Article 1: Separately Regulated Use Regulations

Division 3: Residential Use Category--Separately Regulated Uses

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.)

§141.0302 Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units

Section 141.0302 provides for the construction of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs), consistent with the requirements of state law, and is intended to encourage the construction of ADUs and JADUs through several local regulatory provisions, including eliminating parking requirements for ADUs and JADUs, and providing an affordable housing bonus of one additional ADU for every deed-restricted affordable ADU constructed on the premises, as specified in the regulations below. ADUs are permitted in all zones allowing residential uses and JADUs are permitted in all Single Dwelling Unit Zones by-right as a limited use decided in accordance with Process One, indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) The following definitions apply to this section:

(1) Single Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits single dwelling units but does not permit multiple dwelling units.

(2) Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits multiple dwelling units.

(b) The following regulations are applicable to both ADUs and JADUs:

(1) Use Regulations

(A) One ADU and one JADU are permitted on a premises located within a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed single dwelling unit.

(B) An ADU or JADU shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31 consecutive days.

(C) Guest quarters and non-habitable accessory structures shall be permitted in addition to ADUs and JADUs.
An Accessory Dwelling Unit or Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit shall not be permitted to be constructed on any premises that has utilized the provisions of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations for Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section 143.1305(c)(1).

(2) Development Regulations

(A) A minimum lot size is not required for the construction of an ADU or JADU.

(B) ADUs and JADUs are not subject to the density limitations for the premises.

(C) The gross floor area of an ADU and JADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.

(D) An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure or is constructed in the same location and within the same building envelope as an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure may continue to observe the same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit or accessory structure. An existing structure may not be converted or reconstructed as an ADU or JADU if the structure does not conform to the wetlands regulations in Section 143.0141(b), the sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143, the coastal beaches regulations in Section 143.0144, or the Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.

(E) ADU and JADU structures must comply with the front yard and street side yard setbacks of the base zone. Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for new ADU and JADU structures shall be provided as follows:

(i) One-story ADUs or JADUs with a structure height 16 feet or less may observe a zero-foot setback at the interior side yard and rear yard.
(ii) One-story ADUs or JADUs with a structure height that exceeds 16 feet and multi-story ADU or JADU structures may observe zero-foot interior side yard and rear yard setbacks, unless the side or rear property line abuts another premises that is residually zoned or developed with exclusively residential uses, in which case a 4-foot setback shall apply.

(F) The following landscape regulations shall apply to the construction of an ADU or JADU:

(i) If construction of an ADU or JADU that would bring the number of ADUs or JADUs on the premises to a total of two or more is proposed, two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City’s Street Tree Selection Guide.

(ii) ADUs constructed in accordance with Section 141.0302(c)(2)(C) shall comply with the street tree requirements in Section 142.0409(a).

(G) ADUs and JADUs shall not be required to provide fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary dwelling unit. When located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code, a ADU or JADU shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system.

(H) Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require the correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.

(I) ADUs and JADUs constructed within Areas of Future Sea Level Rise must comply with the regulations in Section 132.0404.
(3) Parking Regulations

(A) No on-street parking spaces or *off-street parking spaces* are required for *ADUs* and *JADUs* except as specified in Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B).

(B) When an *ADU* or *JADU* is proposed on a premises located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of a *transit priority area*, one *off-street parking space* located consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(D) shall be required per *ADU* or *JADU*, unless any of the following apply:

(i) The *ADU* or *JADU* is 500 square feet or less;

(ii) The premises is located within a *historical district* that is a *designated historical resource*;

(iii) The *ADU* or *JADU* is attached to the proposed or existing primary *dwelling unit* or *accessory structure*;

(iv) The premises is located with a residential permit parking district;

(v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the premises.

(C) When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an *ADU* or *JADU*, or converted to an *ADU* or *JADU*, replacement of those *off-street parking spaces* is not required unless the premises is located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of a *transit priority area*, in which case the parking shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(D).

(D) If *off-street parking spaces* are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B) or 141.0302(b)(3)(C), or if the applicant chooses to provide *off-street parking spaces* for *ADUs* and/or *JADUs* located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following:
(i) **Off-street parking spaces** may be located in any configuration, may be within the *setback* areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts.

(ii) **Off-street parking spaces** shall be located within *hardscape* areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the *lot*.

(E) Notwithstanding 141.0302(b)(2)(H), if the construction of an *ADU* or *JADU* causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section 142.0560 for an *off-street parking space*, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.

(4) Development Impact Fees for *ADUs* and *JADUs* shall comply with Section 142.0640(b).

(c) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), the following additional regulations are applicable to *ADUs*:

(1) **Use Regulations**

(A) The *record owner* is not required to live on the same *premises* as the *ADU*.

(B) The *ADU* may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary *dwelling unit* unless all of the following apply:

(i) The *ADU* was built or developed by a qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(i), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under Section 214.15 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code for properties intended to be sold to low-income families who participate in a special no-interest loan program.
(ii) There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the premises on which the ADU is located pursuant to a recorded contract between the qualified buyer and the qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(ii), a qualified buyer means very low income, low income, median income, or moderate income households, as specified in Table 141-03A.

(iii) The lot where the ADU is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes an allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the lot based on the size of the ADU each qualified buyer occupies; a repurchase option that requires the qualified buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit corporation to buy the property if the buyer desires to sell or convey the property; a requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the property as the qualified buyer’s principal residence; and affordability restrictions on the sale and conveyance of the property that ensure the property will be preserved for very low income, low income, median income or moderate income households for 45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be sold or resold to a qualified buyer.

(iv) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and describing the property interests being transferred shall be recorded with the County. A Preliminary Change of Ownership Report shall be filed concurrently with this grant deed pursuant to Section 480.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(v) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the ADU has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.

(2) Development Regulations for ADUs

(A) ADUs shall be permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, consistent with the Use Table of the applicable base zone.
(B) One ADU shall be permitted in a Single Dwelling Unit Zone on a premises with an existing or proposed single dwelling unit.

(C) On a premises located in a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing multiple dwelling unit, or a premises located in a Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed dwelling unit, ADUs shall be permitted as follows:

(i) Two ADUs that are attached to and/or detached from an existing or proposed structure are permitted; and

(ii) The number of ADUs permitted within the habitable area of an existing dwelling unit structure is limited to 25 percent of the total number of existing dwelling units in the structure, but in no case shall it be less than one ADU; and

(iii) There is no limit on the number of ADUs permitted within the portions of existing dwelling unit structures and accessory structures that are not used as livable space, including storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages, if each ADU complies with state building standards for dwelling units.

(D) An ADU with a gross floor area of 800 square feet shall be permitted on a premises with an existing or proposed dwelling unit regardless of maximum lot coverage, maximum floor area ratio, and minimum open space requirements. The development shall comply with the floor area ratio of the underlying base zone unless the development incorporates an existing structure that exceeds the allowable floor area ratio or is under the allowable floor area ratio by less than 800 square feet, in which case an ADU that does not exceed 800 square feet shall be permitted.

(E) An ADU may be attached to, located within, or detached from an existing or proposed primary dwelling unit, including garages and habitable or non-habitable accessory structures.
(F) The minimum gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet. The maximum gross floor area of an ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet. An ADU constructed within an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure does not have a maximum gross floor area and may construct an additional 150 square feet for ingress and egress only.

(G) ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs. One additional ADU shall be permitted for every ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income and low income households for a period of not less than 10 years, or as affordable to moderate income households for a period of not less than 15 years, guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.

(i) There is no limit on the number of bonus ADUs within a Sustainable Development Area.

(ii) One bonus ADU is permitted outside a Sustainable Development Area.

(iii) For ADUs to be counted as affordable and meet the requirements of this Section, the qualifying criteria in Table 141-03A shall be met.
Table 141-03A
Qualifying Criteria for Affordable ADU Bonus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Rental ADUs</th>
<th>For-Sale ADUs¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>shall be affordable, including an allowance for utilities, at a rent that does not exceed:</td>
<td>shall be affordable at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Low Income households</td>
<td>30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
<td>30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Income households</td>
<td>30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
<td>30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Income households</td>
<td>30 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
<td>35 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Footnotes for Table 141-03A

(1) For-sale ADUs are subject to the requirements of Section 141.0302(c)(1)(B).

(d) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), Junior Accessory Dwelling Units are subject to the following additional regulations:

(1) Use Regulations

(A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed primary single dwelling unit.

(B) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit.
Before a Building Permit may be issued for a JADU, the record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in a form that is approved by the City Attorney. The agreement shall include the following provisions: the JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit; the agreement may be enforced against future purchasers; and the record owner shall reside on the premises. The City shall submit the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation. The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the JADU.

(2) Development Regulations

(A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed primary single dwelling unit.

(B) A JADU of not less than 150 square feet and not more than 500 square feet is permitted within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, an attached or detached garage, or an ADU. A JADU constructed within an existing structure may construct an additional 150 square feet for ingress and egress only.

(C) A JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary dwelling unit and shall provide a kitchen or an efficiency kitchen.

(“Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units” added 10-30-2020 by O-21254 N.S.; effective 11-29-2020. Former Section 141.0302 “Companion Units, Junior Units, and Movable Tiny Houses” repealed.)

(Amended 3-11-2022 by O-21439 N.S.; effective 4-10-2022.)

[Editors Note: Amendments as adopted by O-21439 N.S. will not apply within the Coastal Overlay Zone until the California Coastal Commission certifies it as a Local Coastal Program Amendment. Click the link to view the Strikeout Ordinance highlighting changes to prior language http://docs.sandiego.gov/municodeStrikeoutOrd/O-21439-SO.pdf]
§141.0303 Continuing Care Retirement Communities

Continuing Care Retirement Communities (CCRCs) are licensed by the state as both a Residential Care Facility for the Elderly and a Skilled Nursing Facility, regulated under the California Health and Safety Code, and overseen by the California Department of Social Services. They provide residents with multiple living environments based on the changing level of care required by the resident. The communities typically provide independent living dwelling units, assisted living dwelling units, and convalescent and memory care rooms. A CCRC is a distinct residential use and should not be considered a sum of separate, multiple uses when determining compliance with permitted land uses.

CCRCs may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three, in the zones indicated with a “C” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), or as a limited use in zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations.

(a) CCRCs are not permitted in agricultural zones in Proposition A Lands.
(b) Convalescent and memory care rooms shall, at a minimum, comply with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 6, Chapter 8 (Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly).

(c) Parking areas shall be lighted for the safety of tenants. Lighting shall be of a design that deters vandalism. The location, type, and size of the proposed lighting fixtures shall be specified on the development permit application.

(d) CCRCs shall be subject to the landscape regulations for commercial development in Table 142-04A.

(e) As a distinct, separately regulated residential use, CCRCs are not subject to the density limitations of the applicable community plan and underlying base zone.

(“Continuing Care Retirement Communities” added 8-4-2016 by O-20704 N.S.; effective 8-27-2016. Former Section 141.0303 “Employee Housing” renumbered to Section 141.0304.)

(Amended 1-8-2020 by O-21164 N.S.; effective 2-9-2020.)

§141.0304 Employee Housing

Employee housing is housing provided for agricultural workers in accordance with the California Health and Safety Code, Employee Housing Act. Employee housing does not include housing for persons engaged in household domestic service. Employee housing is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the regulations in Section 141.0304(a). Employee housing may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit or a Conditional Use Permit in the zones indicated with an “N” or a “C,” respectively, in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the regulations in Section 141.0304(b).

(a) Limited Use Regulations

(1) Employee housing for 6 or fewer persons is permitted subject to the following regulations.

   (A) The employee housing shall be qualified for a permit to operate under Health and Safety Code Section 17030.

   (B) Employee housing is permitted for no more than 6 persons including family members.
(C) Employees and their families shall be housed within the single dwelling unit on the premises, or in a separate structure on the premises that is not a dwelling unit.

(D) Off-street parking shall be provided at a rate of 1 space for every 2 employees.

(2) Employee housing for 12 or fewer employees is permitted subject to the following regulations.

(A) The employee housing shall be qualified for a permit to operate under Health and Safety Code Section 17030.

(B) Employee housing is permitted for up to 12 employees, plus any family members.

(C) Agricultural employees may be employed off-site. All other employees must be employed on the premises containing the employee housing.

(D) Only one structure for employee housing may be permitted on the premises.

(E) The employee housing is permitted in a separate structure on the premises that is not a dwelling unit.

(F) Off-street parking shall be provided at a rate of 1 space for every 2 employees.

(b) Neighborhood Use Permit and Conditional Use Permit Regulations

(1) Employee housing may be permitted for more than 12 employees, plus any family members.

(2) A minimum lot size of 10 acres is required for employee housing for more than 12 employees.

(3) Agricultural employees may be employed off-site. All other employees must be employed on the premises containing the employee housing.

(4) Only one structure for employee housing may be provided for every 10 acres of lot area.
The structure for employee housing is permitted in addition to a single dwelling unit on the same premises and is subject to all development regulations of the base zone.

Off-street parking shall be provided at a rate of 1 space for every 2 employees.

(Amended 11-13-08 by O-19803 N.S; effective 12-13-2008.)

("Employee Housing" renumbered from former Section 141.0303 and amended 8-4-2016 by O-20704 N.S.; effective 8-27-2016.)

§141.0305 Fraternity Houses, Sorority Houses, and Student Dormitories

Fraternity houses, sorority houses, and student dormitories are facilities that are designed or used as a residence for students enrolled at an institution of higher learning. Fraternity houses, sorority houses, and student dormitories may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a “C” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) Fraternity houses, sorority houses, and student dormitories may be permitted only in the following locations:

(1) Within an area specifically designated for these facilities by the applicable land use plan, or

(2) When the applicable land use plan does not contain a designated area, such facilities may be located within a 1-mile radius of the boundary of a college or university campus, in any of the following zones: RM-3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, RM-4-10, and RM-4-11.

(b) If the facility is not located on a college or university campus, off-street parking shall be provided as follows:

(1) At a rate of 1 parking space for each resident, or

(2) Through a parking agreement between the college or university with which the facility is affiliated and the applicant, which will allow the applicant to use college or university parking facilities to meet the parking requirement.
(c) A resident manager is required to live on the premises.

(d) The facility must be officially recognized by the college or university.

(e) The frequency and duration of organized outdoor activities and social events shall be limited as needed to minimize adverse impacts on neighboring development.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
(Amended 8-4-2011 by O-20081 N.S.; effective 10-6-2011.)
(“Fraternity Houses, Sorority Houses, and Student Dormitories” renumbered from former Section 141.0304 on 8-4-2016 by O-20704 N.S.; effective 8-27-2016.)

§141.0306 Garage, Yard, and Estate Sales

Garage, yard, and estate sales are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) Garage, yard, and estate sales are permitted only as an accessory use to a permitted dwelling unit.

(b) The number of sales per premises shall not exceed three per year.

(c) Each sale shall not exceed two consecutive calendar days.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
(“Garage, Yard, and Estate Sales” renumbered from former Section 141.0305 on 8-4-2016 by O-20704 N.S.; effective 8-27-2016.)

§141.0307 Guest Quarters or Habitable Accessory Buildings

Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings are attached or detached accessory living quarters developed of habitable construction, and located on a lot with a single dwelling unit that do not provide complete, independent living facilities and do not have direct access to the primary dwelling unit. Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings are solely for the use of the occupants of the primary dwelling unit or their guests or employees.

Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may be permitted accessory to a single dwelling unit as a limited use in accordance with Process One in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.
(a) A primary dwelling unit must exist on the premises. Concurrent construction of the primary dwelling unit and the guest quarters or habitable accessory building is permitted.

(b) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may occupy a maximum of 25 percent of the allowable gross floor area of the premises.

(c) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may be attached to or detached from the primary dwelling unit on the premises.

(d) The gross floor area of the guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall be included in the floor area ratio calculation for the premises.

(e) The guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall not contain a kitchen or facilities for the storage and preparation of food. A bar sink and miniature refrigerator may be permitted.

(f) For guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings located above a garage or other accessory building, the maximum structure height for flat-roofed structures is 21 feet. For sloped-roofed structures with a roof pitch of at least 3:12 (3 vertical feet to 12 horizontal feet), the maximum structure height is 30 feet.

(g) Decks and staircases of not more than 3 feet in height may encroach into required yards.

(h) Roof decks, including railings, shall not exceed the height limits in Section 141.0307(f).

(i) Occupancy of a premises containing guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall be subject to the following:

   (1) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall not be rented, leased, or sold as a separate dwelling unit.

   (2) Before a Building Permit is issued for a guest quarters or habitable accessory building, the record owner shall submit a signed agreement with the City that neither the primary dwelling unit nor the guest quarters or habitable accessory building shall be sold or conveyed separately. The City will provide the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation.
(3) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall be used solely by
the occupants of the primary dwelling unit, their guests, or their
employees.

(Amended 1-9-2001 by O-18910 N.S.; effective 8-8-2001.)
(Amended 11-13-08 by O-19803 N.S; effective 12-13-2008.)
(Retitled from “Guest Quarters” to “Guest Quarters or Habitable Accessory
Buildings” and amended 8-4-2011 by O-20081 N.S.; effective 10-6-2011.)
(Amended 6-18-2013 by O-20261 N.S.; effective 7-19-2013.)
(“Guest Quarters or Habitable Accessory Buildings” renumbered from former
Section 141.0306 and amended 8-4-2016 by O-20704 N.S.; effective 8-27-2016.)
(Amended 8-9-2019 by O-21114 N.S.; effective 9-8-2019.)

§141.0308 Home Occupations

Home occupations are businesses conducted by residents on the premises of their
homes. Home occupations, including cottage food operations authorized pursuant to
California Government Code section 51035, are permitted as a limited use in the
zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1
(Base Zones) subject to the following regulations. An applicant may deviate from the
requirements in Section 141.0308(k) through (n) by obtaining a Neighborhood Use
Permit in accordance with Section 126.0203.

(a) Home occupations are permitted only as accessory uses to a residential use.

(b) Any products produced for sale must be manufactured by hand, grown on the
premises, or prepared within a kitchen that meets the standards for cottage
food operations in a dwelling unit in accordance with California Health and
Safety Code section 114365.

(c) The home occupation may reduce required off-street parking spaces by one
off-street parking space, so long as the reduction does not result in the
elimination of all off-street parking spaces.

(d) Signs advertising the home occupation are not permitted. Other advertising
shall not include the address of the premises.

(e) Home occupations, except for horticultural uses permitted in Chapter 13,
Article 1, Division 3 (Agricultural Base Zones) and Division 4 (Residential
Base Zones), shall be conducted within an enclosed structure on the premises.

(f) Materials or products associated with the home occupation on the premises
must be stored within an enclosed structure.
(g) Indoor storage of materials or products associated with the home occupation shall not exceed 1,000 cubic feet for the entire premises or any more restrictive limitations imposed by the Building and Housing Codes or the County Health Department.

(h) The operation of the home occupation shall be consistent with permitted residential uses, shall not create any conditions that amount to a public nuisance, and shall not be detrimental to the residential neighborhood by causing increased noise, traffic, lighting, odor, or by violating any applicable ordinances or laws.

(i) The resident of the premises shall not rent space to others in association with a home occupation.

(j) Only a resident of the premises may engage in a home occupation on the premises.

(k) Home occupations may have a maximum of one employee or partner on the premises between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday. For the purpose of Section 141.0308(k) an employee does not include a resident of the home.

(l) Home occupations may have a maximum of one customer on the premises at a time, by appointment only, between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday. Home occupations shall not host customers on the premises more frequently than one customer within a 2-hour time period.

(m) Home occupations may have a maximum of one vendor on the premises at a time between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday. Home occupations shall not host vendors on the premises more frequently than one vendor within a 2-hour time period.

(n) A maximum of one vehicle for business-related purposes is permitted on-street in the residentially zoned area and shall be parked in compliance with the regulations in Section 86.0139 if applicable.

   (1) Business-related vehicles may not exceed a one-ton carrying capacity.

   (2) Tow-trucks are not a permitted home occupation vehicle.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
(Amended 4-5-2016 by O-20634 N.S.; effective 5-5-2016.)
(Amended 1-27-2022 by O-21416 N.S.; effective 2-26-2022.)
§141.0309  Interim Ground Floor Residential

Residential development within commercial zones is permitted only when a commercial structure exists on the premises or is a part of the proposed development. Residential use is restricted on the ground floor in accordance with Section 131.0540. The interim residential density shall not be counted towards the maximum allowable density of the underlying zone or land use plan. Interim ground floor residential may be permitted within existing commercial space in accordance with Process Two in the zones indicated with an “N” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations:

(a) The change of a development site from commercial to residential use shall be in compliance with the California Building Code and California Fire Code for the residential use at the time of the conversion.

(b) The Neighborhood Use Permit shall expire no later than 10 years from the date of issuance.

(c) No additional parking is required for interim ground floor residential use.

(d) The decision maker shall make the findings in Section 126.0205(a) and (c).

(e) Residential development permitted in accordance with this section is required to pay Development Impact Fees in accordance with Section 142.0640(b)(7).

(“Interim Ground Floor Residential” added 8-9-2019 by O-21114 N.S.; effective 9-8-2019.)

(Amended 2-1-2021 by O-21288 N.S.; effective 3-3-2021.)

[Editors Note: Amendments as adopted by O-21288 N.S. will not apply within the Coastal Overlay Zone until the California Coastal Commission certifies it as a Local Coastal Program Amendment. Click the link to view the Strikeout Ordinance highlighting changes to prior language http://docs.sandiego.gov/municode_strikeout_ord/O-21288-SO.pdf]
§141.0311 Live/Work Quarters

Live/work quarters are studio spaces designed to integrate living space into the workspace and are primarily designed for industrial or commercial occupancy. Live/work quarters are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) The minimum floor area of a live/work quarters shall be 500 square feet.

(b) The minimum floor area used or arranged for non-residential purposes shall be 100 square feet.

(c) Each live/work quarters shall be separated by walls from other live/work quarters or other uses in the building.

(d) Access to the live/work quarters shall be provided only from common access areas, halls, or corridors and shall not be from other live/work quarters or other uses in the building.

(e) Access to each live/work quarters shall be clearly identified in order to provide for emergency services.

(f) The non-residential use shall be managed by the resident.

(g) Live/work quarters shall not be used for classroom instructional use, storage of flammable liquids or hazardous materials, welding or any open-flame work.

(h) The required parking spaces for the non-residential use shall be in compliance with Section 142.0560. The parking spaces shall not require designation for residential or non-residential uses.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
(Amended 9-18-2018 by O-20985 N.S.; effective 10-18-18.)
(Amended 3-11-2022 by O-21439 N.S.; effective 4-10-2022.)

[Editors Note: Amendments as adopted by O-21439 N.S. will not apply within the Coastal Overlay Zone until the California Coastal Commission certifies it as a Local Coastal Program Amendment. Click the link to view the Strikeout Ordinance highlighting changes to prior language http://docs.sandiego.gov/municode_strikeout_ord/O-21439-SO.pdf]

§141.0312 Residential Care Facilities

Residential care facilities provide in-house treatment or rehabilitation programs for residents on a 24-hour basis. Residential care facilities include drug and alcohol rehabilitation and recovery facilities and residential and community care facilities as defined by the state or county.

Residential care facilities for 7 to 12 persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three, and residential care facilities for 13 or more persons may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Four, in the zones indicated with a “C” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) Residential care facilities are not permitted in agricultural zones in Proposition A Lands.

(b) Only one residential care facility may be permitted per lot or premises.

(c) Residential care facilities are not permitted within 1/4 mile of another residential care facility, measured from property line to property line in accordance with Section 113.0225.

(d) The facility shall provide at least 70 square feet of sleeping space for each resident, not including closet or storage space, multipurpose rooms, bathrooms, dining rooms, and halls.

(e) Sleeping areas shall not be used as a public or general passageway to another room, bath, or toilet.

(f) The facility shall provide at least 5 square feet of living area per bed, not including sleeping space, dining, and kitchen areas.

(g) The facility shall provide at least 8 square feet of storage area (closet or drawers) per bed.
(h) The facility shall provide one full bathroom including sink, toilet, and shower or bathtub for every seven beds.

(i) The center shall provide at least one off-street parking space for each employee and one off-street parking space for every seven beds. Additional parking may be required by the decision maker.

(j) Conversion of an existing garage or reduction in the amount of off-street parking to provide a residential care facility is not permitted.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000; amended 6-19-2000 by O-18814 N.S.)
(Amended 4-8-2008 by O-19734 N.S; effective 5-8-2008.)
(Amended 2-1-2021 by O-21288 N.S.; effective 3-3-2021.)

[Editors Note: Amendments as adopted by O-21288 N.S. will not apply within the Coastal Overlay Zone until the California Coastal Commission certifies it as a Local Coastal Program Amendment.
Click the link to view the Strikeout Ordinance highlighting changes to prior language http://docs.sandiego.gov/municode_strikeout_ord/O-21288-SO.pdf]

§141.0313 Transitional Housing Facilities

Transitional housing facilities offer residential accommodations for a specified period of time, mental health support and counseling services, and other support services to prepare families and individuals for independent living. Transitional housing facilities do not include drug or alcohol in-house treatment or rehabilitation facilities, work furlough or probationary residential facilities, or emergency shelters.

Transitional housing facilities are permitted as a limited use in zones indicated with an “L” and may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Five, in the zones indicated with a “C” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the regulations below. Section 112.0509(b) requiring a Planning Commission recommendation for Process Five applications shall not be applicable to transitional housing facilities.

(a) Transitional housing is not permitted in agricultural zones in Proposition A Lands.

(b) Only one transitional housing facility may be permitted per lot or premises.
(c) The facility shall provide at least 70 square feet of sleeping space for each resident, not including closet or storage space, multipurpose rooms, bathrooms, dining rooms, and halls.

(d) Sleeping areas shall not be used as a public or general passageway to another room, bath, or toilet.

(e) The facility shall provide at least 5 square feet of living area per bed, not including sleeping space, dining areas, and kitchen areas.

(f) The facility shall provide at least 8 square feet of storage area (closet or drawers) per bed.

(g) The facility shall provide one full bathroom including sink, toilet, and shower or bathtub for every seven beds.

(h) The name and emergency contact phone number of an operator or manager shall be posted outside the facility in a location visible to the public from the public right-of-way in character size at least two inches in height.

(i) On-site supervision of the premises shall be provided at all times. At least one staff member shall be located on the premises 24 hours per day.

(j) The applicant shall provide the City with a Description of Services and Property Management Plan to the satisfaction of the City Manager. Should any change to the proposed Description of Services and Property Management Plan occur after project construction, the project owner or manager shall provide the City with an updated plan within 90 days of the change. The Description of Services and Property Management Plan shall include all of the following:

(1) Information regarding the supportive services that will be provided on-site or off-site to those residing on the premises, including:

   (A) A description of the services to be provided;

   (B) The location where the services will be provided;

   (C) The name of the person or entity that will provide the services;

   (D) The funding source for the services; and

   (E) The number of employees.
(2) Information regarding how the property will be managed, including:

   (A) A plan to minimize loitering in the vicinity of the facility; and

   (B) A litter control plan to provide for the removal of litter in the vicinity of the facility on a regular basis.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; amended 9-29-1998 by O-18589 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
(Amended 4-8-2008 by O-19734 N.S; effective 5-8-2008.)
(Amended 8-9-2019 by O-21114 N.S.; effective 9-8-2019.)

§141.0314 Watchkeeper’s Quarters

Watchkeeper’s quarters are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) Watchkeeper’s quarters are permitted only as an accessory use to a use allowed by the zone.

(b) Watchkeeper’s quarters are permitted only within a permanent structure.

(c) Watchkeeper’s quarters shall not exceed 1,200 square feet in gross floor area and shall be included in the floor area ratio calculation for the premises.

(d) Watchkeeper’s quarters may include full living facilities, including a kitchen.

(e) Except where associated with storage yards or mini-warehouses, watchkeeper’s quarters shall be attached to the rear of the primary structure or, if detached, shall be located between the rear setback and the primary structure.

(Added 12-9-1997 by O-18451 N.S.; effective 1-1-2000.)
§141.0315 Permanent Supportive Housing

Permanent supportive housing is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations:

(a) Permanent supportive housing units within the development shall have a recorded affordability restriction for no less than 55 years.

(b) The name and emergency contact phone number of an operator or property manager shall be posted on the premises in a location visible to the public from the public right-of-way in character size at least two inches in height.

(c) On-site supervision of the premises shall be provided at all times. At least one staff member of the operator or project manager shall be located on the premises 24 hours per day.

(d) The applicant shall provide the City with a Description of Services and Property Management Plan to the satisfaction of the City Manager. Should any change to the proposed Description of Services and Property Management Plan occur after project construction, the project owner or manager shall provide the City with an updated plan within 90 days of the change. The Description of Services and Property Management Plan shall include all of the following:

(1) Information regarding the supportive services that will be provided on-site or off-site to those residing on the premises, including:

   (A) A description of the services to be provided;
   (B) The location where the services will be provided;
   (C) The name of the person or entity that will provide the services;
   (D) The funding source for the services; and
   (E) The number of employees.

(2) Information regarding how the property will be managed, including:

   (A) A plan to minimize loitering in the vicinity of the facility; and
(B) A litter control plan to provide for the removal of litter in the vicinity of the facility on a regular basis.

(“Permanent Supportive Housing” added 8-9-2019 by O-21114 N.S.; effective 9-8-2019.)

§141.0317 Low Barrier Navigation Center

A low barrier navigation center means a Housing First, low-barrier, service enriched shelter focused on moving people into permanent housing that provides temporary living facilities while case managers connect individuals experiencing homelessness to income, public benefits, health services, shelter, and housing. “Low barrier” refers to best practices to reduce barriers to entry, including the presence of partners if it is not a population-specific site, pets, storage of possessions, and privacy.

A low barrier navigation center is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following requirements:

(a) The navigation center shall offer services to connect people to permanent housing through a services plan that identifies services staffing.

(b) The navigation center shall be linked to the San Diego Coordinated Entry System administered by the San Diego Regional Task Force on the Homeless or a comparable coordinated entry system administered in accordance with Section 576.400(d) or Section 578.7(a)(8) of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as applicable and in effect on January 1, 2020.

(c) The navigation center shall comply with Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 8255) of Division 8 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(d) The navigation center shall have a system for entering information regarding client stays, client demographics, client income, and exit destination through the local Homeless Management Information System, as defined by Section 578.3 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(“Low Barrier Navigation Center” added 10-30-2020 by O-21254 N.S.; effective 11-29-2020.)
§141.0318  Movable Tiny Houses

*Movable tiny houses* are permitted as a limited use in accordance with Process One in the zones indicated with an “L” in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) and Chapter 15, Article 1, Division 4 (General and Supplemental Regulations), subject to the following regulations.

(a)  *Development Regulations*

(1)  A *movable tiny house* shall be:

(A)  licensed and registered with the California Department of Motor Vehicles; and

(B)  exempt from parking regulations unless the *movable tiny house* is located in the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone but outside of a *transit priority area*, in which case one *off-street parking space* shall be required if there is already an *Accessory Dwelling Unit* or *Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit* present on the same *premises*.

(2)  A *movable tiny house* shall not:

(A)  be larger than allowed by California state law for movement on public highways;

(B)  exceed one story;

(C)  be able to move under its own power; or

(D)  have a separate address from the primary *dwelling unit*.

(3)  A *movable tiny house* shall be located:

(A)  on a *premises* adjacent to a *public right-of-way* that is at least 20 feet wide. Exterior portions of a *movable tiny house* shall not be located more than 150 feet from the *public right-of-way*. A *movable tiny house* shall be accessed from the *public right-of-way* by a path that is at least 5 feet wide;

(B)  behind or to the side of the primary *dwelling unit* and not in any front yard; and
(C) at a fire separation distance of at least 5 feet from an adjacent lot line and at least 10 feet from any other structures on the premises.

(4) A movable tiny house shall not be located within:

(A) a brush management zone established pursuant to Section 142.0412; or

(B) the MHPA.

(5) When sited on a premises, the undercarriage, including wheels, axles, tongue, and hitch, shall be concealed from view. The wheels shall not be removed and shall sit with leveling or support jacks on a paving surface designed in accordance with Section 142.0560(h)(1).

(6) All mechanical equipment, including heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, shall be incorporated into the structure and not located on the roof.

(7) A movable tiny house shall be connected to water, sewer, and electric utilities. Connections to natural gas are prohibited.

(8) A movable tiny house shall comply with the National Fire Protection Association 1192 Standard on Recreational Vehicles or the American National Standards Institute A119.5 Park Model Recreational Vehicle Standard. A movable tiny house shall be certified by a recognized national certification body as complying with one of these standards and a certified label shall be placed on the movable tiny house to demonstrate compliance.

(9) When located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code, a movable tiny house shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system.

(10) When located within the Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, as established pursuant to Chapter 5, Article 5, Division 94, a movable tiny house shall satisfy the following additional requirements:
(A) A movable tiny house shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in compliance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code even if located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is not protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system;

(B) Exterior walls shall be constructed with ignition-resistant materials in compliance with Section R337 of the California Residential Code; and

(C) Glazed openings, including skylights, shall comply with Section R337 of the California Residential Code.

(11) A movable tiny house shall be constructed to include the following design elements:

(A) Cladding and Trim: Materials used on the exterior shall not be single piece composite, laminates, or interlocked metal sheathing;

(B) Windows and Doors: Windows shall be at least double pane glass, labeled for building use, and include exterior trim. Windows and doors shall not have radius corners;

(C) Roofs: Roofs shall be sloped to drain over the roof edge. At least 50 percent of the roof area shall have a roof slope of 2:12 or more. Roof coverings shall comply with the Residential Building Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 9, Division 9; and

(D) Living Area Extensions: The roof and all exterior walls shall not be fixed with slide-outs, tip-outs, or other forms of mechanically articulating room area extensions.

(12) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, the following regulations apply to movable tiny houses constructed outside of Special Flood Hazard Areas and within an area of future sea level rise (with a 75-year horizon) as determined by the City Manager based on the Sea Level Rise Policy Guidance adopted by the California Coastal Commission, as it applies to residential development:

(A) Hard shoreline armoring shall not be constructed to protect a movable tiny house from the effects of coastal hazards, including, but not limited to, sea level rise.
(B) **The record owner of the movable tiny house** shall enter into an acknowledgement agreement with the City in a form that is approved by the City Attorney. The agreement shall include the following acknowledgements and provisions: (1) that the *movable tiny house* is located in an area of future sea level rise that may become hazardous in the future; (2) that sea level rise could render it difficult or impossible to provide services to the site; (3) that the boundary between public land (tidelands) and private land may shift with rising seas and the development approval does not permit encroachment onto public trust land; (4) that additional adaptation strategies may be required in the future to address sea level rise consistent with the Coastal Act and certified *Local Coastal Program*; (5) that the owner waives any rights under Coastal Act Section 30235 and related *Local Coastal Program* policies to hard shoreline armoring to protect the *movable tiny house*; and (6) that the *structure* may be required to be removed or relocated and the site restored if it becomes unsafe.

(C) **The record owner of the movable tiny house** shall provide notice to all occupants of the *movable tiny house* of the acknowledgements and provisions specified in Section 141.0318(a)(12)(A) and (B).

(13) *Moveable tiny houses* constructed within Areas of Future Sea Level Rise must comply with the regulations in Section 132.0404.

(b) One *movable tiny house* may be permitted per *premises* in addition to *Accessory Dwelling Units* and *Junior Accessory Dwelling Units* permitted in accordance with Section 141.0302, guest quarters, and non-habitable *structures*.

(c) A *movable tiny house* shall not be used for a rental term of less than 30 consecutive days.

("Movable Tiny Houses" added 10-30-2020 by O-21254 N.S.; effective 11-29-2020.)
(Amended 7-21-2022 by O-21477 N.S.; effective 9-7-2022.)
(Amended 3-7-2023 by O-21618 N.S.; effective 5-6-2023.)

[Editors Note: Amendments as adopted by O-21618 N.S. will not apply within the Coastal Overlay Zone until the California Coastal Commission certifies it as a Local Coastal Program Amendment. Click the link to view the Strikeout Ordinance highlighting changes to prior language http://docs.sandiego.gov/municode_strikeout_ord/O-21618-SO.pdf]