist of pavement and permanently irrigated ornamental planting. Brush management

Zone One shall not be allowed on slopes with gradient greater than 4:1 (4 horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot) unless the property received tentative map approval before November 15, 1989.

However, within the Coastal Overlay Zone coastal development shall be subject to the encroachment limitations set forth in Section 143.0142(a)(4) of the Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations.

- (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) The width of Zone One and Zone Two shall not exceed 100 feet and shall meet the width requirements in Table 142-04H unless modified based on existing conditions pursuant to Section 142.0412(i) and the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Where Zone Two is located within City-owned property, a Right-of-Entry shall be executed in accordance with Section 63.0103 prior to any brush management activity. Zone Two is not permitted in City-owned open space for new *development* proposals. For properties in the Coastal Overlay Zone, additional requirements for new *subdivisions* are found in Section 142.0412 (n).
 - (3) Zone Two is not permitted in areas designated for habitat mitigation per Section III of the Biology Guidelines in the Land Development Manual.

Table 142-04H

Brush Management Zone Width Requirements

[No change in text.]

- (d) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Zone One Requirements
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Zone One shall contain no habitable structures, structures that are directly attached to habitable structures, or other combustible construction that provides a means for transmitting fire to the habitable structures. Structures such as fences, walls, palapas, play structures, and non-habitable gazebos that are located within brush management Zone One shall be of noncombustible, one hour fire-rated, or Type IV heavy timber construction as defined in the California Building Code.
 - (3) Plants within Zone One shall be primarily low-growing and less than 4 feet in height with the exception of trees. Plants shall be low-fuel and fire-resistive.
 - (4) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (h) Zone Two Requirements
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) Within Zone Two, all plants remaining after 50 percent are reduced in height, shall be pruned to reduce fuel loading in accordance with the Landscape Standards in the Land Development Manual. Non-native plants shall be pruned before native plants are pruned.

- (5) The following standards shall be used where Zone Two is in an area previously *graded* as part of legal *development* activity and is proposed to be planted with new plant material instead of *clearing* existing native or naturalized vegetation:
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) New plants shall be low-growing with a maximum height at maturity of 24 inches. Single specimens of fire resistive native trees and tree form shrubs may exceed this limitation if they are located to reduce the chance of transmitting fire from native or naturalized vegetation to habitable structures and if the vertical distance between the lowest branches of the trees and the top of adjacent plants are three times the height of the adjacent plants to reduce the spread of fire through ladder fueling.
 - (C) All new Zone Two plantings shall irrigated temporarily until established to the satisfaction of the City Manager.

 Only low-flow, low-gallonage spray heads may be used in Zone Two. Overspray and runoff from the irrigation shall not drift or flow into adjacent areas of native or naturalized vegetation. Temporary irrigation systems shall be removed upon approved establishment of the plantings. Permanent irrigation is not allowed in Zone Two.

- (D) Where Zone Two is being revegetated as a requirement of Section 142.0411(a), revegetation shall comply with the spacing standards in the Land Development Manual. Fifty percent of the planting area shall be planted with material that does not grow taller than 24 inches. The remaining planting area may be planted with taller material, but this material shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements for existing plant material in Zone Two.
- (6) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (i) through (l) [No change in text.]
- (m) Where specifically authorized by the Fire Chief, goats may be used for brush management in accordance with the following:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - appropriately fenced with temporary electrically charged fencing to delineate brush management in the Zone Two areas. Signs must be posted at 25-foot intervals along the fence warning of the possibility of mild electric shock.
 - (4) through (6) [No change in text.]
 - (7) The Fire Rescue Department shall not approve any permit under Section 142.0412(m) that will utilize a contractor determined by the City Manager to have negligently performed brush management services within the three prior calendar years. All

facts supporting such a determination shall be provided to the *applicant* in writing, and shall constitute a final determination on the City's behalf.

shall not be permitted to encroach into an environmentally sensitive habitat area [ESHA], except that *encroachment* may be permitted where necessary to achieve a maximum *development* area of 25 percent including Zones One and Two. For purposes of this Section, ESHA shall include southern fordunes, Torrey pines forest, coastal bluff scrub, maritime succulent scrub, maritime chaparral, native grasslands, oak woodlands, coastal sage scrub and coastal sage scrub/communities, and any vegetative communities that support threatened or endangered species.

§142.0413 Water Conservation

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Lawn Requirements.
 - (1) Lawn areas shall not exceed 10 percent of the landscape area on a premises, excluding required common areas, active recreation areas, and areas located within the public right-of-way between the curb and public sidewalk. This restriction does not apply to single dwelling units.
 - (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Water Budget.

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) The MAWA Water Budget is calculated using the following formula (see Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual for additional information):

MAWA Water Budget = (ETo)(0.62) [(ETAF)(LA) + (1-ETAF)(SLA)]

For residential landscape areas = (ETo)(0.62)[(0.55)(LA) + (0.45)(SLA)]

For non-residential landscape areas = (ETo)(0.62) [(0.45)(LA) + (0.55)(SLA)]

Legend for MAWA Water Budget Calculation Formula

[No change in text.]

- (3) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Irrigation Audit. An *applicant* subject to the requirement for a MAWA

 Water Budget is required to conduct and submit to the City an irrigation audit consistent with Section 2.7 of the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual.
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (g) Reclaimed water. *Development* in areas where reclaimed water is available and suitable for irrigation shall provide for a dual water distribution system for all landscaped areas. Only reclaimed water shall be used for irrigation purposes where it is available.
- (h) [No change in text.]

Section 21. That Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 142.0510 and 142.0530, to read as follows:

§142.0510 General Parking Regulations

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Previously Conforming Premises. Enlargement or change in use, or resumption of a discontinued use, for a premises that is previously conforming for the reason that it does not provide the number of off-street parking spaces required by this Division shall provide parking as follows:

 (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) A discontinued use may resume on a *premises* with *previously* conforming parking if:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) The *premises* is located within the Parking Impact Overlay

 Zone, but the use has been discontinued for less than 5

 years as determined in accordance with Section

 142.0510(d)(5).
 - (5) Within the Parking Impact Overlay Zone, if the previous use has been discontinued for a period of 2 or more consecutive years, parking shall be required as provided in this Division for the new use, unless a property owner has obtained a Neighborhood Development Permit.
 - (A) Discontinuance of the use for a period of 5 or more consecutive years creates a presumption in favor of

abandonment, against which the owner or person asserting previously conforming rights may offer evidence.

- (B) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (g) [No change in text.]

§142.0530 Nonresidential Uses — Parking Ratios

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Table 142-05F establishes the required ratio of parking spaces to building *floor* area in the commercial zones, industrial zones, and planned districts shown, for eating and drinking establishments that are the *primary use* on a *premises*.

Table 142-05F Parking Ratios for Eating and Drinking Establishments

[No change in text.]

Footnotes for Table 142-05F

Eating and Drinking Establishments. The minimum parking ratios apply to eating and drinking establishments that do not have a common parking area with any other uses. There is no minimum parking requirement or maximum permitted parking for outdoor dining. Within *Transit Priority Areas*, minimum required parking can be replaced by a *placemaking* project if a Temporary Use Permit is obtained in accordance with Section 123.0402. Within the CN, CO and CV Zones, minimum parking required can also be replaced with bicycle parking at a ratio of 2 bicycle parking spaces provided for every required vehicle parking space. Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, outdoor dining areas such as decks, patios, terraces, etc., are considered part of the eating and drinking establishment's *gross floor area* and are included in calculating parking requirements.

² through ⁵ [No change in text.]

(c) through (h) [No change in text.]

Section 22. That Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 6 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 142.0640, to read as follows:

§142.0640 Impact Fees for Financing Public Facilities

(a) [No change in text.]

(b) Payment of Fees

Development Impact Fees (as defined in California Government Code Section 66000) for applicable development shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by the City in areas where Development Impact Fees have been established by City Council resolution or ordinance. Notwithstanding the above, the City Manager may also require the payment of Development Impact Fees for development that would increase demand for public facilities and/or result in the need for new public facilities. Development Impact Fees shall not be required for inclusionary dwelling units provided pursuant to Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 13 if the applicant has satisfied all the requirements of Division 13 for inclusionary dwelling units on the same premises as the market-rate dwelling units. The Development Impact Fee required by the City Manager shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by the City.

Exemptions:

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Fee Deferral

Notwithstanding Section 142.0640(b), Building Permits or construction permits, as applicable, may be issued if the City Manager defers payment

of the DIFs in accordance with this Subsection. DIFs due pursuant to the City's Regional Transportation Congestion Improvement Program shall not be deferred under any circumstance.

- (1) Unless otherwise specified in Section 142.0640(d)(5), payment of DIFs may be deferred for a maximum period of two years from the effective date of a Fee Deferral Agreement, or until a final inspection is requested, whichever occurs earlier. A final inspection shall not occur until the applicable DIFs are paid.
- (2) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (5) Notwithstanding Section 142.0640(d)(1), for Building Permits or construction permits issued between March 1, 2020 and March 1, 2022, payment of DIFs may be deferred for a maximum period of three years from the effective date of a Fee Deferral Agreement, or until a final inspection is requested, whichever occurs earlier. A final inspection shall not occur until the applicable DIFs are paid. For Building Permits or construction permits issued between March 1, 2020 and March 1, 2022, notwithstanding Section 142.0640(d)(4), the amount of the DIFs shall be determined by the DIFs rate for the year in which the DIFs are actually paid as set forth in the DIFs schedule in effect when the Fee Deferral Agreement was executed by the City, or a subsequently-approved DIFs schedule, whichever schedule is lower, plus automatic

increases for the first two years only, consistent with Section 142.0640(c), if applicable.

(e) through (g) [No change in text.]

Section 23. That Chapter 14 Article 2, Division 12 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 142.1235, to read as follows:

§142.1235 Roof Signs in Commercial and Industrial Zones

The following regulations apply to *roof signs*, which are permitted only in *Sign*Category A of the commercial and industrial zone *sign* categories.

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Locational Regulations for All Roof Signs
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Roof signs that are located on a premises with a boundary within 100 feet from the property line of a residentially zoned lot or premises shall not exceed 20 feet in height unless one of the following circumstances exist:
 - (A) The sign is located more than 100 feet from the property line of the residentially zoned property; or
 - (B) The entire *premises* is within 100 feet from the *property*line of the residentially zoned property, and the sign is
 located on the 25 percent of the lot or premises that is
 farthest from the property line.
 - (3) [No change in text.]

Section 24. That Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 143.0126, to read as follows:

§143.0126 Procedures for Emergency Authorization to Impact Environmentally Sensitive Lands

Whenever development activity within environmentally sensitive lands is deemed necessary by order of the City Manager to protect the public health or safety, the City Manager may authorize, without a public hearing, the minimum amount of impact necessary to protect the public health or safety, subject to the following:

(a) through (e) [No change in text.]

- (f) Conditions. The City Manager may approve an emergency Site
 Development Permit with conditions, including an expiration date for any work authorized by the City Manager.
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) If the emergency work results in permanent impacts to

 environmentally sensitive lands, a subsequent Neighborhood

 Development Permit or Site Development Permit is required

 through the regular process in accordance with this Division. The

 application for the Neighborhood Development Permit or Site

 Development Permit shall be submitted within 60 days of

 completion of the emergency work, except that an application for a

 capital improvement program project or public project shall be

 submitted within 180 days of completion of the emergency work.
- (g) [No change in text.]

Section 25. That Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 143.0450, to read as follows:

§143.0450 Supplemental Planned Development Permit Regulations for Residential Rural Cluster Development with Increased Density

In addition to the general regulations for all Planned Development Permits and supplemental regulations for residential *developments*, the following regulations apply to all residential rural cluster *developments* requesting increased *density* that are located in the AR-1-1 and OR-1-2 zones within *Proposition A Lands*.

Approval of a proposed *development* in accordance with this section shall require the *findings* in Section 126.0404(b) to be made.

(a) through (e) [No change in text.]

Section 26. That Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 143.0740, to read as follows:

§143.0740 Incentives in Exchange for Affordable Housing Dwelling Units

An applicant proposing density bonus shall be entitled to incentives as described in this Division for any development for which a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement is entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission. The City shall process an incentive requested by an applicant as set forth in this Section.

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

Table 143-07A
Very Low Income Density Bonus
Households

Percent Very Low Income Units	Percent Density Bonus	Number of Incentives
5	20	1

6	22.5	1
7	25	1
8	27.5	1
9	30	1
10	32.51	2
11	35	2
12	38.75	3
13	42.5	4
14	46.25	4
≥ 15	50 ²	5

- For development containing 50 pre-density dwelling units or less, once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.
- Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.

Table 143-07B Low Income Density Bonus Households

Percent Low Income Units	Percent Density Bonus	Number of Incentives				
10	201	1				
11	21.5	1				
12	23	1				
13	24.5	1				
14	26	1				
15	27.5	1				
16	29	1				
17	30.5	1				
18	32	1				
19	33.5	1				
20	35	2				
21	38.75	2				
22	42.5	2				
23	46.25	2				
> 24 - 29	50 ²	2				
> 30	50 ²	3				
31 - 32	50 ²	4				
> 33	50 ²	5				

- For development containing 50 pre-density dwelling units or less, once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.
- Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.

Table 143-07C Moderate Income Density Bonus Households

[No change in text.]

Section 27. That Chapter 15, Article 1, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 151.0103, to read as follows:

§151.0103 Applicable Regulations

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following regulations apply in all planned districts:
 - (1) through (7) [No change in text.]
 - Parking Regulations for affordable housing *dwelling units* in Land
 Development Code Section 142.0527, except where the Planned
 District Ordinance provides a lower parking ratio than allowed in
 Section 142.0527, and Parking Regulations for eating and drinking
 establishments in the CN, CO, and CV Zones as set forth in Table
 142-05F.
 - (9) through (12) [No change in text.]

Section 28. That Chapter 15, Article 4, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 154.0405, to read as follows:

§154.0405 Streetscape Development Regulations/Encroachment Permits

Within the Cass Street Commercial District, no alteration, construction, development or use of the abutting public right-of-way shall be permitted unless the streetscape and encroachment permit standards are met.

The following Streetscape and Encroachment Permit Standards shall be the basis for project review by the City Manager.

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Parkway Landscaping and Street Trees
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Trees shall be planted in the ground between the sidewalk and the curb. The minimum size tree shall be a standard trunk, 24-inch box or 15-gallon size and a minimum of 8 feet high. Trees with a low spreading branch *structure* shall typically not be used in the street rights-of-way. Individual specimens shall be selected, planted, and pruned, if necessary, such that major scaffold branches are at least 8 feet above the finish surface or finish grade, as measured at the trunk.
 - (4) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (i) [No change in text.]

Section 29. That Chapter 15, Article 5, Division 2 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 155.0251 and 155.0253, to read as follows:

§155.0251 Separately Regulated Uses

The following additional separately regulated use regulations apply in the Central Urbanized Planned District:

- (a) Eating and Drinking Establishments Abutting Residentially Zoned and Open Space Zoned Property. Eating and drinking establishments on *premises* abutting a residential or open space-residential *lot* are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Table 155-02C subject to the regulations in Section 155.0251(a)(1). Eating and drinking establishments on *premises* abutting a residential or open space-residential *lot* in the zones indicated with an "N" in the Use Regulations Table 155-02C may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit subject to the regulations in Section 155.0251(a)(2).
 - (1) Limited Use Regulations
 - (A) Eating and drinking establishments abutting a residential or open space-residential *lot* may operate only during the hours between 6:00 a.m. and 12:00 midnight.
 - (2) Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations
 - (A) Eating and drinking establishments abutting a residential or open space-residential *lot* may operate only during the hours between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.
 - (B) Outdoor seating or service areas shall be limited in size and location and screened from an abutting residential *lot* as needed.

- (C) through (F) [No change in text.]
- (3) Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations. Except in the CU-1-1 and CU-1-2 zones, eating and drinking establishments abutting a residential *lot* or *premises* that do not comply with Section 141.0607(a) may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit subject to the following regulations.
 - (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (j) [No change in text.]

§155.0253 Supplemental Development Regulations

The following additional supplemental development regulations apply in the Central Urbanized Planned District. These regulations shall supersede any regulations contained in Land Development Code Chapter 14, Article 3 that are inconsistent with or not expressly incorporated into the Central Urbanized Planned District regulations.

Table 155-02F
Supplemental Development Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Proposal	Applicable Sections	Required <i>Development</i> Permit/Decision Process(1)
Residential and mixed commercial/residential development in facility deficient neighborhoods shown on Map B-4104	155.0243(a)	None Required
Residential development in a commercial zone on El Cajon Boulevard or University Avenue that is not part of a mixed-use (commercial-residential) project under circumstances outlined in Section 155.0253(b)	Section 155.0253(b) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3
Commercial development that varies from the required architectural features contained in Section 155.0244	Section 155.0253(c) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and	Planned Development Permit/Process 3

Type of Development Proposal	Applicable Sections	Required <i>Development</i> Permit/Decision Process ⁽¹⁾
	143.0410	
Commercial and Industrial establishments exceeding 5,000 square feet gross floor area subject to the criteria contained in Section 155.0253	Section 155.0253(d) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3
Residential development that varies from the required architectural features contained in Section 155.0232	Section 155.0253(e) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3
Warehouses, Wholesale Distribution, and Light Manufacturing uses exceeding 10,000 square feet up to a maximum of 30,000 square feet, subject to the criteria contained in Section 155.0253(f)	Section 155.0253(f) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3

(a) Residential and Mixed Commercial-Residential Development in Facility-Deficient Neighborhoods, are subject to all common open space requirements of Section 131.0456 and outdoor lighting regulations of Section 142.0740.

Diagram 151-02B

Facility Deficient Neighborhoods

[No change in text.]

- (b) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Warehouses, Wholesale Distribution, and Light Manufacturing uses exceeding 10,000 up to a maximum of 30,000 square feet in *gross floor* area per premises in the CR-2-1, CC-4-3, CC-5-3, CC-5-4, CU-2-3, CU-2-4, CU-2-5, CU-3-3, CU-3-6, CU-3-7 and CU-3-8 zones require a

Planned Development Permit decided in accordance with Process Three.

The General Development Regulations for Planned Development Permits in Land Development Code Section 143.0410 shall apply.

Section 30. That Chapter 15, Article 6, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending sections 156.0302, 156.0305, 156.0307, 156.0308, 156.0309, 156.0310, 156.0311, 156.0313, 156.0314, and 156.0315, to read as follows:

§156.0302 **Definitions**

The following definitions apply to this Article. Where not otherwise specified, the definitions found in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code shall apply. Each word or phrase that is defined in this Division or in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code appears in the text in italicized letters.

Active commercial uses mean commercial uses that are accessible to the general public, that generate walk-in clientele, and that contribute to a high level of pedestrian activity. Active commercial uses include retail shops, eating and drinking establishments, commercial recreation and entertainment, personal and convenience services, financial institutions, cultural institutions, galleries, and hotel lobbies. Active commercial uses are listed in Table 156.0308-A as being permitted on Main Streets.

Alternative Interim Uses through Cultural institution or cultural use [No change in text.]

Design Review means the formal review of a proposed development for consistency with the Downtown Design Guidelines.

Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) through Outdoor Activities [no change in text.]

Outdoor Use Area means an unenclosed area on private property associated with an eating and drinking establishment or a public assembly use that is open to the general public.

Outfield Park through Urban open space [No change in text.]

§156.0305 Rules of Calculation and Measurement

The Rules of Measurement provided in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 2 of this Code shall apply to the Centre City Planned District.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Gross floor area shall be calculated in accordance with Section 113.0234, with the following modifications:
 - (1) Phantom *floors*, as defined in Section 113.0234(b)(4) shall not count as *gross floor area* in either residential or commercial buildings.
 - (2) Roof decks shall not be counted as gross floor area pursuant to

 Section 113.0234(b)(5) unless the perimeter walls enclosing the

 area exceed 6 feet in height for non-transparent materials or 8 feet

 for transparent materials.

- (3) Notwithstanding Section 1!3.0234(d)(2), interior modifications involving the addition of actual *floor* area count as *gross floor area* except where:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (4) Mechanical *penthouses* do not count against *gross floor area* when architecturally integrated into the overall building design.

§156.0307 Land Use Districts

Twelve land use districts, shown in Figure B, define geographic areas that are subject to specific land use classifications. In addition, twelve overlay districts, shown in Figures C, D, and F, establish areas where additional requirements apply. Permitted land use classifications within each land use district are shown on Table 156-0308-A. Specific requirements for minimum percentages of active commercial uses and commercial uses on the ground-floor along street frontages are provided.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Overlay Districts

The following Overlay Districts apply as illustrated in Figures C, D, and F:

- (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (6) Employment Overlay (E). To ensure adequate opportunities for employment based commercial uses, at least 50 percent of the gross floor area within each development in this overlay district shall be dedicated to employment uses such as professional office,

education, cultural uses, retail, hotel, or similar commercial uses. Residential uses in this district shall not exceed 50 percent of the gross floor area within any development. The 50 percent residential limitation may be exceeded through the Affordable Housing Regulations of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7. Development approved through an OPA or DDA may phase development build-out, allowing non-employment phases to precede employment phases, subject to strict performance standards established by set timeframes for employment use construction plan completion, plan submittal, and other requirements to ensure timely completion. In order to meet the 50 percent employment use requirement, a development may not include any employment area for which building permits have been obtained and construction commenced before May 3, 2006. In the E District, existing floor area dedicated to employment use or similar commercial use shall not be converted to any nonemployment use. Multiple developments on adjoining individually owned lots may satisfy the requirements of this section through the recordation of a legal covenant in a form approved by the City Manager and the City Attorney. Uses appropriate for the E overlay are identified in Table 156-0308-A, under Employment Overlay.

(7) through (14) [No change in text.]

§156.0308 Base District Use Regulations

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Previously Conforming Land Uses and Structures

 Land uses and structures that were legally established under previous regulations but that do not conform to the land use regulations of this

 Article may continue to exist and operate pursuant to Chapter 12,

 Article 7, Division 1 of the Land Development Code, with the exceptions:
 - (1) The gross floor area of previously conforming uses and structures may be expanded up to 10 percent of the existing gross floor area of structures on the premises through a Process One approval.
 - (2) The gross floor area of previously conforming uses and structures may be expanded up to 100 percent of the existing gross floor area of structures on the premises through a Process Two Neighborhood Use Permit.
 - (3) Within the Residential Emphasis District, previously conforming uses may be replaced with conforming commercial uses without complying with the 80 percent residential land use requirement for new development.

Table	156-	0308	-A: C	ENT	re ci	TY P	LAN	NED	DIST	TRIC'	T US	E RE	GULATIONS	5
LEGEND: P = I	erm	itted	by R	ight;	C = Co	nditio	nal U	se Per	mit R	<i>lequir</i>	ed;			
= Use Not Pen	mitte	ed; L	= Lin	nited	Use; N	= Ne	ighbo	rhood	l Use	Perm	it Rec	quired;	;	
S = Site Develop	men	it Pen	mit R	equir	ed; MS	s = Ma	in St	reet; (CS = 0	Comn	nercia	1 Stree	et;	
E = Employmen	E = Employment Overlay												1.46.65	
Use Categories/ Subcategories	С	NC	ER	BP	WM ⁷	МС	RE	I ⁷	T ⁷	PC	os	CC ⁷	Additional Regulations	MS/CS & E Overlays
Public Park/ Plaza/Open Space through Residential ¹ , Shopkeeper Units [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Separately Regulate	d Re	sident	ial Us	es	·. ··					-				
Continuing Care Retirement Communities	L	L	L	L		L	L			L			§141.0303	
Fraternities, Sororities and Dormitories through <i>Home</i> Occupations [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Live/Work Quarters	P	P	P	P	<u></u>	P	P			P 	<u> </u>		§141.0311	
Living Units through Permanent Supportive Housing [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Separately Regulate	d In	stitutie	onal U	ses										
Satellite Antennas through Homeless Facilities ⁶ [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Hospitals, Intermediate Care Facilities, and Nursing Facilities	P	С	P	P		P				P		P		CS, E

Table 156-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS														
LEGEND: P = 1	LEGEND: P = Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required; = Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;													
= Use Not Per	mitte	ed; L	= Lir	nited	Use; N	= Ne	ighbo	rhooc	l Use	Perm	it Rec	juired;	ı	
S = Site Develop	men	it Peri	mit R	equir	ed; MS	S = Ma	iin St	reet; (CS = 0	Comn	nercia	l Stree	et;	
E = Employmen	t Ov	erlay												
Use Categories/ Subcategories	С	NC	ER	BP	WM ⁷	МС	RE	I ⁷	T ⁷	PC	os	CC ⁷	Additional Regulations	MS/CS & E Overlays
Major Transmission, Relay or Communication Switching Station through Wireless Communication Facilities [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Retail Sales	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P		P		P	§156.0307(a), (b) & Figure C	MS, CS, E
Separately Regulate	Separately Regulated Retail Sales Uses													
Cannabis Outlets	-	-	-	-	С	-	-	C	С	-	-	С	§141.0504	
Off-Site Alcohol Beverage Sales through Commercial Services, With Live Entertainment [No change in text.]							ŗ	No cha	nge in	text.]				
With Outdoor Use Area	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N				L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	§156.0315(d)	
Building Services through Brewpub Tasting Rooms [No change in text.]							ָּ	No cha	nge in	text.]				
With Outdoor Use Area	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N	L/ N			L/ N	P	L/ N	§156.0315(d)	
With Live Entertainment through Funeral & Mortuary Services [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Instructional Studios	P	P	P	P	P	P	P			P		P		MS, CS, E

Table 156-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS														
LEGEND: P = Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required; - = Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required; S = Site Development Permit Required; MS = Main Street; CS = Commercial Street; E = Employment Overlay														
Use Categories/ Subcategories	С	NC	ER	ВР	WM ⁷	мс	RE	I ⁷	T ⁷	PC	os	CC ⁷	Additional Regulations	MS/CS & E Overlays
Maintenance & Repair through Separately Regulated Commercial Service Uses, Animal Hospitals & Kennels [No change in text.]		. [No change in text.]												
Assembly Uses, including Places of Religious Assembly	P	Į.P	P	P	P	P	С			P _.		P		CS
Bed & Breakfast Establishments through Child Care Facilities [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Outdoor Activities Through Separately Regulated Vehicle & Vehicular Equipment & Service Uses, Automobile Service Stations [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Distribution and St Distribution	orago L ⁴	e 	L ⁴	L ⁴	P	P		P	P					
Facilities	T 4		7.4	7.4		B		B	P					
Moving & Storage Facilities	L⁴		L ⁴	L ⁴	P	P		P	P	****				

Table	156	Table 156-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS												S
LEGEND: P = 1	ern	itted	by R	ight;	C = Co	nditio	nal U	se Pe	rmit F	Requir	ed;			
	= Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;													
S = Site Develop														
	E = Employment Overlay													
	Additional MS/CS													
Use Categories/	C	NC	ER	BP	WM ⁷	MC .	RE	I ⁷	T^7	PC	os	CC ⁷	Regulations	& E
Subcategories								<u> </u>					Regulations	Overlays
Separately Regulate	Separately Regulated Distribution and Storage Uses													
Temporary														
Construction														
Yards through		[No change in text.]												
Industrial,														
Trucking and														
Transportation														
Terminals [No														
change in text.]														
Separately Regulate	d In	dustria	al Uses	S										
Cannabis	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	<u> </u>	-	_		
Production														
Facilities														
Signs			l		l	1,	·	1		1	1	.	1	<u> </u>
Allowable Signs,														
Separately														
Regulated Signs														
Uses through														
Other Use	1						r	Na aha	nge in	tovt 1				
Requirements,							Į.	NO CHA	nge m	œxt.j				
Temporary Uses	1													
and Structures														
[No change in														
text.]														

Footnotes for Table 156-0308-A

§156.0309 FAR Regulations and TDRs

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Development Permit FAR

¹ through ² [No change in text.]

For hotels with 100 feet or more of street frontage along a Main Street, active commercial uses other than the hotel lobby shall constitute at least 50% of the required active commercial use frontage.

⁴ through ¹¹ [No change in text.]

The approval and recordation of a development permit establishes the distribution of gross floor area within the development. The development may consist of one or more individually-owned lots, but the permitted FAR for any individual lots remain subject to the FAR limits within the development boundaries as defined by the development permit. If a development does not require a development permit, the distribution of FAR between the lots may be executed through the recordation of a legal covenant in a form approved by the City Manager and the City Attorney.

(d) [No change in text.]

are the following:

(e) FAR Bonuses

Development may exceed the maximum base FAR for the site established by Figure H if the applicant provides certain public benefits or development amenities. Table 156-0309-A shows the maximum amount of FAR bonus that may be earned by providing benefits or amenities, and Figure J shows the maximum FAR bonus that may be purchased for a site through the FAR Payment Bonus Program (exclusive of bonuses for affordable housing as described in Section 156.0309(e)(1)). Applicants utilizing the FAR bonus program shall have CC&Rs recorded on the property, ensuring that the benefits or amenities provided to earn the bonus are maintained in perpetuity, or in the case of affordable housing, for the duration specified in Section 156.0309(e)(1)(B)(iv).

The public benefits and development amenities that may earn a FAR bonus

TABLE 156-0309-A: FAR BONUS

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) Urban Open Space. Development that reserves a portion of their site for the development of public urban open space may qualify for a FAR bonus of 1.0 or 2.0, as specified in Table 156-0309-A, subject to the following criteria:
 - (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
- (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (8) Green Building. The Centre City Green (CCG) Building Incentive Program awards *development* incentives for buildings that exceed the California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen). Two different paths to earn an *FAR bonus* are available to *applicants* as follows:
 - (A) Performance Path. The Performance Path allows applicants to demonstrate a high level of building sustainability by achieving a targeted level of performance in an existing voluntary green building rating system.
 Approved rating systems include:
 - (i) through (ii) [No change in text.]
 - (B) through (G) [No change in text.]
- (f) Exemptions from FAR CalculationsThe following exemptions apply to the calculations for FAR:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Main Streets. All floor area located on the ground floor or groundfloor mezzanine that is directly accessible to the street and is
 dedicated to active commercial uses on main streets shall not be
 counted as gross floor area for the purposes of calculating the FAR
 for the development.
- (5) [No change in text.]
- (g) [No change in text.]

§156.0310 Development Regulations

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Building Bulk. Building bulk is divided into three main areas of the building: the building base, the mid-zone, and the tower. The mid-zone shall be applicable only in the areas within the Large Floorplate and Employment Overlay Districts, as illustrated in Figure C. The development standards for building bulk are summarized in Table 156-0310-A:

TABLE 156-0310-A: DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

- (1) Building Base
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Street Wall Frontage. A street wall containing habitable space shall be provided along 100 percent of the street frontage, with the following exceptions:

- (i) through (iv) [No change in text.]
- (v) Patios and balconies up to 10 feet in depth and in front of habitable space may qualify as *street wall* must be approved through the *design review*;
- (vi) Portions of development sites associated with
 documented active faults or no-build easements
 may be exempted from the street wall requirements;
 or
- (vii) Side yard setbacks up to 5 feet in width may be approved through design review.
- (C) [No change in text.]
- (D) Minimum Street Wall Height. The minimum height of the street wall shall be 45 feet in accordance with Table 156-0310-A with the following exceptions:
 - resource, a lower street wall height may be approved as part of the design review process.

 Street wall height and design will also be subject to the review and approval processes pertaining to historical resources contained within Chapters 11 through 14 of the Land Development Code.
 - (ii) through (iv) [No change in text.]
- (E) through (G) [No change in text.]

TABLE 156-0310-B: VIEW CORRIDOR STEPBACKS

- (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) Tower
 - (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
 - (D) Tower Setback from Public Streets. Towers shall be set back from any property line adjoining a public street by a minimum of 15 feet, with the following exceptions:
 - (i) [No change in text.]
 - (ii) Two sides of a tower may be exempted from this setback requirement when it is determined through the design review process that the resulting design is improved and does not result in massing inconsistent with the neighborhood. This provision does not apply within the Little Italy Sun Access Overlay District.
 - (iii) [No change in text.]
 - (E) through (F) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Residential *Development* Requirements

 The following standards apply to residential *developments* that contain fifty or more *dwelling units*:
 - (1) Common Outdoor Open Space

Each development shall provide common outdoor open space either at grade, podium, or roof level. Common outdoor open space areas shall have a minimum dimension of 30 feet in each direction, or 40 feet between opposing building walls when bordered by three building walls exceeding a height of 15 feet, and may contain active and passive areas and a combination of hardscape and landscape features, but a minimum of 10 percent of the common outdoor open space must be planting area.

All common outdoor open space must be accessible to all residents of the development through a common corridor. Development shall provide common outdoor open spaces as a percentage of the lot area in accordance with Table 156-0310-C.

TABLE 156-0310-C: COMMON OUTDOOR OPEN SPACE		
7.0	% Common	
Lot Size	Outdoor Open Space	
<10,000 sf	10	
10,001 – 30,000 sf	15	
>30,000	20	

(2) through (5) [No change in text.]

(h) through (i) [No change in text.]

§156.0311 Urban Design Regulations

Focusing on how buildings and the spaces between them are consciously designed and integrated, the following urban design standards are intended to create a distinct urban character for the Centre City Planned District, ensure that development is designed with a pedestrian orientation, and foster a vital and active street life.

- (a) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Rooftops
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - All mechanical equipment, appurtenances, and access areas shall be intentionally grouped and architecturally *screened* within fully covered enclosures consistent with the overall composition of the building. Mechanical enclosures shall have a *screened* or louvered top to improve views from above and to provide required air circulation. Multiple roof-top individual condenser units located in orderly and linear patterns may be exempted from overhead screening through the *design review* process.
- (h) through (l) [No change in text.]

§156.0313 Parking, Loading, Traffic and Transportation Demand Management Standards

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Non-Residential Off-Street Parking Space and Loading Bay Requirements

 The parking requirements in Table 156-0313-B and Section 156.0313(b)

 shall apply to non-residential uses.

TABLE 156-0313-B NON-RESIDENTIAL OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Use Category	Minimum		Notes
Office through Warehouse & Storage [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]		
Hotel	0.3 spaces per room		Development containing less than 100 guest rooms is exempt.
Single Room Occupancy Units	Market rate unit	0.5 spaces per unit	Parking shall be based on the occupancy/rent restriction applied to the specific unit.
	50% AMI	0.1 spaces per unit	
	At or below 40% AMI	None	

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) Small Lot Commercial Development commercial development on lots of 15,000 square feet or less shall be exempt from parking requirements.
- (4) An alternative parking design for a commercial *development* may be approved for a parking area exclusively serviced by a valet parking program, subject to approval by the City Manager. The parking operation design and valet requirements shall be documented in a recorded agreement subject to approval, as to form, by the City Attorney.
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Enclosed Parking

All parking provided within a *development* shall be enclosed and architecturally integrated into, or on top of, a *structure*.

(e) Below-Grade Parking

At least three levels of below-grade parking shall be provided prior to the provision of any above-grade parking, with the following exceptions:

- (1) Below-grade parking is not required for parcels 10,000 square feet in area or less.
- (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Public parking garages and *development* located within the

 Ballpark Mixed-Use District are only required to provide two
 levels of below-grade parking prior to the provision of any abovegrade parking.
- (5) [No change in text.]
- (f) Existing Buildings

Buildings may be converted from one land use to another without providing additional parking spaces. The proposed expansion of any building that cannot meet the parking requirements may be granted a deviation from the parking requirements by the City Manager upon approval of a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 2 of this Code.

(g) Structured Parking Facility Standards

The following standards apply to all above-grade parking facilities:

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) All parking located above the ground level shall meet the following standards:

- (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
- (F) All above-grade parking facilities directly abutting a public street shall exhibit level floor areas for a minimum distance of 40 feet from the property line to allow for future conversion to habitable uses.
- (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (h) Surface Parking *Lot* Standards

 Surface parking *lots* are interim land uses and shall be designed according to the following standards:
 - (1) For sites with an approved *development permit* or those designated for as a *public park* in the Downtown Community Plan, temporary surface parking *lots* may be approved for a maximum period of two years. The parking *lots* shall be improved with appropriate paving, striping, and security lighting to City standards.
 - (2) For sites without an approved development permit or for parking

 lots improved and operated for a period of over two years, the

 following standards shall apply in addition to those listed above for
 temporary surface parking lots:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (3) [No change in text.]
- (i) Off-Site Parking Provisions

Developments may provide required off-street parking spaces at an off-site location. The off-site location shall be within 500 feet of the development

served by the parking, measured *property line* to *property line*, and shall be secured by *CC&Rs* recorded on both properties in a form acceptable to the City Attorney's Office that ensure the parking facility's use without reduction in spaces in perpetuity (unless another off-site location is secured in compliance with this Section).

(j) Parking Space Standards

All parking spaces required by this Division shall meet City standards in accordance with Section 142.0560 of the Land Development Code.

Parking spaces provided in excess of the number of spaces required may deviate from the standards, but the final and permanent size of any non-standard spaces for exclusive use by a dwelling unit in a residential development shall be disclosed to the resident prior to the execution of a sales or rental agreement.

(k) Vehicular Access

- (1) All driveways shall be perpendicular to the public sidewalk.
- (2) The maximum linear feet of curb cut for vehicular access shall be calculated at a ratio of 1 linear foot per 500 square feet of site area. Parcels containing 10,000 square feet and less may double this ratio (2 linear feet of curb cut per 500 feet of site area). Curb cuts that serve up to ten parking spaces shall be between 12 and 20 feet wide. Curb cuts that serve over ten parking spaces shall be between 20 and 30 feet wide.

- (3) All vehicular access curb cuts shall be located at least 65 feet from the curb line of the closest intersection. Curb cuts on the same parcel must be separated by at least 80 feet, with the exception of a curb cut to provide access to an off-street loading bay, which may be closer than 80 feet if the widths of both curb cuts are minimized to the extent possible. Curb cuts shall be located to minimize conflicts and maximize on-street parking. On parcels of 5,000 square feet or less, the dimensions listed above shall be reduced in half.
- (4) No curb cuts are permitted on the *streets* designated on Figure E unless driveway access is not feasible on adjacent *streets* due to *lot* size, *lot* configuration, or other significant factors.
- Driveway Slopes and Security Gates

 Driveway slopes shall meet the requirements of Section 142.0560(j)(9) of
 the Land Development Code. There shall be a transition behind the *public*right-of-way not to exceed a gradient of 5 percent for a distance of 10 feet.

 Security gates for parking garages shall be located a minimum distance of
 10 feet from the front *property line*, and the door swing of any security
 gate shall not encroach into the 10-foot required minimum distance from
 the front *property line*. Security gates shall be constructed of an upgraded
 screening material that is at least 80% non-transparent.
- (m) Centre City Cumulative Trip Generation Rates

Centre City Trip Generation Rates are as specified in the City of San Diego Land Development Manual, Appendix N.

(n) Transportation Demand Management (TDM)

To reduce single-occupant vehicle trips into the Centre City Planned

District, applicants for proposed commercial and hotel development

containing over 50,000 square feet of gross floor area shall achieve a

minimum of 25 points by implementing TDM measures contained in

Table 156-0313-D.

TABLE 156-0313-D: TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT (TDM)

[No change in text.]

§156.0314 Sign Regulations

- (a) Sign Regulations
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Provisions

In addition to the requirements of the Land Development Code
Chapter 12, Article 9, Division 8 and Chapter 14, Article 2,
Division 12, the following provisions apply:

- (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
- (D) Within the Centre City Planned District, the provision for Sign Category A of Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 12 shall apply, except in the Coastal Overlay Zone where Sign Category C shall apply.
- (3) through (4) [No change in text.]

§156.0315 Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Outdoor Use Areas

Outdoor Use Areas are subject to the following regulations:

- (1) The hours of operation of an *Outdoor Use Area* shall be limited to no later than 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and no later than 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.
- (2) Smoking and vaping is not permitted with an Outdoor Use Area, at any time. For the purpose of this section, the terms smoke, smoking, vape, and vaping have the same meanings as in Section 43.1001.
- (3) Any establishment with an *Outdoor Use Area* located above the ground-level and/or that is greater than 350 square feet in area shall obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with a Process Two.
- (e) Outdoor activities

Outdoor activities include a variety of community serving uses and events and may include the use of structures and small buildings. Applicants proposing the use of any structures or small buildings shall obtain all necessary permits in accordance with state and local regulations. Outdoor activities are subject to the following additional regulations and permits:

(1) through (3) [No change in text.]

- (f) Alternative Interim Uses within Neighborhood Mixed Use Centers and along Main Streets and Commercial Streets are permitted upon approval of a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Process Three, when the following findings are made:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]

The initial term for a Conditional Use Permit permitting *Alternative Interim Uses* shall not exceed a ten-year period. Extensions may be approved in accordance with Section 126.0114, but shall not exceed an additional ten-year period.

(g) Living Units.

Living unit developments are permitted in the zones indicated in Table 156-0308-A subject to the following regulations:

- (1) through (13) [No change in text.]
- (h) Historical Resources

All *development* proposals that may result in the alteration of an *historical* resource, or any site containing a structure over 45 years in age, shall be reviewed as provided in Chapters 11 through 14 of this Code.

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (i) Historical Buildings Occupied by Uses Not Otherwise Allowed

 Historical buildings occupied by uses not otherwise allowed may be

 permitted with a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Process Three subject to the following regulations:
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]

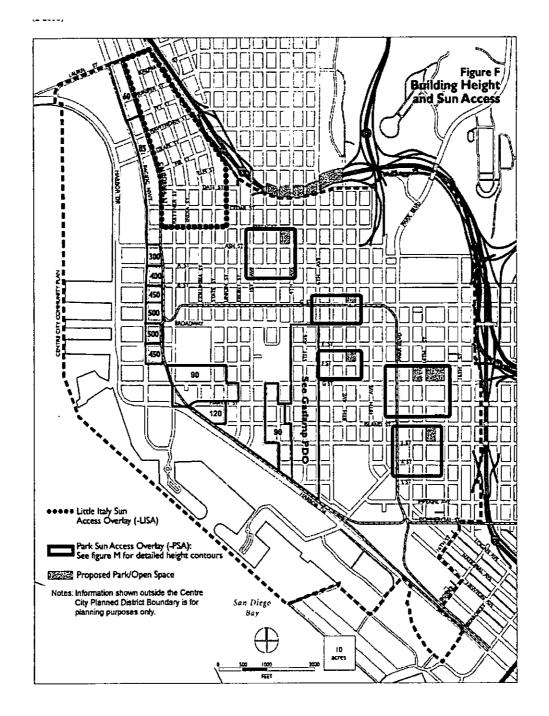
- (j) Social Service Institutions, Transitional Housing or Homeless Facilities

 Applicants for a Conditional Use Permit for a social service institution,

 transitional housing or a homeless facility may request a modification to
 the standard development regulations, including separation requirements,

 found in Chapter 14 of this Code. Any such request may be granted by the
 decision maker if at least one of the following findings is made:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text,]
- (k) Reasonable Accommodations [No change in text.]

Figures A through E



Figures G through H

[No change in text.]

Figures J through N

[No change in text.]

Section 31. That Chapter 15, Article 7, Division 2 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 157.0201, to read as follows:

§157.0201 Gaslamp Quarter Approvals and Permits

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Permits
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Neighborhood Use Permit
 - (A) A Neighborhood Use Permit, in accordance with Process

 Two, is required for the following uses:
 - (i) Sidewalk cafés in the *public right-of-way* or any other outdoor area for eating or drinking on private property used in connection with a commercial establishment;
 - (ii) Deviations to parking requirements pursuant to Section 157.0401(f); or
 - (iii) Restaurants, including brew pubs or microbreweries, engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption during business

hours when made-to-order food products are not available, as provided in Section 157.0305(a)(2).

- (B) [No change in text.]
- (3) Conditional Use Permit
 - (A) A Conditional Use Permit, in accordance with Process

 Three, is required for the following uses:
 - (i) Establishments providing live music, entertainment or dancing, as provided in Section 157.0305(c)(2) and (4);
 - (ii) Establishments engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption off the *premises*; and
 - (iii) Ground floor uses over 10,000 square feet.
 - (B) [No change in text.]
- (4) [No change in text.]

Section 32. That Chapter 15, Article 7, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 157.0305, to read as follows:

§157.0305 Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) Alcoholic Beverage Sales for On-Site Consumption
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) A Neighborhood Use Permit shall be required for the restaurants, including brew pubs or micro-breweries, engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption during business hours when made-to-order food products are not available.

- (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Live entertainment

Live entertainment means live performances by musicians, singers, dancers, disc jockeys, or similar entertainers, and may include dancing by customers of an establishment. The provision of live entertainment shall comply with Chapter 3, Article 3, Division 15 of this Code, as applicable, and shall be subject to the following additional regulations and permits:

- (1) Acoustic live entertainment
 - (A) Restaurants which offer made-to-order food products
 during all business hours may offer performances by live
 acoustic musicians, dancers, or similar performers as an
 accessory use up to 11:00 p.m., if the entertainment is not
 audible outside of the establishment.
 - (B) Any other establishment offering performances by live acoustic musicians, dancers, or similar performers shall obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Process Two. The performances shall not be audible outside the establishment.
- (2) Non-acoustic live entertainment
 - (A) Any establishment offering performances within an enclosed building by live non-acoustic musicians, disc jockeys, or patron dancing, shall obtain a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Process Three.

- (B) If located upon or adjacent to a *premises* containing residential land uses the establishment shall provide a noise impact analysis to the decision-maker for consideration before approval of the Conditional Use Permit. The noise impact analysis shall be prepared by a qualified acoustical. engineer and shall evaluate potential noise and vibration impacts to the surrounding neighborhood.
- (3) Hotels and *motels* offering live entertainment in an area completely enclosed within the building and accessed solely through the lobby area are not subject to Section 156.0315(c)(1) or (2), if the live entertainment is not audible outside of the building.
- (4) Live entertainment located outside of an enclosed building

 Establishments offering live entertainment outside of an enclosed

 building shall obtain a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with

 Process Three. The establishment shall provide a noise impact

 analysis to the decision-maker for consideration before approval of
 the Conditional Use Permit. The noise impact analysis shall be

 prepared by a qualified acoustical engineer and shall evaluate noise
 and vibration impacts to the surrounding neighborhood.
- (5) Sound and amplification equipment associated with live entertainment shall conform to the noise abatement and control regulations of Chapter 5, Article 9.5 of this Code.
- (d) Uses Containing Outdoor Areas for Eating or Drinking

Establishments with outdoor areas for eating or drinking located either on private property or in the *public right-of-way* in connection with a commercial establishment shall be required to obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Process Two.

- (e) Ground Floor Uses Over 10,000 Square Feet

 The following findings must be made for approval of a Conditional Use

 Permit for uses occupying more than 10,000 square feet on the ground

 floor:
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]

Section 33. That Chapter 15, Article 7, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 157.0401, to read as follows:

§157.0401 Off-Street Parking Requirements

- (a) There shall be no required minimum parking for any uses in the Gaslamp

 Quarter Planned District. The maximum parking requirements as outlined in Table 157-0401-A shall apply.
- (b) Bicycle Storage. Secured bicycle storage shall be provided at a ratio of one area reasonably sized to accommodate one bicycle for every five dwelling units. Bicycle storage areas shall be enclosed with access restricted to authorized persons. Any common storage area to serve more than one dwelling unit shall provide racks or fixtures on which to lock individual bicycles.
- (c) Provided Parking. If one or more off-street parking spaces are provided in a development, then the following requirements apply:

- (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (5) Reasonable accommodations to the parking requirements shall be granted if necessary, to afford disabled persons equal housing opportunities under state and federal law, in accordance with Section 131.0466.
- (d) Maximum Parking. Off-street parking spaces in tandem or within a mechanical automobile lift are not counted as additional off-street parking space. A development may exceed the maximum off-street parking spaces identified in Table 157-0401-A if all of the following apply:
 - (1) At least 20 percent of the total off-street parking spaces provided include electric vehicle supply equipment for the ready installation of charging stations;
 - (2) The *development* provides transportation amenities in accordance with Section 142.0528(c) worth at least four points; and
 - (5) Any off-street parking spaces shall be within an underground parking garage.

TABLE 157-0401-A: OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS		
Minimum	Maximum	Notes
	1.5 spaces per 1,000 sf	
	1.0 spaces per 1,000 sf	
	0.3 spaces per room	
	1.0 spaces per	
		Minimum 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sf 1.0 spaces per 1,000 sf 0.3 spaces per room 1.0 spaces per

Supportive Housing	

Section 34. That a full reading of this Ordinance is dispensed with prior to passage, a written copy having been made available to the Council and the public prior to the day of its passage.

Section 35. That prior to becoming effective, this Ordinance shall be submitted to the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (SDCRAA) for a consistency determination.

That if the SDCRAA finds this Ordinance consistent with the Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans (ALUCP) for San Diego International Airport, Marine Corps Air Station Miramar, Gillespie Field, Montgomery Field, and Brown Field Airport (collectively, Airports), this Ordinance shall take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day from and after the finding of consistency, or on the thirtieth day from and after its final passage, whichever is later, except that the provisions of this Ordinance inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, which are subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, shall not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment.

That if the SDCRAA determines that this Ordinance is inconsistent or conditionally consistent, subject to proposed modifications, with the ALUCPs for the Airports, the Ordinance shall be submitted to the City Council for reconsideration.

That if the SDCRAA determines that this Ordinance is conditionally consistent with the ALUCPs for the Airports, but that consistency is subject to proposed modifications, the City Council may amend this Ordinance to accept the proposed modifications, and this Ordinance as amended shall take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day from and after its final passage, except that the provisions of this Ordinance as amended inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, which

are subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, shall not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment.

That a proposed decision by the City Council to overrule a determination of inconsistency or to reject the proposed modifications for a finding of conditional consistency shall include the findings required pursuant to Public Utilities Code section 21670 and require a two-thirds vote. The proposed decision and findings shall be forwarded to the SDCRAA, the California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics, and the airport operators for the Airports. The City Council shall hold a second hearing not less than 45 days from the date the proposed decision and findings were provided, at which hearing any comments submitted by the public agencies shall be considered and a final decision to overrule a determination of inconsistency shall require a two-thirds vote.

That if the City Council makes a final decision to overrule a determination of inconsistency, this Ordinance shall take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day from and after that final decision, except that the provisions of this Ordinance inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, which are subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, shall not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment.

Section 36. That no permits shall be issued for development that is inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance unless a deemed complete application for such permits is submitted to the City prior to the date on which the applicable provisions of this Ordinance become effective.

Section 37. That Ordinance O-2021-43 has been recently considered by the City Council and amends the San Diego Municipal Code section also amended by this Ordinance; therefore, the City Clerk, with the written approval and concurrence of the City Attorney, is authorized to reconcile the numbering of sections and placement of text within this section upon the final passage of the Ordinances, without further action by the City Council, pursuant to San Diego Charter section 275.

APPROVED: MARA W. ELLIOTT, City Attorney

By

Corrine L. Neuffer Deputy City Attorney

CLN:als 12/10/2020 01/10/2021 Cor. Copy 02/26/2021 REV. 05/11/2021 COR. COPY 2

Or. Dept: Planning Doc. No.: 2561639 3

San Diego, at this me	eeting of	<u></u> •
		ELIZABETH S. MALAND City Clerk
		Ву
		Deputy City Clerk
Approved:		
	(date)	TODD GLORIA, Mayor
Vetoed:		
, oto ea.	(date)	TODD GLORIA, Mayor
	(See attached memo and	signature page.)

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was passed by the Council of the City of

Office of The City Attorney City of San Diego

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 17, 2021

TO:

Stacy Ready, Legislative Recorder

FROM:

Corrine L. Neuffer, Deputy City Attorney

SUBJECT:

O-21288 (O-2021-80) 2020 Update to Municipal Code

This Memorandum is presented, pursuant to San Diego Charter (Charter) section 275(a), to notify the Office of the City Clerk that this Office is requesting to correct a typographical or clerical error in Table 142-04A with respect to Ordinance No. O-21288 (O-2021-80). This Office approves of the requested correction, as permitted under the provision of Charter section 275(a)¹.

We are submitting a corrected clean copy and strikeout of the 2020 Land Development Code ordinance (both COR. COPY 2) to reflect the following change:

In Table 142-04A titled "Landscape Regulations Applicability" (on page 31 of both the ordinance and strikeout), on the row titled "13. *Condominium Conversions*," is correct to delete "142.0406" and replace it with "142.0403" under the "Applicable Regulations" column.

No other substantive changes were made on the ordinance or strikeout.

CLN:cm

Doc. No.: 2658798

cc:

Gil Sanchez, Associate Management Analyst Sonia Pickens, Municipal Code Administrator

An alteration necessary only to correct a typographical or clerical error or omission may be performed by the City Clerk with the written approval and concurrence of the City Attorney, so long as the alteration does not materially or substantially alter the contents, requirements, rights, responsibilities, conditions, or prescriptions contained in the original text of the ordinance. A typographical or clerical error shall include, but is not limited to, incorrect spelling, grammar, numbering, punctuation, transposed words or numbers, and duplicate words or numbers.

San Diego Charter § 275(a).

¹ Charter section 275 addresses modifications to ordinances as follows:

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was p San Diego, at this meeting of01/26/2021	eassed by the Council of the City of
	ELIZABETH S. MALAND City Clerk
	By /s/ Stacy D. Ready Deputy City Clerk
Approved: 1/29/21 (date)	GODD GLORIA GOOD
Vetoed:(date)	TODD GLORIA, Mayor

"The date of final passage is February 1, 2021, which represents the day this ordinance was returned to the Office of the City Clerk with the Mayor's signature of approval."

STRIKEOUT ORDINANCE

OLD LANGUAGE: Struck Out

NEW LANGUAGE: Double Underline

ORDINANCE NUMBER O	(NEW SERIES)
DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE	

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 6. DIVISION 7 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 26.0716; AMENDING CHAPTER 9, ARTICLE 8, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 98.0202: AMENDING CHAPTER 9, ARTICLE 8, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 98.0610; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2. DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 112.0310; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 112.0520; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 113.0234 AND 113.0270; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 123.0402; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 129.0710; AMENDING CHAPTER 13. ARTICLE 1. DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0222; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0422, 131.0431, 131.0445, AND 131.0446; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0522, 131.0540, AND 131.0543; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0622; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0707: AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 141.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 141.0309 AND 141.0312; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 141.0421; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY ADDING NEW SECTION 141.0627; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0402, 142.0403, 142.0405, 142.0406, 142.0407, 142.0408, 142.0409, 142.0410, 142.0411, 142.0412, AND 142.0413; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY

AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0510 AND 142.0530; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.0640; AMENDING CHAPTER 14 ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 12 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.1235; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0126; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0450; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0740; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 151.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 154.0405; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 155.0251 AND 155.0253; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 156.0302, 156.0305, 156.0307, 156.0308, 156.0309, 156.0310, 156.0311, 156.0313, 156.0314, AND 156.0315; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0201; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0305; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 157.0401, RELATING TO THE 2020 SAN DIEGO LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE/MUNICIPAL CODE UPDATE.

§26.0716 Compliance with Civic Enhancement Allocation Regulations

- in accordance with the provisions of section 26.0714(b)(3), no building permit for the development may be issued without payment of the in-lieu fee to the City's Public Art Fund the in-lieu fee shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by the City.
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

§98.0202 Mobilehomes, Recreational Vehicles and Commercial Coaches Located Outside Licensed Mobilehome and Special Occupancy Parks— Special Permit— Fee

- (a) No person shall use or occupy any mobilehome, commercial coach or recreational vehicle on private property not licensed as a mobilehome park or special occupancy park except as follows:
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) For residential uses authorized by Neighborhood Development

 Permit and Site Development Permit regulations pursuant to

 Sections 126.0402(e) and 126.0502(b).
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§98.0610 Payment of Housing Impact Fee

Impact Fee shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the Nonresidential Development

Project performed by the City no Building Permit shall be issued for construction of, or interior remodel of, any Nonresidential Development

Project subject to this Division unless and until the Housing Impact Fee provided for in this Division is paid to the City. The amount of the Housing Impact Fee shall be determined as follows, in accordance with the fee schedule set forth in Appendix A in effect on the date the project application is deemed complete, upon the issuance of a Building Permit or payment of the Housing Impact Fee, whichever occurs later, as follows:

Gross Square Feet Nonresidential Space X (Applicable Fee by type of use

as determined by the Mayor or his or her designee by application of APPENDIX A to this Division) = Housing Payment. For purposes of this Division, the Housing Impact Fee for an interior remodel shall be the fees for the new use, less any fees that either were paid or would have been paid based on the existing use of the building.

(b) [No change in text.]

§112.0310 Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination

In accordance with Chapter 12, Article 8, Division 2, the Planning Director implements the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the State CEQA Guidelines within the City of San Diego. While not required by CEQA, in some circumstances the City requires the posting of a Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination for activities that are subject to CEQA.

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) A Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination shall be posted on the <u>City's website on the</u> date of the *environmental determination* as <u>follows:</u>
 - (1) At the City of San Diego, Development Services Department in a location easily accessible to the public; and
 - (2) On the City of San Diego's website.
- (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) A Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination posted in accordance with Section 112.0310(d) shall remain posted for 10 business days. as follows:

- (1) For an environmental determination that involves a development

 permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action pursuant to the

 Land Development Code, for 10 business days;
- (2) For an environmental determination that does not involve a

 development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action

 pursuant to the Land Development Code, for 5 business days.

§112.0520 Environmental Determination Appeals

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Time for Filing an Appeal

 An application to appeal an environmental determination shall be filed in the Office of with the City Clerk as follows:
 - (1) Within 10 business days for environmental determinations that

 involve a development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary
 action pursuant to the Land Development Code and within 5

 business days for environmental determinations that do not involve
 a development permit, tentative map, or other discretionary action
 pursuant to the Land Development Code, from the date of the
 posting of the Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental

 Determination; or
 - (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) Scheduling Appeal Hearings. The appeal hearing before the City Council shall be held no later than 60 calendar days after the date on which the application for an appeal is filed, unless there are more than 60 calendar

Council President determines that the item cannot be heard within the 60 calendar days, in which case the appeal hearing shall be held at the first regularly scheduled City Council meeting after the 60 calendar days have passed or when the Council President determines that the item can be heard. Failure to hold the hearing within the 60 calendar days shall not limit the authority of the City Council to consider the appeal. The appeal hearing shall be noticed in accordance with Section 112.0308.

- (d) through (f) [No change in text.]
- The appeal and any appeal hearings of an environmental determination
 that a project is not subject to the California Environmental Quality Act
 pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21080(b)(2)-(4)
 because it is an emergency action shall occur in accordance with Section
 112.0520. The emergency action may proceed during the pending of the
 appeal period and any later appeal hearings.

§113.0103 Definitions

Adult day care facilities means a facility that operates on a less than 24-hour basis and may provide medical care or personal care services to persons 18 years or older, including supervision or an organized day program of therapeutic, social, and health activities, and may serve persons with either physical or mental functional impairments.

Advertising display sign through Permit holder [No change in text.]

Abutting property through Accessory use [No change in text.]

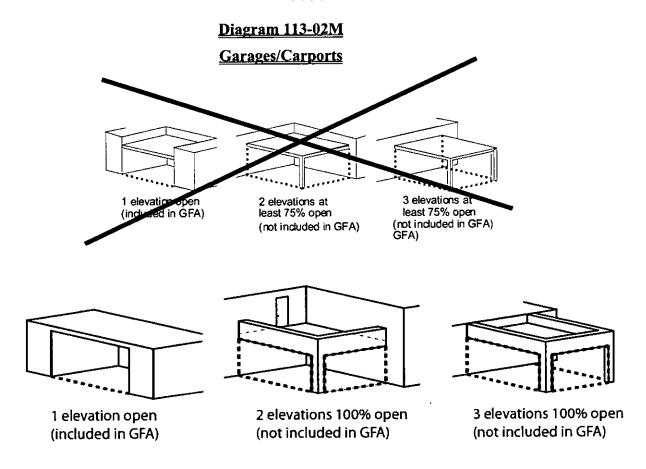
Placemaking means the temporary use of public right-of-way and private property that activates streetscapes by enhancing the pedestrian experience and providing neighborhood-serving activities, experiences, or spaces and includes temporary, small-scale development specifically designed to support that temporary use. Projects that may qualify as placemaking uses include, but are not limited to, those that provide areas for pedestrians to briefly rest (e.g., plazas, shade structures, and benches), promote the use of underutilized space (e.g., landscaping and decorative lighting), and improve and promote pedestrian activity and other uses of the public right-of-way (e.g., bicycle racks and refuse containers), and activate property parking areas in a transit priority area (e.g., outdoor dining). Planned Urbanized Communities through Yard [No change in text.]

§113.0234 Calculating Gross Floor Area

Gross floor area is calculated in relationship to the structure and grade adjacent to the exterior walls of a building. The elements included in the gross floor area calculation differ according to the type of development proposed and are listed in Section 113.0234(a)-(c). Gross floor area does not include the elements listed in Section 113.0234(d). The total gross floor area for a premises is regulated by the floor area ratio development standard.

- (a) Elements Included in Gross Floor Area for Development in All Zones(1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) Gross floor area includes on- or above-grade parking structures, garages, and carports that are constructed and maintained with less than two elevations of the element that are at least 75 100 percent

completely open, measured from the finish-floor to the bottom of the floor or roof elevation immediately above, except for the support columns with maximum dimensions of 18 inches by 18 inches in plan view, as shown in Diagram 113-02M, and except where the parking structure design meets the exemptions identified in Section 113.0234(d)(3).



- (7) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§113.0270 Measuring Structure Height

(a) Structure Height of Buildings and Structures (Excluding Fences,

Retaining Walls, or Signs)

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Special Circumstances
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Measuring Structure Height for Subterranean Areas
 - (i) [No change in text.]
 - (ii) Exterior Subterranean Areas. The overall structure height measurement shall not include subterranean vehicular access, exterior subterranean pedestrian access, light wells of less than 5 feet from the building wall, or ventilation to a basement. Overall structure height shall instead be measured from an imaginary plane connecting to the lowest adjacent grade immediately above the exterior subterranean space, as shown in Diagram 113-0200.

Diagram 113-0200

Access and Ventilation to Basement

[No change in text.]

- (C) [No change in text.]
- (D) Structure Height of Buildings subject to Coastal Height
 Limit in accordance with Section 132.0505.
 - (i) through (ii) [No change in text.]
 - (iii) Structure height of buildings subject to the CoastalHeight Limit shall also comply with the zoning

height measurement calculations for plumb line in Section 113.0270(a)(2)(A) and overall height in Section 113.0270(a)(2)(B) requirements measured in accordance with this Division.

- (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

§123.0402 When a Temporary Use Permit Is Required

A Temporary Use Permit is required for the following uses:

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Temporary storage containers located within the public right-of-way.

§129.0710 How to Apply for a Public Right-of-Way Permit

An application for a Public Right-of-Way Permit shall be submitted in accordance with Sections 112.0102 and 129.0105. The submittal requirements for Public Right-of-Way Permits are listed in the Land Development Manual. A development permit is required prior to issuance of a Public Right-of-Way Permit for the following:

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Notwithstanding Sections 129.0710(a)-(c), a development permit is not required prior to issuance of a Public Right-of-Way Permit for placemaking or a recreational amenity in the public right-of-way, subject to the following regulations. For purposes of Section 129.0710, a recreational amenity is defined as any improvement that provides

recreational value to residents or visitors and that enhances the pedestrian or bicycle travel experience. subject to the following regulations:

- (1) Applicants proposing a placemaking or recreational amenity project in the public right-of-way shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City Manager that the project constitutes a lawful use of the public right-of-way.
- (2) [No change in text.]
- temporary removal of one or more parking spaces to accommodate the project, the City Manager may approve the temporary removal as part of the Public Right-of-Way Permit only in accordance with the procedures described in Municipal Code section 86.0104, except that compliance with the Angle Parking Standards shall not be required unless otherwise applicable, and that, in no case shall the City Manager approve temporary removal of parking for a placemaking project that results in temporary removal of parking on that segment of the street in excess of 25 percent of the total number of parking spaces available within that segment.
- (4) The term of the Public Right-of-Way Permit shall not exceed five years with the exception of placemaking and recreational amenities. The term shall not be limited in accordance with Municipal Code section 129.0750 and shall not be eligible for an extension of time pursuant to Municipal Code section 129.0751.

Placemaking and recreational amenities shall be removed in accordance with the Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement required in Section 129.0715. At the expiration of the term, the placemaking project shall be removed and the permit holder shall return the public right of way property to its original condition, to the satisfaction of the City Manager. Removal shall not be required if a new Public Right of Way Permit is obtained prior to its expiration.

- The permit holder shall be responsible for maintaining the placemaking or recreational amenity project. Maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, posting of the name, phone number, and email address of the party responsible for the placemaking or recreational amenity project in a location visible from the public right-of-way, keeping the placemaking or recreational amenity project area free of litter, and preventing litter attributable to the placemaking or recreational amenity project from occurring on adjacent properties.
- (6) A placemaking or recreational amenity use that contains elements governed by other laws and regulations shall also be subject to those laws and regulations.
- (7) The *placemaking* or recreational amenity project shall not occur in an Industrial Base Zone or a Residential-Single Unit (RS) Zone.

- (8) The placemaking or recreational amenity project shall not include commercial services, retail, or assembly and entertainment uses as accessory uses. If a placemaking project or recreational amenity is located within 15 feet of a permitted eating and drinking establishment and is located on a City street with a posted speed limit no greater than 30 miles per hour, the establishment may conduct outdoor dining operations within the placemaking project or recreational amenity. The hours of operation of the outdoor operations shall be limited to the hours that the kitchen facilities of the associated eating and drinking establishment are open for meal ordering. Alcohol, food, or beverages shall not be served or permitted within the placemaking or recreational amenity area after 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and after 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.
- (9) The placemaking or recreational amenity project shall allow for safe and efficient visibility and circulation for motor vehicle users and other users of the public right-of way, including bicyclists and pedestrians, and shall not impede the safe use of parking spaces or travel lanes in the public right-of-way, as determined by the City Engineer.
- (10) In the Coastal Overlay Zone, an applicant for a placemaking or recreational amenity project in the public right-of-way shall obtain a Coastal Development Permit pursuant to Section 126.0702.

§131.0222 Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

The uses allowed in the open space zones are shown in Table 131-02B.

Legend for Table 131-02B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-02B

Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator							
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd >>	0	OP- OC-			R ⁽¹⁾ -	OF ⁽¹¹⁾ -	
	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-		1-	1-	
	4th >>	1	1	1	1	2	1	
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visit Accommodations [No change in text.]	Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]		[N	o change	e in	text.]	
Separately Regulated Commercial Services Us	ses							
Adult Day Care Facility		<u>L</u>	:	= =		=	111	
Adult Entertainment Establishments: through S Separately Regulated Signs Uses, Theater Machange in text.]		[N	o chang	e in	text.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-02B [No change in text.]

§131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131-03B.

Legend for Table 131-03B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-03B Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator	Zones		
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	1st & 2nd >>	AG	AR	
Uses]	3rd >>	1-	1-	

4th >:	> 1	2	1	2
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]	[N	o chan	ge in to	ext.]
Separately Regulated Commercial Services Uses				
<u>Adult Day Care Facility</u>		<u>=</u>		<u>L</u>
Adult Entertainment Establishments: through Signs, Separately Regulated Signs Uses, Theater Marquees [No change in text.]		o chan	ge in to	ext.]

Footnotes for Table 131-03B [No change in text.]

§131.0422 Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The uses allowed in the residential zones are shown in the Table 131-04B.

Legend for Table 131-04B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-04B Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for	Zone Designator	İ	Zones	.	
an explanation and	1 st & 2nd>>	RE-	RS-	RX-	RT-
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories,	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-	1-
and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 23	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1 2	1 2 3 4 5
Open Space through Commer Services, Visitor Accommoda change in text.] Separately Regulated Commerce	ations [No		[No change in tex	,	
Services Uses	iller Crai				
Adult Day Care Facility		<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>
Adult Entertainment Estable through Signs, Separately Signs Uses, Theater Marque change in text.]	Regulated		[No change in tex	t.]	

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator							Zoi	nes				
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	1st & 2nd >>	•					-	RN	v[-	•			
descriptions of the Use	3rd >>		1-			2-			3-		4	1-	5-
Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.]						}	No c	hang	ge in 1	text.]			
Separately Regulated Co Services Uses	mmercial										_		
Adult Day Care Facility			<u>L</u>	_		<u>L</u>			L			<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>
Adult Entertainment Esta through Signs, Separate Signs Uses, Theater Man change in text.]	ly Regulated						[No c	hang	ge in 1	text.]			

Footnotes for Table 131-04B [No change in text.]

§131.0431 Development Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The following development regulations apply in the residential zones as shown in Tables 131-04C, 131-04D, 131-04E, 131-04F, and 131-04G.

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) RM Zones

Table 131-04G Development Regulations for RM Zones

Development Regulations	Zone Designator			Zo	nes						
[See Section 131.0430 for Development	1st & 2nd >>		RM-								
Regulations of Residential	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-	2-	2-	2-				
Zones]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6				
Maximum per density ^{(1),(2)} (sf) through Max lo [No change in t	per DU) It coverage ext.]	0.75	0.90(19)	[No chang	ge in text.]	1.35(19)	1.50 ⁽¹⁹⁾				
Max floor area			0.90	1.05	1.20	1.55	1.50				
Accessory uses structures [See 131.0448] throu Visibility Area Section 113.02' change in text.]	Section igh [See			[No chan	ge in text.]						

Development		- .		Zo	nes						
Regulations [See Section 131.0430 for	Designator 1st & 2nd >>	<u></u>	RM								
Development Regulations	3rd >>	3-									
of Residential Zones]	4th >>	7	8	9	10	11	12				
Maximum pe density ^{(1),(2)} (st through Max s height (ft) [No text.]	f per DU) structure	[No change in text.]									
Max lot cover	age	- <u>7.000</u>	- <u>7,000</u>	- <u>7,000</u>	applies ⁽²¹⁾	applies (21)	applies(34)				
Max floor are	a ratio	1.80 ⁽²⁰⁾	2.25 (20)	2.70 (20)	3.60 ⁽²⁰⁾	7.20 (20)	1.80 ^{(20).(35)}				
Accessory use structures [Se 131.0448 thro Visibility Are Section 113.02 change in text	e Section ugh a [See 273] [No			[No chan	ge in text.]						

Footnotes for Table 131-04G

113.0270(a)(4)(D).

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1 through 18 [No change in text.]
      See Section 131.0446(e).
20
      See Section 131.0446(f).
21
      See Section 131.0445(c).
22
      See Section 131.0455(a).
23
       See Section 131.0455(b).
24
       See Section 131.0455(c).
25
       See Section 131.0455(d).
26
       See Section 131.0464(d).
27
       See Section 131.0464(e).
28
       See Section 131.0464(f).
       With the Peninsula and Ocean Beach community plan areas, the maximum floor area ratio is 0.70.
29
30
       See Section 131.0443(h)(1).
31
       See Section 131.0443(h)(2).
32
       See Section 131.0443(h)(3).
33
       See Section 131.0443(h)(4).
34
       See Section 131.0445(d)(c).
35
       See Section 131.0446(g)(e).
       Within the La Jolla, Pacific Beach, and Torrey Pines community plan areas, the maximum permitted density
36
       is one dwelling unit or two guest rooms for each 1,500 square feet of lot area.
37
       Within the Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone in the Peninsula Community Plan area, the base zone
       maximum structure height shall be 30 feet, which shall be determined in accordance with Section
```

§131.0445 Lot Coverage in Residential Zones

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) In the RM-4-10 and RM-4-11 zones, maximum lot coverage is 50 percent for interior lots and 60 percent for corner lots.
- (d)(c) In the RM-5-12 zone, maximum lot coverage is 50 percent for interior lots and 60 percent for corner lots, except that maximum lot coverage for any premises that has a building exceeding 4 stories or 48 feet in height shall be reduced in accordance with Table 131-04I.

Table 131-04I Lot Coverage in RM-5-12 Zone

[No change in text.]

§131.0446 Maximum Floor Area Ratio in Residential Zones

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

- (e) In the RM 1 2, RM 1 3, RM-2-4, RM 2-5, and RM 2-6 zones, a minimum of one-fourth of the permitted floor area ratio shall be reserved for required parking. The maximum floor area ratio for all structures on the premises, excluding underground parking structures, shall not exceed the maximum permitted floor area ratio for the zone as identified in Table 131-04G, except that a floor area ratio bonus shall be provided equal to the gross floor area of the underground parking structure.
- In the RM 3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, RM-4-10, RM-4-11, and RM-5-12

 zones, excluding development using the Affordable Housing Regulations

 in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7, a minimum of one third of the

 permitted floor area ratio shall be reserved for required parking. The

 maximum floor area ratio for all structures on the premises, excluding

 underground parking structures, shall not exceed the maximum permitted

 floor area ratio for the zone as identified in Table 131-04G, except that a

 floor area ratio bonus shall be provided equal to the gross floor area of
 the underground parking structure.
- (g)(e) In the RM-5-12 zone, the maximum permitted floor area ratio for buildings exceeding 4 stories or 48 feet of structure height shall be increased in accordance with Table 131-04K.

Table 131-04K

Floor Area Ratio in the RM-5-12 Zone

[No change in text.]

§131.0522 Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

The uses allowed in the commercial zones are shown in Table 131-05B.

Legend for Table 131-05B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-05B Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator				Zone	S			
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of	1st & 2nd >>	(1)	C	R-		CO-		CV-	CP-
the Use Categories,	3rd >>	1-	1-	2-	1-	2-	3-	1-	1-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3 4 5 6	1	1	1 2	1 2	1 2 3	1 2	1
Open Space through Commercial S Visitor Accommodations [No chan			[No o	change:	in text.	.]		
Separately Regulated Commerci									
Uses <u>Adult Day Care Facility</u>		<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u></u>	<u>L</u>	-	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	=
Adult Entertainment Establishme Signs, Separately Regulated Sign Theater Marquees [No change in	gns Uses,		· [No o	change	in text	.]	•	

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an	Zone Designator						
explanation and descriptions of	1st & 2nd >>						
the Use Categories,	3rd >>	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3	1 2 3 4 5	4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
Open Space through Commercial Services, Visitor Accommodations [No change in text.] Separately Regulated Commercial Services				[No char	nge in text.]		
Uses			 		T 7	, ,	
Adult Day Care Facility] <u>L</u>	=	<u>L</u>	L		
Adult Entertainment Establishment Signs, Separately Regulated Signs Theater Marquees [No change in	gns Uses,			[No change	in text.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-05B [No change in text.]

- §131.0540 Maximum Permitted Residential Density and Other Residential Regulations

 The following regulations apply to residential development within commercial zones where indicated in Table 131-05B:
 - (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
 - (d) Residential *Development*. Where residential *development* is permitted, the development regulations of the RM-1-1, RM-2-5, RM-3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, and RM-4-10 zones apply as appropriate according to the maximum permitted residential *density*, except that the *lot* area, *lot* dimensions, *setback*, *floor area ratio*, and *structure height* requirements of the applicable commercial zone apply. The *floor area ratio* bonus for providing underground parking as set forth in Sections 131.0446(e) and 131.0446(f) shall apply:
 - (e) [No change in text.]

§131.0543 Setback Requirements for Commercial Zones

Setback requirements are specified in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E and are subject to the following exceptions and additional regulations:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Minimum Side and Rear Setback
 - (1) In zones that require a 10-foot minimum side or rear setback and provide the option for no a zero-foot side or rear setbacks-as shown in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E, the structure shall either be placed at anywhere in between the property line or shall be set back at least 10 feet and the minimum 10-foot setback.

- (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]

§131.0622 Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

The uses allowed in the industrial zones are shown in Table 131-06B.

Legend for Table 131-06B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-06B Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an	Zone Designator					Zo	nes	·			
explanation and descriptions of the	1st & 2nd> >		IP-			IL-		IH-		IS-	IBT-
Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	3rd >>	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	1-	1-
Soparatory regulated eses	4th >>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Open Space through Commercia Visitor Accommodations [No ch Separately Regulated Commercial Uses	ange in text.]				O/L]	chang		.ехі. ј			
Adult Day Care Facility		=	Ļ	<u>L</u>	=	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	=	=	<u>L</u>	=
Adult Entertainment Establish Signs, Separately Regulated . Theater Marquees [No change	Signs Uses,				[No	chang	ge in 1	text.]			

Footnotes for Table 131-06B [No change in text.]

§131.0707 Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

The uses allowed in the mixed-use zones are shown in Table 131-07A.

Legend for Table 131-07A

[No change in text.]

Table 131-07A Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator			Zon	es			
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	n 131.0112 for an and descriptions of the ries, Subcategories, and		RMX	3	EMX 1 2 3			
1 , 0	2nd >>							
Open Space through Institutional, Separately Regulated Institutional Uses, Wireless communication facility outside the public right-of-way [No change in text.]			[N:	o change	e in tex	.t.j		
Retail Sales	-							
Building Supplies & Equipmen	t	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	
Food, Beverages and Groceries		P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	
Consumer Goods, Furniture, A Equipment		P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	P ⁽⁸⁾	P(8)	P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	
Pets & Pet Supplies	······	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	P(8)	
Sundries, Pharmaceutical, & C Sales	onvenience	P(8)	P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	P ⁽⁸⁾	P(8)	P(8)	
Wearing Apparel & Accessorie	s	P(8)	P ^(<u>8</u>)	P(8)	P ⁽⁸⁾	P ⁽⁸⁾	P(8)	
Separately Regulated Retail Sale through Commercial Services, Vi Accommodations [No change in t	es Uses sitor		N	o change	in tex	tt.]		
Separately Regulated Commerci Uses								
Adult Day Care Facility		<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	
Adult Entertainment Establishme Signs, Separately Regulated Sign Theater Marquees [No change in	gns Uses,		[N	o change	e in tex	kt.]		

Footnotes for Table 131-07A

¹ through ⁷ [No change in text.]

⁸ Development of a large retail establishment is subject to Section 143.0302.

§141.0103 Applicable Regulations for Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) Except as specifically provided in this <u>aA</u>rticle, separately regulated uses are subject to the following regulations unless a variance has been approved in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 8:

 (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (b) [No change in text.]

§141,0309 Interim Ground Floor Residential

Residential development within commercial zones is permitted only when a commercial structure exists on the premises or is a part of the proposed development. Residential use is restricted on the ground floor in accordance with Section 131.0540. Interim ground floor residential may be permitted within existing commercial space in accordance with Process Two in the zones indicated with an "N" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations:

- (a) The applicant shall provide evidence to the decision maker that the

 development site is within a commercial space that has been vacant for

 more than six consecutive months.
- (b)(a) The change of a development site from commercial to residential use shall be in compliance with the California Building Code and California Fire Code for the residential use at the time of the conversion.
- (e)(b) The Neighborhood Use Permit shall expire no later than 10 years from the date of issuance.
- (d)(c) No additional parking is required for interim ground floor residential use.

(e)(d) The decision maker shall make the findings in Section 126.0205(a) through (d).

§141.0312 Residential Care Facilities

Residential care facilities provide in-house treatment or rehabilitation programs for residents on a 24-hour basis. Residential care facilities include drug and alcohol rehabilitation and recovery facilities and residential and community care facilities as defined by the state or county. Housing for senior citizens, nursing homes, convalescent homes, work furlough and probationary residential facilities, and emergency shelters are not residential care facilities.

Residential care facilities for 7 to 12 persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three, and residential care facilities for 13 or more persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Four, in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) through (j) [No change in text.]

§141.0421 Placemaking on Private Property

Placemaking on private property is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations:

- (a) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) A placemaking project shall only occur on premises that are vacant at the time the Temporary Use Permit application is submitted or within parking lots on premises within transit priority areas, except in existing disabled accessible parking spaces serving the premises.
- (g) [No change in text.]
- (h) Placemaking on private property in Commercial Base Zones shall also be subject to the following regulations:
 - shall not include retail or commercial services uses except as

 accessory uses to serve the placemaking use, and shall not operate
 except between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m., unless a
 separate Temporary Use Permit is obtained.
 - (2) A placemaking project on a premises within a transit priority area
 that was previously a parking lot of a permitted eating and drinking
 establishment shall not include retail or commercial services uses
 except outdoor dining operations associated with the permitted
 eating and drinking establishment. The hours of operation of the
 outdoor operations shall be limited to the hours that the kitchen

facilities of the associated eating and drinking establishment are open for meal ordering. Alcohol, food, or beverages shall not be served or permitted within the *placemaking* area after 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and after 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.

- (A) The area for eating and drinking shall be delineated by a

 barrier consisting of railings, fences, or a combination of

 railings and fences, and planter boxes that are 3 feet in

 height or less. Solid walls are not permitted.
 - (i) The barrier may be either permanently installed or moveable. If it is moveable, it shall be affixed to a sidewalk while the eating and drinking establishment is open for business.
 - (ii) A clear, transparent, shatterproof glass or similar

 material may be used on top of the 3-foot barrier to

 enclose the eating and drinking area to minimize

 windy or cold climatic conditions, The height of the

 barrier plus the clear enclosure shall not exceed 5

 feet. Barriers adjacent to parking stalls shall include

 reflective materials.
 - (iii) Awnings or umbrellas may be used in conjunction
 with an area for eating and drinking but shall not be

used as a permanent roof or shelter over the area for eating and drinking.

- (B) A placemaking area shall be designed and operated so that unsafe conditions are not created for the physically disabled, blind, or partially sighted.
 - (i) The surface of the placemaking area shall be level
 and have a running slope and a cross slope that do
 not exceed 2 percent (1 unit vertical in 50 units
 horizontal).
 - The placemaking area shall not be located on a raised platform or in a sunken area, unless an accessible ramp is provided in accordance with the California Building Code, or the Americans with Disabilities Act, whichever provides greater accessibility.
 - (iii) At least one wheelchair accessible seating space
 shall be provided for every 20 seats, or portion
 thereof.
 - (iv) When multiple wheelchair accessible seating spaces

 are provided, they shall be reasonably distributed

 and integrated within the placemaking area.

- (v) Wheelchair accessible seating spaces shall have a minimum unobstructed maneuverability dimension of 30 inches in width by 48 inches in depth.
- (vi) Access to designated wheelchair accessible seating spaces shall be provided through an accessible path with not less than 36 inches unobstructed width.
- (2)(3) Commercial Base Zone regulations for setbacks and minimum lot coverage shall not apply.
- (i) through (j) [No change in text.]

§141.0627 Adult Day Care Facility

Adult Day Care Facilities are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Table in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- (1) Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted on sites designated as Prime

 Industrial Lands in a land use plan.
- (2) Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted in agricultural zones in Proposition A Lands.
- (3) Adult Day Care Facilities shall comply with all applicable state laws.
- (4) Adult Day Care Facilities are not permitted within 1,000 feet of any known business that:
 - (A) Has or is required to have a permit from the County of San Diego

 Hazardous Materials Division, excluding underground fuel storage

 tanks, and handles regulated substances above the Threshold

Quantity as listed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 19
Section 2770.5;

- (B) Handles compressed flammable gases in excess of 1,500 pounds.
- (5) The 1,000 foot separation distance shall be measured from the property

 line of the proposed Adult Day Care Facility to the use, storage, or

 handling areas for the regulated substances. Businesses may satisfy the

 separation requirements on-site. The Adult Day Care Facility operator has
 the burden of proof of demonstrating compliance with the separation

 requirement.
- (6) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, an Adult Day Care Facility shall be permitted only on previously-developed sites that are not developed with open space or agricultural uses as identified in Section 131.0112.

§142.0402 When Landscape Regulations Apply

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Table 142-04A provides the applicable regulations required by this division for the landscaping required in conjunction with the specific types of development proposals. Any project that proposes more than one of the types of development shown is subject to all of the regulations for each type of development.

Table 142-04A Landscape Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Propo	osal		Applicable Regulations				
Column A	Column B	Column C ⁽¹⁾					
1. New structures that equal or exceed the gross floor area shown (Column B), and are proposing the type of development shown (Column C) through 8. Projects creating disturbed areas of a bare soils, or projects with existing disturbed areas [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]				
All City owned property, recreation purposes, with			142.0403, 142.0412, and 142.0413				
10. Publicly or privately ow of a structure, and contain through 11. New structure subdivisions that create is located on premises adjain [No change in text.]	in native or natura res, additions to st lots where new str	lized vegetation ructures, or uctures could be	[No change in text.]				
12. New T trees or shrubs pl	anted in the public	right-of-way	62.0603, 129.0702, 142.0403, 142.0409, and 142.0610				
13. Condominium Conversi	142.04063, 142.0404, 142.0405(b)(1), 142.0409(a), 142.0412, and-142.0413						
14. Commercial developmental landscape area	14. Commercial development with at least 1,000 square feet of landscape area						
15. 14. Small Lot Subdivision	5. 14. Small Lot Subdivision						

Footnote to Table 142-04A [No change in text.]

§142.0403 General Planting and Irrigation Requirements

All planting, irrigation, brush management, and landscape-related improvements required by this division must comply with the regulations in Section 142.0403 and with the Landscape Standards in the Land Development Manual.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Plant Material Requirements
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) A minimum root zone of 40 square feet in area shall be provided for all trees.- The minimum dimension for this area shall be 5 feet.

 This minimum dimension and root zone area may be reduced with the use of structural soil or where the combination of soil conditions, root zone area, adjacent improvements, and selected tree species can be demonstrated to provide conditions for healthy tree growth that will not damage adjacent improvements.
 - (7) [No change in text.]
 - (8) All pruning shall comply with the standards of the National

 Arborist Association American National Standards Institute

 (ANSI) for free care operations and the International Society of

 Arboriculture (ISA) best management practices for free pruning.

 Topping of trees is prohibited.
 - (9) Any plant material required by this division that dies within 3 years of installation shall be replaced within 30 calendar days of plant death with the same size and species of plant material shown

on the approved plan.- Required shrubs that die 3 years or more after installation shall be replaced with 15-gallon size, and required trees that die 3 years or more after installation shall be replaced with 60-inch box size material.- The City Manager may authorize adjustment of the size and quantity of replacement material where material replacement would occur in inaccessible areas or where the existing plant being replaced is larger than a 15 gallon shrub or 60-inch box tree.

- (10) through (12) [No change in text.]
- are placed within 5 feet of *public improvements* including walks, curbs, or *street* pavement or where new *public improvements public improvements* are placed adjacent to existing trees. The City Manager may waive this requirement where the combination of soil conditions, root zone area, adjacent improvements, and selected tree species can be demonstrated to provide conditions for healthy tree growth that will not damage *public improvements*
- (14) through (16) [No change in text.]
- (17) Plant material shall be selected to meet a Maximum Applied Water Allowance (MAWA) as determined by the water budget formula and specifications in Section 142.0413(d).
- (c) Irrigation Requirements

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) Irrigation systems shall meet the following design requirements:(A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) Irrigation systems shall be designed to minimize system

 maintenance requirement after installation.- Above-ground
 irrigation system equipment that is exposed to potential
 damage shall be designed to be damage-resistant; and
 - (D) [No change in text.]
- (d) [No change in text.]

§142.0405 Additional Yard Planting Area and Point Requirements

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Additional residential yard requirements:
 - (1) Street Yard.
 - (A) Up to 10 percent of the required street yard planting area located outside the vehicular use area for multiple dwelling unit residential development may consist of enhanced hardscape.
 - (B) Planting area in the *public right of way* is not counted towards fulfillment of the required *street yard* planting
 - (2) Remaining Yard/Common Open Space Common Open Space(A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) A minimum distance of 4 feet shall be provided between any tree and building.

(c) through (d) [No change in text.]

§142.0406 Vehicular Use Area Planting Area and Point Requirements

with Table 142-04A, the planting area, the plants necessary to achieve the number of plant points, and the trees required in Table 142-04D shall be provided. The required planting area is determined by multiplying the square footage of the *vehicular use area* located within the *street yard* and outside the *street yard* by the percentage shown in Table 142-04D.- The required plant points are determined by multiplying the square footage of the *vehicular use area* located within the *street yard* and outside the *street yard* by the points shown in the Table 142-04D. The required area, points, and trees shall be located within the *vehicular use area* unless listed otherwise in the table.

Table 142-04D Vehicle Use Area Requirements

Size of Proposed Vehicular Use Area	Planting Area Required ^{(1), (2), (4)}		Plant Points Required ^{(1), (2)}		Tree Distribution Requirement ⁽¹⁾
	Street yard	Outside the street yard	Street yard	Outside the street yard	
Less than 6,000 square feet	40 Square Feet per Tree	40 Square Feet per Tree	0.05 points	0.05 points	1 tree within 30 feet of each parking space ⁽³⁾
6,000 square feet or greater	5% of vehicular use area located in the street yard	3% of vehicular use area located outside the street yard	0.05 points	0.03 points	1 tree within 30 feet of -each parking space ⁽³⁾

Footnotes to Table 142-04D [No change in text.]

- (b) All planting areas and plants in or adjacent to a *vehicular use area* shall be protected from vehicular damage by providing a raised curb or wheel stop of at least 6 inches in height.- Where the end of parking spaces abut a planting area that is less than 5 feet in width, 6-inch-high wheel stops or curbs shall be placed within the parking spaces, 2 feet from the edge of the planting area.
- (c) A vehicular use area located within the street yard shall be separated from the curb in the public right-of-way by a required planting area totaling at least 8 feet in width, measured perpendicularly to the public right-of-way.

 This planting area shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - with densely foliated, evergreen species that achieve a minimum height of 30 inches within 2 years of installation over at least 80 percent of the length of the required planting area. The screening may also be achieved through a combination of plant material with the use of berms, solid fencing, or walls, plant material, or any combination of these that provides an equivalent screen.
 - (3) The width of this planting area may be reduced to 3 feet if a solid wall of at least 3 feet in height is provided for the entire length of the *vehicular use area*—for sites under 5 acres. Sites that are between 5 and 10 acres are required to provide the planting area buffer that is 8 feet. For sites over 10 acres, a planting area buffer

must be 12 feet in width with a potential reduction to 8 feet with a 3 feet high wall.- The remaining planting area shall be located between the wall and curb within the *public right-of-way* and planted with the equivalent of 1 shrub for every 10 feet of wall length.- These shrubs shall achieve at least 18 inches in height of maturity.

(4) A point score in excess of that required for a vehicular use area may be used to reduce the planting area required for that vehicular use area at a rate of one square foot of area reduction for each excess point provided.- The maximum planting area reduction allowed by this section is 25 percent of the total vehicular use area required.

§142.0407 Additional Vehicular Use Area Requirements

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) For a vehicular use area that is less than 6,000 square feet in size, the required plant points may be provided within 5 feet of the edge of the vehicular use area. For a vehicular use area 6,000 square feet or greater in size, the required planting area, points, and trees shall be located in the vehicular use area except for areas designated for commercial vehicle parking spaces, loading areas, and loading area accessways that are used for the distribution of materials and goods. They may be located within 5 feet of the edge of the vehicular use area designated for these purposes.

 Planting area, points, and trees may be located within 5 feet of the edge of

the vehicular use areas designated for commercial vehicle parking spaces;

loading areas; loading area accessways used for the distribution of

materials and goods; and areas of a linear configuration made up primarily

of drive aisles.

- (c) The minimum tree size <u>Trees</u> used in a vehicular use area shall be <u>canopy</u> form, evergreen species at a minimum 24-inch box <u>size</u>, or if palm trees are used they shall be 8 foot brown trunk height. If palm trees are used to meet the vehicular use area tree requirements, a palm tree shall be within 15 feet of each parking space.
- (d) through (e) [No change in text.]

§142.0408 Temporary Vehicular Use Area Requirements

When new temporary *vehicular use areas* are subject to this Section in accordance with Table 142-04A, the planting requirements of this Section shall apply.

- (a) Vehicular use areas that have a specified time limit for discontinuance that is less than 5 years after the date of <u>Construction permit</u> issuance are considered temporary vehicular use areas.
- (b) Temporary *vehicular use areas* shall provide a 3-foot-wide planting area between the *public right-of-way* and the *vehicular use area*. This area shall be planted with evergreen shrubs that achieve a minimum height of 30 inches within 2 years of installation over at least 50 percent of the required planting area. The remaining area shall be covered with mulch. Vehicle access into this planting area shall be prevented by a 6-inch-high

curb or wheel stops placed within the parking spaces, 2 feet from the edge of the planting area. The planting area may be paved at designated vehicle access points.

(c) Vehicular use areas that do not have a specified time limit for discontinuance or that are proposed to exist more than 5 years after the date of Econstruction permit issuance are subject to the requirements for a permanent vehicular use area contained in Sections 142.0406 and 142.0407.

§142.0409 Street Tree and Public Right-of-Way Requirements

(a) Street Tree Requirements

When new *structures*, additions to *structures*, *condominium conversions*, or new *vehicular use areas* are subject to section in accordance with Table 142-04A, street trees within the *parkway* shall be provided in accordance with the following regulations.

- (1) Street Tree Quantity. Street trees shall be planted between the curb and abutting property line.
 - (A) The number of required street trees shall be calculated at the rate of one <u>standard trunk</u>, 24-inch box canopy <u>form</u> tree for every 30 linear feet of *street frontage*, excluding curb cuts and required clearances for designated bus stops.
 - (B) The installed tree spacing may be varied to accommodate site conditions or design considerations; however, the number of trees required for each *street frontage* on a *lot*

bounded by more than one *street* shall be planted along the corresponding *street frontage*. Where site conditions do not allow the installation of the street trees required by this section in the *parkway*, trees may be located on the private property within 10 feet of the property line along that street frontage.

- (C) Where palm trees are proposed to satisfy this requirement in accordance with Section 142.0409(a)(3), they shall be planted at a rate of one 10-foot brown trunk height palm for each 20 feet of *street frontage*.
- (D) For projects in the IL and IH zones that have loading docks along more than 25 percent of the building *street wall*, the street tree requirement shall be increased to the rate of one 24-inch box tree for every 20 feet of *street frontage* or one 10-foot brown trunk height palm for each 10 feet of *street frontage*.
- (2) Street Tree Locations
 - (A) Street trees shall be planted between the curb and abutting property line.
 - (B) Where site conditions do not allow for the installation of

 the street trees required by this section in the parkway, trees

 may be located on the private property within 10 feet of the

 property line along that street frontage.

- (A)(C) Street trees shall be located 7 feet from the face of curb on streets classified in the applicable land use plan as major streets, primary arterials, or expressways that have a posted speed of 50 miles per hour or greater.- For all other street classifications, street trees shall be located no closer than 30 inches to the face of curb or within median islands, no closer than four 4 feet to the face of curb.
- (D) Trees shall be selected and located so they do not cause damage or conflict with overhead utility lines at maturity.
- (B)(E) Street trees shall be separated from improvements by the minimum distance shown in Table 142-04E.

Table 142-04E

Minimum Tree Separation Distance

[No change in text.]

Footnote for Table 142-04E

- Five 5 feet on residential local streets with a design speed of 25 miles per hour or slower.
 - (C) Trees shall be selected and located so that at maturity they

 do not cause damage or conflict with overhead utility lines.
 - (3) Street Tree Species Selection.- Trees shall be selected in accordance with the <u>Handscape sStandards</u> of the Land

 Development Manual <u>and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide</u>.

 Palm trees may only be used to satisfy the street tree requirement as an accent, focal, or secondary tree where identified as an

acceptable street tree species in an adopted *land use plan*, or as part of an *historic landscape*.

(b) [No change in text.]

§142.0410 Previously Conforming Properties Landscape Requirements

- when additions to structures or additional structures on developed properties are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A, they shall meet the requirements of this section.- The required street yard, remaining yard, and vehicular use area planting areas and plant points for previously conforming properties are established in accordance with the following formula.
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (b) When additions or modifications to existing permanent or temporary parking and vehicular use areas are subject to this section in accordance with Table 142-04A they shall meet the requirements of this section.- The required vehicular use area planting area and plant points for previously conforming properties is established in accordance with the following formula.
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]

§142.0411 Revegetation and Erosion Control

(a) Permanent Revegetation. All graded, disturbed, or eroded areas that will not be permanently paved or covered by *structures* shall be permanently revegetated and irrigated as shown in Table 142-04F and in accordance with the standards in the Land Development Manual.

Table 142-04F
Permanent Revegetation and Irrigation Requirements

Location of Disturbed Area	Slope of Disturbed Area	Required Irrigation System	Required Revegetation or Erosion Control
	Slope height of 15 feet or less	Automatic, above grade, temporary irrigation system	Native or naturalized ground cover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix
Within 100 feet of areas with native or naturalized vegetation	4:1 or greater with a slope height over 15 feet	Automatic, above grade, temporary irrigation system	Native or naturalized ground cover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix, and native or naturalized trees and shrubs (minimum 1-gallon size) planted at a minimum rate of one plant per 100 square feet of disturbed area
	Less than 4:1 (4 horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot)	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Hydroseed, mulch, or equivalent
100 feet or further from areas with native or	4:1 or greater with a slope height of 15 feet or less	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Drought tolerant groundcover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix
naturalized vegetation	4:1 or greater with a slope height over 15 feet	Automatic, below grade, permanent irrigation system	Drought tolerant groundcover consisting of rooted cuttings or hydroseed mix, and drought tolerant trees and shrubs (minimum 1-gallon size) planted at a minimum rate of one plant per 100 square feet of disturbed area

- (b) Temporary Revegetation. Graded, disturbed, or eroded areas that will not be permanently paved, covered by *structure*, or planted for a period over 90 calendar days shall be temporarily revegetated with a non-irrigated hydroseed mix, ground cover, or equivalent material.- Temporary irrigation systems may be used to establish the vegetation.
- (c) [No change in text.]

§142.0412 Brush Management

Brush management is required in all base zones on publicly or privately owned *premises* that are within 100 feet of a *structure* and contain native or naturalized vegetation.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Brush Management Zones.- Where brush management is required, a comprehensive program shall be implemented that reduces fire hazards around *structures* by providing an effective fire break between all *structures* and contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation.- This fire break shall consist of two distinct brush management areas called "Zone One" and "Zone Two" as shown in Diagram 142-04E.

Diagram 142-04E

Brush Management Zones

[No change in text.]

Structure, shall be least flammable, and shall typically consist of pavement and permanently irrigated ornamental planting. Brush management Zone One shall not be allowed on slopes with gradient greater than 4:1 (4 horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot) unless the property received tentative map approval before November 15, 1989. However, within the Coastal Overlay Zone coastal development shall be subject to the encroachment limitations set

forth in Section 143.0142(a)(4) of the Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations.

- (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) The width of Zone One and Zone Two shall not exceed 100 feet and shall meet the width requirements in Table 142-04H unless modified based on existing conditions pursuant to Section 142.0412(i) and the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - Of-Entry shall be executed in accordance with Section 63.0103 prior to any brush management activity. Zone Two brush management is not permitted in City-owned open space for new development proposals. For properties in the Coastal Overlay Zone, additional requirements for new subdivisions are found in Section 142.0412 (n).
 - (3) Zone Two brush management is not permitted in areas designated for habitat mitigation per Section III of the Biology Guidelines in the Land Development Manual.

Table 142-04H

Brush Management Zone Width Requirements

[No change in text.]

- (d) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Zone One Requirements
 - (1) [No change in text.]

- directly attached to habitable *structures*, or other combustible construction that provides a means for transmitting fire to the habitable *structures*. *Structures* such as *fences*, walls, palapas, play structures *structures*, and non-habitable gazebos that are located within brush management Zone One shall be of noncombustible, one hour fire-rated, or Type IV or heavy timber construction as defined in the California Building Code.
- (3) Plants within Zone One shall be primarily low-growing and less than 4 feet in height with the exception of trees.- Plants shall be low-fuel and fire-resistive.
- (4) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (h) Zone Two Requirements
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) Within Zone Two, all plants remaining after 50 percent are reduced in height, shall be pruned to reduce fuel loading in accordance with the Landscape Standards in the Land Development Manual.- Non-native plants shall be pruned before native plants are pruned.
 - (5) The following standards shall be used where Zone Two is in an area previously *graded* as part of legal *development* activity and is proposed to be planted with new plant material instead of *clearing* existing native or naturalized vegetation:

- (A) [No change in text.]
- (B) New plants shall be low-growing with a maximum height at maturity of 24 inches.- Single specimens of fire resistive native trees and tree form shrubs may exceed this limitation if they are located to reduce the chance of transmitting fire from native or naturalized vegetation to habitable structures and if the vertical distance between the lowest branches of the trees and the top of adjacent plants are three times the height of the adjacent plants to reduce the spread of fire through ladder fueling.
- (C) All new Zone Two plantings shall irrigated temporarily until established to the satisfaction of the City Manager.

 Only low-flow, low-gallonage spray heads may be used in Zone Two.- Overspray and runoff from the irrigation shall not drift or flow into adjacent areas of native or naturalized vegetation. Temporary irrigation systems shall be removed upon approved establishment of the plantings.- Permanent irrigation is not allowed in Zone Two.
- (D) Where Zone Two is being revegetated as a requirement of Section 142.0411(a), revegetation shall comply with the spacing standards in the Land Development Manual. Fifty percent of the planting area shall be planted with material that does not grow taller than 24 inches.- The remaining

planting area may be planted with taller material, but this material shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements for existing plant material in Zone Two.

- (6) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (i) through (l) [No change in text.]
- (m) Where specifically authorized by the Fire Chief, goats may be used for brush management in accordance with the following:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - appropriately fenced with temporary electrically charged fencing to delineate <u>brush management in</u> the Zone Two brush management in the to the temporary electrically charged fencing to delineate <u>brush management in</u> the Zone Two brush management areas. Signs must be posted at 25-foot intervals along the fence warning of the possibility of mild electric shock.
 - (4) through (6) [No change in text.]
 - The Fire Rescue Department shall not approve any permit under Section 142.0412(m) that will utilize a contractor determined by the City Manager to have negligently performed brush management services within the three prior calendar years.- All facts supporting such a determination shall be provided to the applicant in writing, and shall constitute a final determination on the City's behalf.
- (n) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, brush management for new *subdivisions* shall not be permitted to encroach into an environmentally sensitive

habitat area [ESHA], except that *encroachment* may be permitted where necessary to achieve a maximum *development* area of 25 percent including Zones One and Two. For purposes of this Section, ESHA shall include southern fordunes, *Torrey pines forest, coastal bluff scrub, maritime succulent scrub, maritime chaparral, native grasslands, oak woodlands, coastal sage scrub and coastal sage scrub/communities, and any vegetative communities that support threatened or endangered species.

§142.0413 Water Conservation

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Lawn Requirements.
 - (1) Lawn areas shall not exceed 10 percent of the landscape area on a premises, excluding required common areas, active recreation areas, and areas located within the public right-of-way between the curb and public sidewalk.- This restriction does not apply to single dwelling units.
 - (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Water Budget.
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) The MAWA Maximum Applied Water Allowance Water Budget is calculated using the following formula (see Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual for additional information):

MAWA Water Budget = (ETo)(0.62) [(ETAF)(LA) + (1-ETAF)(SLA)]

For residential landscape areas = (ETo)(0.62)[(0.55)(LA) + (0.45)(SLA)]For non-residential landscape areas = (ETo)(0.62)[(0.45)(LA) + (0.55)(SLA)]

Legend for MAWA Water Budget Calculation Formula

[No change in text.]

- (3) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Irrigation Audit.- An *applicant* subject to the requirement for a MAWA

 Water Budget is required to conduct and submit to the City an irrigation audit consistent with Section 2.7 of the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual.
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (g) Reclaimed water.- Development in areas where reclaimed water is available and suitable for irrigation shall provide for a dual water distribution system for all landscaped areas.- Only reclaimed water shall be used for irrigation purposes where it is available.
- (h) [No change in text.]

§142.0510 General Parking Regulations

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Previously Conforming Premises. Enlargement or change in use, or resumption of a discontinued use, for a premises that is previously conforming for the reason that it does not provide the number of off-street parking spaces required by this Division shall provide parking as follows:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) A discontinued use may resume on a *premises* with *previously* conforming parking if:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) The *premises* is located within the Parking Impact Overlay

 Zone, but the use has been discontinued for less than 2 5

 years as determined in accordance with Section

 142.0510(d)(5).
- (5) Within the Parking Impact Overlay Zone, if the previous use has been discontinued for a period of 2 or more consecutive years, parking shall be required as provided in this Division for the new use, unless a property owner has obtained a Neighborhood Development Permit.
 - (A) Discontinuance of the use for a period of 25 or more consecutive years creates a presumption in favor of abandonment, against which the owner or person asserting previously conforming rights may offer evidence.
 - (B) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (g) [No change in text.]

§142.0530 Nonresidential Uses — Parking Ratios

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Table 142-05F establishes the required ratio of parking spaces to building *floor* area in the commercial

zones, industrial zones, and planned districts shown, for eating and drinking establishments that are the *primary use* on a *premises*.

Table 142-05F Parking Ratios for Eating and Drinking Establishments

[No change in text.]

Footnotes for Table 142-05F

Eating and Drinking Establishments. The minimum parking ratios apply to eating and drinking establishments that do not have a common parking area with any other uses. There is no minimum parking requirement or maximum permitted parking for outdoor dining. With Transit Priority Areas, minimum required parking can be replaced by a placemaking project if a Temporary Use Permit is obtained in accordance with Section 123.0402. Within the CN, CO and CV Zones, minimum parking required can also be replaced with bicycle parking at a ratio of 2 bicycle parking spaces provided for every required vehicle parking space. Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, outdoor dining areas such as decks, patios, terraces, etc., are considered part of the eating and drinking establishment's gross floor area and are included in calculating parking requirements.

² through ⁵ [No change in text.]

(c) through (h) [No change in text.]

§142.0640 Impact Fees for Financing Public Facilities

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Payment of Fees

The payment of Development Impact Fees (as defined in California

Government Code Section 66000) shall be required prior to for applicable

development shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are

paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by

the City issuance of any Building Permit in areas where Development

Impact Fees have been established by City Council resolution or

ordinance. Notwithstanding the above, the City Manager may also require
the payment of Development Impact Fees prior to issuance of any

construction permit issued or required for development that would

public facilities. Development Impact Fees shall not be required for inclusionary dwelling units provided pursuant to Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 13 if the applicant has satisfied all the requirements of Division 13 for inclusionary dwelling units on the same premises as the market-rate dwelling units. The Development Impact Fee required by the City

Manager due shall be determined in accordance with the fee schedule approved by the applicable City Council resolution in effect shall be paid at the time required building permit fees are paid and no later than the first inspection of the development performed by the City upon the issuance of a Building Permit, or construction permit, as applicable, and may include an automatic increase consistent with Section 142.0640(e).

Exemptions:

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Fee Deferral

Notwithstanding Section 142.0640(b), Building Permits or *Econstruction* permits, as applicable, may be issued if the City Manager defers payment of the DIFs in accordance with this Subsection. DIFs due pursuant to the City's Regional Transportation Congestion Improvement Program shall not be deferred under any circumstance.

(1) <u>Unless otherwise specified in Section 142.0640(d)(5)</u>, Ppayment of DIFs may be deferred for a maximum period of two years from the

effective date of a Fee Deferral Agreement, or until a final inspection is requested, whichever occurs earlier. A final inspection shall not occur until the applicable DIFs are paid.

- (2) through (4) [No change in text.]
- Notwithstanding Section 142.0640(d)(1), for Building Permits or (5) construction permits issued between March 1, 2020 and March 1, 2022, payment of DIFs may be deferred for a maximum period of three years from the effective date of a Fee Deferral Agreement, or until a final inspection is requested, whichever occurs earlier. A final inspection shall not occur until the applicable DIFs are paid. For Building Permits or construction permits issued between March 1, 2020 and March 1, 2022, notwithstanding Section 142.0640(d)(4), the amount of the DIFs shall be determined by the DIFs rate for the year in which the DIFs are actually paid as set forth in the DIFs schedule in effect when the Fee Deferral Agreement was executed by the City, or a subsequently-approved DIFs schedule, whichever schedule is lower, plus automatic increase for the first two years only, consistent with Section 142.0640(c), if applicable.
- (e) through (g) [No change in text.]

§142.1235 Roof Signs in Commercial and Industrial Zones

The following regulations apply to *roof signs*, which are permitted only in *Sign* Category A of the commercial and industrial zone *sign* categories.

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Locational Regulations for All Roof Signs
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Roof signs that are located on a premises with a boundary within

 100 feet from the property line of a residentially zoned property lot

 or premises shall not exceed 20 feet in height unless one of the
 following circumstances exist:
 - (A) The *sign* is located more than 100 feet from the boundary <u>property line</u> of the residentially zoned property; or
 - (B) The entire premises is within 100 feet from the property

 line of the boundary of the residentially zoned property,
 and the sign is located on the 25 percent of the lot or

 premises that is farthest from that property; the property

 line.
 - (3) [No change in text.]

§143.0126 Procedures for Emergency Authorization to Impact Environmentally Sensitive Lands

Whenever development activity within environmentally sensitive lands is deemed necessary by order of the City Manager to protect the public health or safety, the City Manager may authorize, without a public hearing, the minimum amount of impact necessary to protect the public health or safety, subject to the following:

(a) through (e) [No change in text.]

- (f) Conditions. The City Manager may approve an emergency Site Development Permit with conditions, including an expiration date for any work authorized by the City Manager.
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) If the emergency work results in permanent impacts to environmentally sensitive lands, a subsequent Neighborhood Development Permit or Site Development Permit is required through the regular process in accordance with this Division. The application for the Neighborhood Development Permit or Site Development Permit shall be submitted within 60 days of completion of the emergency work, except that an application for a capital improvement program project or public project shall be submitted within 180 days of completion of the emergency work.
- (g) [No change in text.]

§143.0450 Supplemental Planned Development Permit Regulations for Residential Rural Cluster Development with Increased Density

In addition to the general regulations for all Planned Development Permits and supplemental regulations for residential *developments*, the following regulations apply to all residential rural cluster *developments* requesting increased *density* that are located in the AR-1-1 and OR-1-2 zones within *Proposition A Lands*.

Approval of a proposed *development* in accordance with this section shall require

(a) through (e) [No change in text.]

§143.0740 Incentives in Exchange for Affordable Housing Dwelling Units

the *findings* in Section 126.040<u>45</u>(b) to be made.

An applicant proposing density bonus shall be entitled to incentives as described in this Division for any development for which a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement is entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission. The City shall process an incentive requested by an applicant as set forth in this Section.

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

Table 143-07A
Very Low Income Density Bonus
Households

Percent Very Low Income Units	Percent Density Bonus	Number of Incentives			
5	20	1			
6	22.5	1			
7	25	1			
8	27.5	1			
9	30	1			
10	32.5 <u>1</u>	2			
11	35	2 3			
12	38.75				
13	42.5	4			
14	46.25	4			
≥ 15	50 ¹ 2	5			

For <u>development</u> containing 50 pre-<u>density dwelling units</u> or less, Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent <u>density</u> bonus <u>and three incentives are</u> is allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-<u>density</u> bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the <u>development</u> is within a <u>transit</u> priority area.

Table 143-07B Low Income Density Bonus Households

Percent	Percent	Number of Incentives
Low Income Units	Density Bonus	Number of incentives

Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.

Percent Low Income Units	Percent Density Bonus	Number of Incentives				
10	20 <u>1</u>	1				
11	21.5	1				
12	23	1				
13	24.5	1				
14	26	1				
15	27.5	1				
16	29	1				
17	30.5	1 1				
18	32					
19	33.5	1 2				
20	35					
21	38.75	2				
22	42.5	2				
23	46.25	2				
≥ 24 - 29	50 ⁴ 2	2				
<u>≥</u> 30	50 ¹ 2	3				
31 - 32	50 ^{‡2}	4				
> 33	50 ¹ 2	5				

- For development containing 50 pre-density dwelling units or less. Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are is allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.
- Once this maximum is reached, an additional 25 percent density bonus and three incentives are allowed if an additional 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units are restricted in accordance with the provisions of this Division for households earning less than or equal to 120 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, and the development is within a transit priority area.

Table 143-07C Moderate Income Density Bonus Households

[No change in text.]

§151.0103 Applicable Regulations

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following regulations apply in all planned districts:
 - (1) through (7) [No change in text.]

- Parking Regulations for affordable housing *dwelling units* in Land
 Development Code Section 142.0527, except where the Planned
 District Ordinance provides a lower parking ratio than allowed in
 Section 142.0527, and Parking Regulations for eating and drinking
 establishments in the CN, CO, and CV Zones as set forth in Table
 142-05F.
- (9) through (12) [No change in text.]

§154.0405 Streetscape Development Regulations/Encroachment Permits

Within the Cass Street Commercial District, no alteration, construction, development or use of the abutting public right-of-way shall be permitted unless the streetscape and encroachment permit standards are met.

The following Streetscape and Encroachment Permit Standards shall be the basis for project review by the City Manager.

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Parkway Landscaping and Street Trees
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Trees shall be planted in the ground between the sidewalk and the curb. The minimum size tree shall be a standard <u>trunk</u>, 24-inch box or 15-gallon size and a minimum of 8 feet high. Trees with a low spreading branch <u>structure</u> shall typically not be used in the street rights-of-way. Individual specimens shall be selected, planted, and pruned, if necessary, such that major scaffold

branches are at least 8 feet above the finish surface or finish grade, as measured at the trunk.

- (4) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (i) [No change in text.]

§155.0251 Separately Regulated Uses

The following additional separately regulated use regulations apply in the Central Urbanized Planned District:

- (a) Eating and Drinking Establishments Abutting Residentially Zoned and Open Space Zoned Property. Eating and drinking establishments on premises abutting a residential or open space-residential zones <u>lot</u> are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Table 155-02C subject to the regulations in Section 155.0251(a)(1). Eating and drinking establishments on premises abutting a residential or open space-residential zone <u>lot</u> in the zones indicated with an "N" in the Use Regulations Table 155-02C may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit subject to the regulations in Section 155.0251(a)(2).
 - (1) Limited Use Regulations
 - (A) Eating and drinking establishments abutting <u>a</u> residential or open space-residential <u>zone</u> <u>lot</u> may operate only during the hours between 6:00 a.m. and 12:00 midnight.
 - (2) Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations
 - (A) Eating and drinking establishments abutting <u>a</u> residential or open space-residential zone <u>lot</u> may operate only during the hours between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.

- (B) Outdoor seating or service areas shall be limited in size and location and screened from an abutting residentially zone property residential lot as needed.
- (C) through (F) [No change in text.]
- (3) Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations. Except in the CU-1-1 and CU-1-2 zones, eating and drinking establishments abutting a residential zones <u>lot or premises</u> that do not comply with Section 141.0607(a) may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit subject to the following regulations.
 - (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (j) [No change in text.]

§155.0253 Supplemental Development Regulations

The following additional supplemental development regulations apply in the Central Urbanized Planned District. These regulations shall supersede any regulations contained in Land Development Code Chapter 14, Article 3 that are inconsistent with or not expressly incorporated into the Central Urbanized Planned District regulations.

Table 155-02F Supplemental Development Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Proposal	Applicable Sections	Required Development Permit/Decision Process(1)				
Residential and mixed commercial/residential development in facility deficient neighborhoods shown on Map B-4104 under circumstances outlined in Section 155.0253(a)	155.0243(a)	Site Development Permit/Process 3 None Required				
Residential development in a commercial zone on El Cajon Boulevard or University Avenue that is not part of a mixed-use (commercial-residential) project under circumstances outlined in Section 155.0253(b)	Section 155.0253(b) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3				
Commercial development that varies from the required architectural features contained in Section 155.0244	Section 155.0253(c) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3				
Commercial and Industrial establishments exceeding 5,000 square feet gross floor area gross floor area subject to the criteria contained in Section 155.0253	Section 155.0253(d) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3				
Residential development that varies from the required architectural features contained in Section 155.0232	Section 155.0253(e) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3				
Warehouses, Wholesale Distribution, and Light Manufacturing uses exceeding 10,000 square feet up to a maximum of 30,000 square feet, subject to the criteria contained in Section 155.0253(f)	Section 155.0253(f) and Land Development Code Sections 126.0604, 126.0605, 126.0606 and 143.0410	Planned Development Permit/Process 3				

(a) Residential and Mixed Commercial-Residential Development in FacilityDeficient Neighborhoods, are subject to all common open space

requirements of Section 131.0456 and outdoor lighting regulations of

Section 142.0740. A Site Development Permit decided in accordance with

Process 3 is required for residential and mixed residential-commercial projects within the facility deficient neighborhoods as shown on Map

Number C-896 and Diagram 155-2B, that propose the addition of three or more dwelling units per lot, unless:

- (1) The proposed development is within 600 feet of a public park, a

 public school with a joint use agreement with the City of San

 Diego for public recreational use, or a school that is open during

 non-school hours for public recreational use.
- (2) When residential and mixed residential-commercial projects are required to obtain a Site Development Permit the proposed development shall:
 - (A) provide a minimum of 750 square feet of on site usable

 (recreational) open space area per dwelling unit with a

 minimum of 10 feet in each dimension, within a nonvehicular area. The area will be landscaped and may also
 include hardscape and recreational facilities; and
 - (B) In the absence of a street light within 150 feet of the property, adequate neighborhood serving security lighting consistent with Land Development Code Section 142.0740 shall be provided on site.

Diagram 151-02B

Facility Deficient Neighborhoods

[No change in text.]

- (b) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Warehouses, Wholesale Distribution, and Light Manufacturing uses exceeding 10,000 up to a maximum of 30,000 square feet in gross floor area gross floor area per premises premises in the CR-2-1, CC-4-3, CC-5-3, CC-5-4, CU-2-3, CU-2-4, CU-2-5, CU-3-3, CU-3-6, CU-3-7 and CU-3-8 zones require a Planned Development Permit decided in accordance with Process Three. The General Development Regulations for Planned Development Permits in Land Development Code Section 143.0410 shall apply.

§156.0302 Definitions

The following definitions apply to this Article. Where not otherwise specified, the definitions found in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code shall apply. Each word or phrase that is defined in this Division or in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code appears in the text in italicized letters.

Active commercial uses mean commercial uses that are accessible to the general public, that generate walk-in clientele, and that contribute to a high level of pedestrian activity. Active commercial uses include retail shops, eating and drinking establishments, commercial recreation and entertainment, personal and convenience services, financial institutions, cultural institutions, and galleries, and hotel lobbies. Active commercial uses are listed in Table 156.0308-A as being permitted on Main Streets.

Alternative Interim Uses through Cultural institution or cultural use [No change in text.]

Design review means the formal review of a proposed development through the established process relevant to the size and nature of the proposed development for consistency with the Downtown Design Guidelines.

Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) through Outdoor Activities [no change in text.]

Outdoor Use Area means an unenclosed area on private property associated with an eating and drinking establishment or a public assembly use that is open to the general public.

Outfield Park through Urban open space [No change in text.]

§156.0305 Rules of Calculation and Measurement

The Rules of Measurement provided in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 2 of this Code shall apply to the Centre City Planned District.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Gross floor area shall be calculated in accordance with Section 113.0234, with the following modifications:
 - (1) Underground parking structures count as gross floor area where, at any point, the vertical distance from final proposed grade to the finished floor elevation immediately above is more than 3 feet, 6 inches.

- (2)(1) Phantom floors, as defined in Section 113.0234(b)(4) shall not count as gross floor area in either residential or commercial buildings.
- (3)(2) Roof decks shall not be counted as gross floor area pursuant to

 Section 113.0234(b)(5) unless the perimeter walls enclosing the

 area exceed 6 feet in height for non-transparent materials or 8 feet

 for transparent materials.
- (4)(3) Notwithstanding Section 113.0234(d)(2), interior modifications involving the addition of actual floor area count as gross floor area except where:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (5)(4) Mechanical penthouses do not count against gross floor area when architecturally integrated into the overall building design.

§156.0307 Land Use Districts

Twelve land use districts, shown in Figure B, define geographic areas that are subject to specific land use classifications. In addition, twelve overlay districts, shown in Figures C, D, and F, establish areas where additional requirements apply. Permitted land use classifications within each land use district are shown on Table 156-0308-A. Specific requirements for minimum percentages of *active commercial uses* and commercial uses on the ground-*floor* along *street frontages* are provided.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Overlay Districts

The following Overlay Districts apply as illustrated in Figures C, D, and F:

- (1) through (5) [No change in text.]
- Employment Overlay (E). To ensure adequate opportunities for (6) employment based commercial uses, at least 50 percent of the gross floor area within each development in this overlay district shall be dedicated to employment uses such as professional office, education, cultural uses, retail, hotel, or similar commercial uses. Residential uses in this district shall not exceed 50 percent of the gross floor area within any development. The 50 percent residential limitation may be exceeded through the Affordable Housing Regulations of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7. Development approved through an OPA or DDA may phase development build-out, allowing non-employment phases to precede employment phases, subject to strict performance standards established by set timeframes for employment use construction plan completion, plan submittal, and other requirements to ensure timely completion. In order to meet the 50 percent employment use requirement, a development may not include any employment area for which building permits have been obtained and construction commenced before May 3, 2006. In the E District, existing floor area dedicated to employment use or similar commercial use shall not be converted to any non-

employment use. Multiple developments on adjoining individually owned lots may satisfy the requirements of this section through the recordation of a legal covenant in a form approved by the City Manager and the City Attorney. Uses appropriate for the E overlay are identified in Table 156-0308-A, under Employment Overlay.

(7) through (14) [No change in text.]

§156.0308 Base District Use Regulations

(b)

- (a) [No change in text.]
 - Land uses and structures that were legally established under previous regulations but that do not conform to the land use regulations of this Article may continue to exist and operate pursuant to Chapter 12,

 Article 7, Division 1 of the Land Development Code, with the exceptions: that the gross floor area of previously conforming uses and structures may be expanded up to 100 percent through a Neighborhood Use Permit.

 Within the Residential Emphasis District, previously conforming uses may be placed next to conforming commercial uses without complying with the 80 percent residential land use requirement for new development.
 - (1) The gross floor area of previously conforming uses and structures

 may be expanded up to 10 percent of the existing gross floor area

 of structure on the premises through a Process One approval.
 - (2) The gross floor area of previously conforming uses and structures
 may be expanded up to 100 percent of the existing gross floor area

of structure on the premises through a Process Two Neighborhood

Use Permit.

Within the Residential Emphasis District, previously conforming

uses may be replaced with conforming commercial uses without

complying with the 80 percent residential land use requirement for new development.

Table	Table 156-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS													
LEGEND: P = 1	LEGEND: P = Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required;													
= Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;														
	lopment Permit Required; MS = Main Street; CS = Commercial Street;													
E = Employmen														
		l												MS/CS
Use Categories/	С	NC	ER	BP	WM ⁷	MC	RE	I ⁷	T ⁷	PC	os	CC7	Additional	& E
Subcategories		```			,,,,,			-					Regulations	Overlays
Public Park/		-			<u> </u>									·
Plaza/Open Space		[No change in text.]												
through	1													
Residential ¹ ,														
Shopkeeper Units														
[No change in text.]														
Live/Work	P	P	q	₽	_	P	P		l _	P		Γ –	§141.0311	
Quarters	•	,	_	-		_	_			-			3	
Separately Regulate	d Re	sident	ial Us	es	L			L <u></u>	I		L	I	,	
Continuing Care		-	l						Ĭ .	Γ.				
Retirement	E	E	E	E		E	E			E			§141.0303	
Communities	Ľ	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>		<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>			<u>L</u>			§141.0303	
	-		<u> </u>							<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Fraternities,														
Sororities and Dormitories														
through Home							[]	No cha	nge in	text.]				
Occupations [No														
change in text.]														
Senior Housing	C	E	E	E	_	G	E	_	-	C	_	_	§156.0309	
								ļ				ļ	(e)(1)	
<u>Live/Work</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	≕	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	≕	≕	<u>P</u>	==	=	<u>§141.0311</u>	
Quarters	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		L	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			l	<u> </u>	
Living Units														
through							L	No obo	nge in	tov+ 1				
Permanent Supportive							Ĺı	NO CITA	nke m	icxt.]				
Housing [No														
change in text.]														
	<u> </u>													

		56-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS												
LEGEND: P = 1	LEGEND: P = Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required;													
= Use Not Per	= Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;													
S = Site Develor	mer	nent Permit Required; MS = Main Street; CS = Commercial Street;												
E = Employmen				-	•									
Use Categories/	С	NO ED DE WAY MC DE 17 T7 DC OS CC7 Additional & E												
Subcategories	-	NC ER BP WM MC RE I I I FC OS CC Regulations Overlays												
Separately Regulate	d Ins	titutio	nal U	ses	<u> </u>									
Assembly Uses including Places of Religious Assembly	p	₽	₽	₽	P	₽	E			₽	-	₽		CS
7 issemory	<u> </u>										<u> </u>			
Satellite Antennas through Homeless Facilities ⁶ [No	gh Homeless [No change in text.]													
change in text.]	<u> </u>	1	,		т .	1	Τ -				1	1	 -	
Hospitals, 24- hour Emergency Clinics;														
Intermediate Care Facilities, and Nursing Facilities	P	С	P	P		P		**		P		P		CS, E
Major Transmission, Relay or Communication Switching Station through Wireless Communication Facilities [No change in text.]							רו	No cha	nge in	text.]				
Retail Sales	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P		P		P	§156.0307(a), (b) & Figure C	MS, CS, E
Separately Regulate	ed Re	tail Sa	iles Us	es										
Marijuana Cannabis Outlets	-	-	-	-	С	-	-	C	С	-	-	С	§141.0504	
Off-Site Alcohol Beverage Sales through Commercial		[No change in text.]												
Services, With Live Entertainment [No change in														
text.]	ļ	T = ·		T = 1	T - 2	1	T		,	T V	T + /	1 .	0.5566555	T'
With Outdoor Use Area	L/ N	<u>L/</u> N	<u>L/</u> N	L/ N	<u>L/</u> N	<u>L/</u> N				<u>L/</u> N	N N	N N	<u>\$156.0315(d)</u>	

Table	156-	56-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS												
LEGEND: P = I	erm	Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required;												
= Use Not Per	mitte	nitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;												
S = Site Develop	men	ent Permit Required; MS = Main Street; CS = Commercial Street;												
E = Employment														
Use Categories/ Subcategories	С	Additional MS/CS												
Building Services through Brewpub Tasting Rooms [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
With Outdoor Use Area	ИN	L/N	<u>L/</u> N	<u>Ľ</u> N	<u>L/</u> N	<u>L/</u> N	<u>∐</u> N			<u>L/</u> N	P	N L/	<u>§156.0315(d)</u>	
With Live Entertainment through Funeral & Mortuary Services [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Instructional Studios	P	<u>P</u>	P	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	Ξ	=	<u>P</u>	=	<u>P</u>		MS, CS, E
Maintenance & Repair through Separately Regulated Commercial Service Uses, Animal Hospitals & Kennels [No change in text.]							רן	No cha	nge in	text.]				
Assembly Uses, including Places of Religious Assembly	<u>P</u>	E	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>	=	==	<u>P</u>	=	<u>P</u>		<u>CS</u>
Bed & Breakfast Establishments through Child Care Facilities [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]												
Instructional Studios	₽	P P P P P P P P P P Section 1.5 E MS, CS, E E												
Outdoor Activities Through Separately Regulated Vehicle & Vehicular		[No change in text.]												

Table	156	6-0308-A: CENTRE CITY PLANNED DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS												
LEGEND: P = Permitted by Right; C = Conditional Use Permit Required;														
-= Use Not Permitted; L = Limited Use; N = Neighborhood Use Permit Required;														
		ent Permit Required; MS = Main Street; CS = Commercial Street;												
E = Employmen			*****	. oquii	00, 1110								,	
L - Employmen		l lay	Τ	1						Ī	l	T		MS/CS
Use Categories/	С	NO	ER	ВР	WM ⁷	MC	RE	I ⁷	T ⁷	PC	os	CC7	Additional	& E
Subcategories		NC	EK	Dr	AA IAI	IVIC	KE	1	1	FC	03		Regulations	Overlays
- · · · ·	├	l	<u> </u>							<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		Overtays
Equipment &														
Service Uses, Automobile														
Service Stations	[
[No change in														
text.]														
Wholesale, Distribu	tion	& <u>and</u>	Stora	ge										
Warehouses &	L ⁴		L ⁴	L ⁴	P	P		P	P					
Wholesale														
Distribution]			
<u>Facilities</u>														
												ļ		
Moving &	L ⁴		L ⁴	L ⁴	P	P		P	P					
Storage Facilities			-	ļ										
Separately Regulate	d W	holesa	le, Dis	tribut	tion & <u>a</u>	nd Sto	rage U	ses						
Temporary														
Construction										1				
Yards through							Ľ	No cha	inge in	text.j				
Industrial,														
Trucking and														
Transportation Terminals [No														
change in text.]														
Separately Regulate	ed In	destri	al Use	<u> </u>										
		1		·	r			T				1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Marijuana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		
<u>Cannabis</u> Production	1													
Facilities		1		ł					ŀ					
Signs	<u> </u>		L	<u></u>	1	1	1	1	L	I	<u> </u>	l .	<u>. </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1					•								
Allowable Signs, Separately														
Regulated Signs														
Uses through														
Other Use							_			_				
Requirements,							Į.	No cha	inge in	text.]				
Temporary Uses														
and Structures	}													
[No change in														
text.]														
														

Footnotes for Table 156-0308-A

§156.0309 FAR Regulations and TDRs

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Development Permit FAR

The approval and recordation of a development permit establishes the distribution of gross floor area within the development. The development may consist of one or more individually-owned lots, but the permitted FAR for any individual lots remain subject to the FAR limits within the development boundaries as defined by the development permit. If a development does not require a development permit, the distribution of FAR between the lots may be executed through the recordation of a legal covenant in a form approved by the City Manager and the City Attorney.

- (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) FAR Bonuses

Development may exceed the maximum base FAR for the site established by Figure H if the applicant provides certain public benefits or development amenities. Table 156-0309-A shows the maximum amount of FAR bonus that may be earned by providing benefits or amenities, and Figure J shows the maximum FAR bonus that may be purchased for a site through the FAR Payment Bonus Program (exclusive of bonuses for affordable housing as described in Section 156.0309(e)(1)). Applicants utilizing the FAR bonus program shall have CC&Rs recorded on the

¹ through 2 [No change in text.]

Requires active ground floor uses along street frontages. For hotels with 100 feet or more of street frontage along a Main Street, active commercial uses other than the hotel lobby shall constitute at least 50% of the required active commercial use frontage.

⁴ through 11 [No change in text.]

property, ensuring that the benefits or amenities provided to earn the bonus are maintained in perpetuity, or in the case of affordable housing, for the duration specified in Section 156.0309(e)(1)(B)(iv).

The public benefits and *development* amenities that may earn a FAR bonus are the following:

TABLE 156-0309-A: *FAR BONUS*

[No change in text.]

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) Urban Open Space. Applicants <u>Development</u> that reserves a portion of their site for the development of public urban open space may qualify for a FAR bonus of 1.0 or 2.0, as specified in Table 156-0309-A, subject to the following criteria:
 (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
- (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (8) Green Building. The Centre City Green (CCG) Building Incentive Program awards *development* incentives for buildings that exceed the California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen). Two different paths to earn an *FAR bonus* are available to *applicants* as follows:
 - (A) Performance Path. The Performance Path allows

 applicants to demonstrate a high level of building

 sustainability by achieving a targeted level of performance

 sustainability by achieving a targeted level of performance

in an existing voluntary green building rating system.

Approved rating systems include:

- (i) through (ii) [No change in text.]
- (B) through (G) [No change in text.]
- (f) Exemptions from FAR Calculations

The following exemptions apply to the calculations for FAR:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Main/Commercial Streets. All floor area located on the ground floor or ground-floor mezzanine that is directly accessible to the street and is dedicated to active commercial uses on main streets or commercial streets shall not be counted as gross floor area for the purposes of calculating the FAR for the development.
- (5) [No change in text.]
- (g) [No change in text.]

§156.0310 Development Regulations

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Building Bulk. Building bulk is divided into three main areas of the building: the building base, the mid-zone, and the tower. The mid-zone shall be applicable only in the areas within the Large Floorplate and Employment Overlay Districts, as illustrated in Figure C. The development standards for building bulk are summarized in Table 156-0310-A:

TABLE 156-0310-A: DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

[No change in text.]

- (1) Building Base
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Street Wall Frontage. A street wall containing habitable space shall be provided along 100 percent of the street frontage, with the following exceptions:
 - (i) through (iv) [No change in text.]
 - (v) Patios and balconies up to 10 feet in depth and in front of habitable space may qualify as street wall must be approved through the Centre City Development Permit review process; or design review;
 - (vi) Portions of development sites associated with documented active faults or no-build easements may be exempted from the street wall requirements-; or
 - (vii) Side yard setbacks up to 5 feet in width may be approved through design review.
 - (C) [No change in text.]
 - (D) Minimum Street Wall Height. The minimum height of the street wall shall be 45 feet in accordance with Table 156-0310-A with the following exceptions:
 - (i) For development involving a designated historical resource, a lower street wall height may be

approved as part of the <u>Ddesign Rreview</u> process.

Street wall height and design will also be subject to the review and approval processes pertaining to historical resources contained within Chapters 11 through 14 of the Land Development Code.

- (ii) through (iv) [No change in text.]
- (E) through (G) [No change in text.]

TABLE 156-0310-B: VIEW CORRIDOR STEPBACKS

[No change in text.]

- (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) Tower
 - (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
 - (D) Tower Setback from Public Streets. Towers shall be set back from any property line adjoining a public street by a minimum of 15 feet, with the following exceptions:
 - (i) [No change in text.]
 - (ii) Two sides of a tower may be exempted from this setback requirement when it is determined through the Ddesign Rreview process that the resulting design is improved and does not result in massing inconsistent with the neighborhood. This provision does not apply within the Little Italy Sun Access Overlay District.
 - (iii) [No change in text.]

- (E) through (F) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (f) [No change in text.]

(1)

- (g) Residential Development Requirements

 The following standards apply to residential developments that contain fifty or more dwelling units:
 - Each development shall provide common outdoor open space either at grade, podium, or roof level. Common outdoor open space areas shall have a minimum dimension of 30 feet in each direction, or 40 feet between opposing building walls when bordered by three building walls exceeding a height of 15 feet, and may contain active and passive areas and a combination of hardscape and landscape features, but a minimum of 10 percent of the common outdoor open space must be planting area.

All common outdoor open space must be accessible to all residents of the development through a common corridor. Development shall provide common outdoor open spaces as a percentage of the lot area in accordance with Table 156-0310-C.

TABLE 156-0310-C: COMMON <u>O</u> UTDOOR OPEN SPACE								
Lot Size	% Common Outdoor Open Space							
≤10,000 sf	10							

10,001 – 30,000 sf	15
>30,000	20

- (2) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (h) through (i) [No change in text.]

§156.0311 Urban Design Regulations

Focusing on how buildings and the spaces between them are consciously designed and integrated, the following urban design standards are intended to create a distinct urban character for the Centre City Planned District, ensure that development is designed with a pedestrian orientation, and foster a vital and active street life.

- (a) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Rooftops
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) All mechanical equipment, appurtenances, and access areas shall be intentionally grouped and architecturally *screened* within fully covered enclosures consistent with the overall composition of the building. Mechanical enclosures shall have a *screened* or louvered top to improve views from above and to provide required air circulation. Multiple roof-top individual condenser units located in orderly and linear patterns may be exempted from overhead screening through the *Đdesign Rreview* process.
- (h) through (l) [No change in text.]

§156.0313 Parking, Loading, Traffic and Transportation Demand Management Standards

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Non-Residential *Off-Street Parking Space* and Loading Bay Requirements

 The parking requirements in Table 156-0313-B and Section 156.0313(b)

 shall apply to non-residential uses.

TABLE 156-0313-B NON-RESIDENTIAL OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Use Category	Minimum		Notes		
Office through Warehouse & Storage [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]				
Hotel	0.3 spaces per room		Development containing less than 25 100 guest rooms is exempt.		
Single Room Occupancy Units	Market rate unit	0.5 spaces per unit	Parking shall be based on the occupancy/rent restriction applied to the specific unit.		
	50% AMI	0.1 spaces per unit			
	At or below 40% AMI	None			

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) Small Lot Commercial Development commercial development on lots of 15,000 square feet or less shall be exempt from parking requirements.
- (4) An alternative parking design for a commercial development may

 be approved for a parking area exclusively serviced by a valet

 parking program, subject to approval by the City Manager. The

parking operation design and valet requirements shall be documented in a recorded agreement subject to approval, as to form, by the City Attorney.

- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Small Lot Reduction

For lots of 5,000 square feet or less, the minimum number of parking spaces required is reduced by 50 percent.

(e)(d) Enclosed Parking

All parking provided within a *development* shall be enclosed and architecturally integrated into, or on top of, a *structure*.

(f)(e) Below-Grade Parking

At least three levels of below-grade parking shall be provided prior to the provision of any above-grade parking, with the following exceptions:

- (1) Below-grade parking is not required for parcels less than 10,000 square feet in area or less.
- (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Public parking garages and development located within the

 Ballpark Mixed-Use District are only required to provide two
 levels of below-grade parking prior to the provision of any abovegrade parking.²
- (5) [No change in text.]
- (g)(f) Existing Buildings

Buildings may be converted from one land use to another without providing additional parking spaces, unless the conversion is from commercial to residential use. The proposed conversion of a building to a residential use or the expansion of any building that cannot meet the parking requirements may be granted a deviation from the parking requirements by the City Manager upon approval of a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 2 of this Code.

(h)(g) Structured Parking Facility Standards

The following standards apply to all above-grade parking facilities:

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) All parking located above the ground level shall meet the following standards:
 - (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
 - (F) All above-grade parking facilities directly abutting a street
 shall exhibit level floor areas for a minimum distance of 40
 feet from the property line to allow for future conversion to
 habitable uses.
- (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (i)(h) Surface Parking *Lot* Standards

 Surface parking *lots* are interim land uses and shall be designed according to the following standards:
 - (1) For sites with an approved Centre City Development Permit

 development permit or those designated for as a public park in the

Downtown Community Plan, temporary surface parking *lots* may be approved for a maximum period of two years. The parking *lots* shall be improved with appropriate paving, striping, and security lighting to City standards.

- (2) For sites without an approved Centre City Development Permit

 development permit or for parking lots improved and operated for a period of over two years, the following standards shall apply in addition to those listed above for temporary surface parking lots:

 (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (3) [No change in text.]
- (j)(i) Off-Site Parking Provisions

Developments may provide required off-street parking spaces at an off-site location. The off-site location shall be within 500 feet of the development served by the parking, measured property line to property line, and shall be secured by CC&Rs recorded on both properties in a form acceptable to the City Attorney's Office that ensure the parking facility's use without reduction in spaces in perpetuity (unless another off-site location is secured in compliance with this Section).

(k)(i) Parking Space Standards

All parking spaces required by this Division shall meet City standards in accordance with Section 142.0560 of the Land Development Code.

Parking spaces provided in excess of the number of spaces required may deviate from the standards, but the final and permanent size of any non-

standard spaces for exclusive use by a dwelling unit in a residential development shall be disclosed to the resident prior to the execution of a sales or rental agreement.

(1)(k) Vehicular Access

- (1) All driveways shall be perpendicular to the public sidewalk.
- (2) The maximum linear feet of curb cut for vehicular access shall be calculated at a ratio of 1 linear foot per 500 square feet of site area. Parcels containing 10,000 square feet and less may double this ratio (2 linear feet of curb cut per 500 feet of site area). Curb cuts that serve up to ten parking spaces shall be between 12 and 20 feet wide. Curb cuts that serve over ten parking spaces shall be between 20 and 30 feet wide.
- (3) All vehicular access curb cuts shall be located at least 65 feet from the curb line of the closest intersection. Curb cuts on the same parcel must be separated by at least 80 feet, with the exception of a curb cut to provide access to an off-street loading bay, which may be closer than 80 feet if the widths of both curb cuts are minimized to the extent possible. Curb cuts shall be located to minimize conflicts and maximize on-street parking. On parcels of 5,000 square feet or less, the dimensions listed above shall be reduced in half.

- (4) No curb cuts are permitted on the *streets* designated on Figure E unless driveway access is not feasible on adjacent *streets* due to *lot* size, *lot* configuration, or other significant factors.
- (m)(1) Driveway Slopes and Security Gates

Driveway slopes shall meet the requirements of Section 142.0560(j)(9) of the Land Development Code. There shall be a transition behind the *public right-of-way* not to exceed a gradient of 5 percent for a distance of 10 feet. Security gates for parking garages shall be located a minimum distance of 10 feet from the front *property line*, and the door swing of any security gate shall not encroach into the 10-foot required minimum distance from the front *property line*. Security gates shall be constructed of an upgraded screening material that is at least 80% non-transparent.

- (n)(m) Centre City Cumulative Trip Generation Rates

 Centre City Trip Generation Rates are as specified in the City of San

 Diego Land Development Manual, Appendix N.
- (e)(n) Transportation Demand Management (TDM)

 To reduce single-occupant vehicle trips into the Centre City Planned

 District, applicants for proposed commercial and hotel development

 containing over 50,000 square feet of gross floor area shall achieve a

 minimum of 25 points by implementing TDM measures contained in

TABLE 156-0313-D: TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT (TDM)

Table 156-0313-D.

[No change in text.]

§156.0314 Sign Regulations

- (a) Sign Regulations
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Provisions

In addition to the requirements of the Land Development Code Chapter 12, Article 9, Division 8 and Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 12, the following provisions apply:

- (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
- (D) Within the Centre City Planned District, the provision for

 Sign Category A of Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 12 shall

 apply, except in the Coastal Overlay Zone where Sign

 Category C shall apply.
- (3) through (4) [No change in text.]

§156.0315 Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Outdoor Use Areas

Outdoor Use Areas are subject to the following regulations:

- (1) The hours of operation of an Outdoor Use Area shall be limited to
 no later than 10:00 p.m. Sunday through Thursday, and no later
 than 11:00 p.m. Friday through Saturday.
- (2) Smoking and vaping is not permitted with an Outdoor Use Area, at any time. For the purpose of this section, the terms smoke, smoking, vape, and vaping have the same meanings as in Section 43.1001.

(3) Any establishment with an Outdoor Use Area located above the ground-level and/or that is greater than 350 square feet in area shall obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with a Process Two.

(d)(e) Outdoor activities

Outdoor activities include a variety of community serving uses and events and may include the use of structures and small buildings. Applicants

Applicants proposing the use of any structures or small buildings shall obtain all necessary permits in accordance with state and local regulations.

Outdoor activities are subject to the following additional regulations and permits:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (e)(f) Alternative Interim Uses within Neighborhood Mixed Use Centers and along Main Streets and Commercial Streets are permitted upon approval of a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Process Three, when the following findings are made:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]

The initial term for a Conditional Use Permit permitting *Alternative Interim Uses* shall not exceed a ten-year period. Extensions may be approved in accordance with Section 126.0114, but shall not exceed an additional ten-year period.

(f)(g) Living Units.

Living unit developments are permitted in the zones indicated in Table

156-0308-A subject to the following regulations:

(1) through (13) [No change in text.]

(g)(h) Historical Resources

All *development* proposals that may result in the alteration of an *historical* resource, or any site containing a structure <u>structure</u> over 45 years in age, shall be reviewed as provided in Chapters 11 through 14 of this Code.

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (h)(i) Historical Buildings Occupied by Uses Not Otherwise Allowed

 Historical buildings occupied by uses not otherwise allowed may be

 permitted with a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Process Three subject to the following regulations:
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (i)(i) Social Services Institutions, Transitional Housing or Homeless Facilities

 Applicants for a Conditional Use Permit for a social service institution,

 transitional housing or a homeless facility may request a modification to

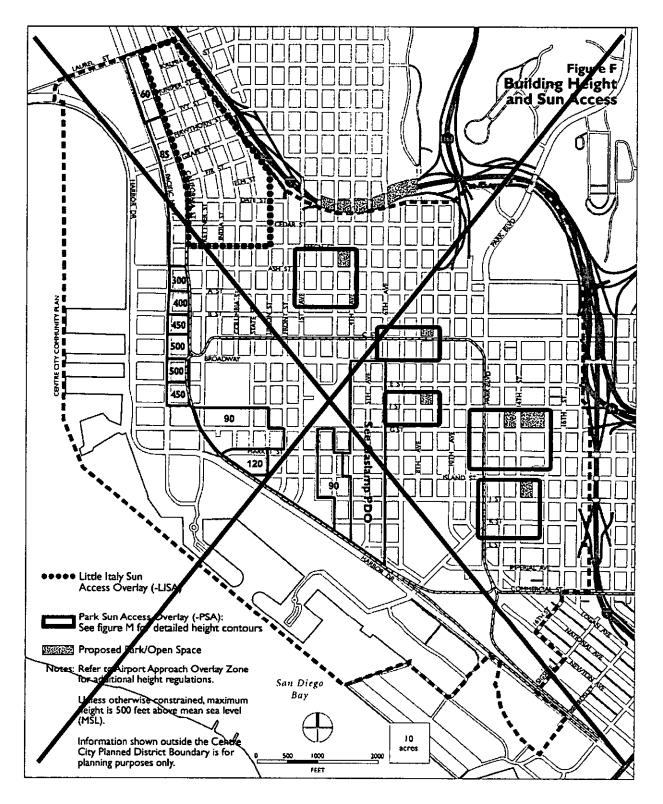
 the standard development regulations, including separation requirements,

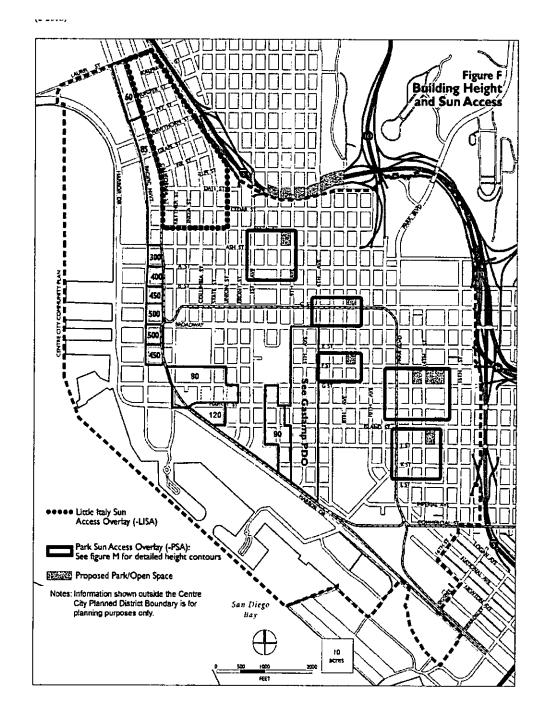
 found in Chapter 14 of this Code. Any such request may be granted by the

 decision maker if at least one of the following findings is made:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text,]
- (i)(k) Reasonable Accommodations [No change in text.]

Figures A through E

[No change in text.]





Figures G through H

[No change in text.]

Figures J through N

[No change in text.]

§157.0201 Gaslamp Quarter Approvals and Permits

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Permits
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Neighborhood Use Permit
 - (A) A Neighborhood Use Permit, in accordance with Process

 Two, is required for the following uses:
 - (i) Sidewalk cafés in the *public right-of-way* or any other outdoor area for eating or drinking on private property used in connection with a commercial establishment; or
 - (ii) Deviations to parking requirements pursuant to Section 157.0401(f)-: or
 - (iii) Restaurants, including brew pubs or microbreweries, engaged in the sale of alcoholic
 beverages for on-site consumption during business
 hours when made-to-order food products are not
 available, as provided in Section 157.0305(a)(2).
 - (B) [No change in text.]

- (3) Conditional Use Permit
 - (A) A Conditional Use Permit, in accordance with Process

 Three, is required for the following uses:
 - (i) Establishments providing live music, entertainment or dancing, whether or not in conjunction with the sale of alcohol; as provided in Section

 157.0305(c)(2) and (4);
 - (ii) Establishments engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption off the *premises*; and
 - (iii) Restaurants and other permitted uses specified in Section 157.0305(a)(2) which include the sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises; or

(iv)(iii) Ground floor uses over 10,000 square feet.

- (B) [No change in text.]
- (4) [No change in text.]

§157.0305 Separately Regulated Uses

- (a) Alcoholic Beverage Sales for On-Site Consumption
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) A Conditional Use Permit Neighborhood Use Permit shall be required for the following restaurants or other permitted uses which include the sale of alcoholic beverages for on site consumption:

- (A) Rrestaurants, including brew pubs or micro-breweries, engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption during business hours when made-to-order food products are not available.
- (B) Entertainment establishments, as defined in Section 33.1502.
- (3) Uses involving the sale of alcoholic beverages in the Gaslamp

 Quarter Planned District shall be governed by the following

 additional requirements:
 - (A) All entertainment establishments, as defined by Section

 33.1502 must obtain and comply with all applicable

 permits, including a City of San Diego Police permit;
 - (B) Sound and amplification equipment shall be monitored during business hours to ensure that audible noise remains at acceptable levels in accordance with Chapter 5,

 Article 9.5 of the San Diego Municipal Code. Noise levels shall be in conformance with the noise abatement and control regulations set forth in Chapter 5, Article 9.5 of the San Diego Municipal Code; and
 - (C) If the establishment where live music entertainment or

 dancing is proposed to occur is within the same building as,
 or is immediately adjacent to, residential uses, an acoustical
 study shall be prepared by a qualified acoustical engineer,

hired by the applicant, which shall evaluate potential impacts to the residential occupants. Based on the results of the acoustical study, appropriate mitigation measures may be required.

- (4) Hotels, motels, or any other lodging establishment where the sale of alcoholic beverages is accessory or incidental to the primary operation of the establishment shall not be required to obtain a Conditional Use Permit if any of the uses described in Section 157.0305(a)(2) are completely enclosed within the building and accessed solely through a lobby area.
- (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Live entertainment

Live entertainment means live performances by musicians, singers, dancers, disc jockeys, or similar entertainers, and may include dancing by customers of an establishment. The provision of live entertainment shall comply with Chapter 3, Article 3, Division 15 of this Code, as applicable, and shall be subject to the following additional regulations and permits:

- (1) Acoustic live entertainment
 - (A) Restaurants which offer made-to-order food products

 during all business hours may offer performances by live

 acoustic musicians, dancers, or similar performers as an

 accessory use up to 11:00 p.m., if the entertainment is not

 audible outside of the establishment.

(B) Any other establishment offering performances by live

acoustic musicians, dancers, or similar performers shall

obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with

Process Two. The performances shall not be audible

outside the establishment.

(2) Non-acoustic live entertainment

- (A) Any establishment offering performances within an

 enclosed building by live non-acoustic musicians, disc

 jockeys, or patron dancing, shall obtain a Conditional Use

 Permit in accordance with Process Three,
- (B) If located upon or adjacent to a premises containing residential land uses, the establishment shall provide a noise impact analysis to the decision-maker for consideration before approval of the Conditional Use

 Permit. The noise impact analysis shall be prepared by a qualified acoustical, engineer and shall evaluate potential noise and vibration impacts to the surrounding neighborhood.
- (3) Hotels and motels offering live entertainment in an area completely enclosed within the building and accessed solely through the lobby area are not subject to Section 156.0315(c)(1) or (2), if the live entertainment is not audible outside of the building.

- Live entertainment located outside of an enclosed building

 Establishments offering live entertainment outside of an enclosed

 building shall obtain a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with

 Process Three. The establishment shall provide a noise impact

 analysis to the decision-maker for consideration before approval of

 the Conditional Use Permit. The noise impact analysis shall be

 prepared by a qualified acoustical engineer and shall evaluate noise

 and vibration impacts to the surrounding neighborhood.
- (5) Sound and amplification equipment associated with live entertainment shall conform to the noise abatement and control regulations of Chapter 5, Article 9.5 of this Code.
- (e)(d) Uses Containing Outdoor Areas for Eating or Drinking

 Establishments with outdoor areas for eating or drinking located either on private property or in the *public right-of-way* in connection with a commercial establishment shall be required to obtain a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Process Two.
- (d)(e) Ground Floor Uses Over 10,000 Square Feet

 The following findings must be made for approval of a Conditional Use

 Permit for uses occupying more than 10,000 square feet on the ground

 floor:
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]

§157.0401 Off-Street Parking Requirements

- (a) New developments located on sites that are greater than 10,000 square feet shall comply with the parking requirements established in Table 157.

 0401 A. Reasonable accommodations to the parking requirements shall be granted if necessary to afford disabled persons equal housing opportunities under state or federal law, in accordance with Section 131.0466. There shall be no required minimum parking for any uses in the Gaslamp Quarter Planned District. The maximum parking requirements as outlined in Table 157-0401-A shall apply.
- (b) New developments on sites that are 10,000 square feet or less shall not be required to provide off-street parking.
- (c) All required parking shall meet the parking regulations set forth in Section

 142.0560, including Table 142-05K and Table 142-05L, of the Land

 Development Code.
- (d) Existing buildings converted from one permitted use to another permitted use shall not be required to provide additional parking other than what was required under the original use.
- (e) Driveway curb cuts shall not be permitted on Fifth Avenue.
- (f) The City Manager may grant a deviation from the parking requirements

 for projects which have their only public street access along Broadway in

 accordance with Process Two.
- (g)(b) Bicycle Storage. Secured bicycle storage shall be provided at a ratio of one area reasonably sized to accommodate one bicycle for every five

dwelling units. Bicycle storage areas shall be enclosed with access restricted to authorized persons. Any common storage area to serve more than one dwelling unit shall provide racks or fixtures on which to lock individual bicycles.

- (h)(c) Provided Parking. If one or more off-street parking spaces are provided in a development, then the following requirements apply:
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
 - (5) Reasonable accommodations to the parking requirements shall be granted if necessary to afford disabled persons equal housing opportunities under state and federal law, in accordance with Section 131.0466.
- (i)(d) Maximum Parking. Off-street parking spaces in tandem or within a mechanical automobile lift are not counted as additional off-street parking space. A development may exceed the maximum off-street parking spaces identified in Table 157-0401-A if all of the following apply:
 - (1) The development floor area ratio is no less than 80 percent of the base maximum floor area ratio; and
 - (2)(1) At least 20 percent of the total off-street parking spaces provided include electric vehicle supply equipment for the ready installation of charging stations; and
 - (3)(2) The *development* provides transportation amenities in accordance with Section 142.0528(c) worth at least four points; and

(4)(3) All Any off-street parking spaces that exceed the allowed maximum shall be within an underground parking garage on the same premises.

TABLE 157-0401-A: OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS						
Use Category	Minimum	Maximum	Notes			
Office	1.5 spaces per 1,000 sf	N/A 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sf	Projects containing less than 50,000 square feet of office space are exempt.			
Commercial/Retail	1.5 spaces per 1,000 sf	N/A 1.0 spaces per 1,000 sf	Projects containing less than 30,000 square feet of commercial/retail space are exempt.			
Hotel	0.3 spaces per room	N/A 0.3 spaces per room	Projects containing less than 25 guest rooms are exempt.			
Dwelling Units including Permanent Supportive Housing	θ	1.0 spaces per dwelling unit				

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Or. Dept: Planning Doc. No.: 2561638_2

Passed by the Council of The C	ity of San Die	go onJA	N 26 2021	, by the following vote:		
Councilmembers	Yeas	Nays	Not Present	Recused		
Joe LaCava	Ø	ń	П			
Jennifer Campbell	7	П	П			
Stephen Whitburn	Ŋ					
Monica Montgomery Ste	eppe 📝					
Marni von Wilpert	<u>Z</u>			П		
Chris Cate	Ī					
Raul A. Campillo	7					
Vivian Moreno	7		П			
Sean Elo-Rivera	$\overline{\alpha}$					
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Date of final passage	EB 01 2021	·				
			TODD	GLORIA		
AUTHENTICATED BY:		Mayo		n Diego, California.		
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(Seal)		ELIZABETH S. MALAND City Clerk of The City of San Diego, California.				
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		By	1 reac	, Deputy		
I HEREBY CERTIFY that the	e foregoing o	ordinance was	not finally passed	until twelve calendar		
days had elapsed between the o	Jay OF ITS INTRO	oduction and ti	ne day of its final	passage, to wit, on		
JAN 1 2 2021	, a	nd on	FEB 01 2021			
I FURTHER CERTIFY that s reading was dispensed with by a the ordinance was made availab of its passage.	a vote of five	members of th	e Council, and th	at a written copy of		
	ELIZABETH S. MALAND					
(Seal)	City Clerk of The City of San Diego, California.			an Diego, California.		
		Ву	Rioc	, Deputy		
	Office of the City Clerk, San Diego, California					
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